ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT CITY OF NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Prepared by:

Jeffrey Spalding, CFO & Controller



CITY OF NOBLESVILLE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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October 25, 2021

Citizens of Noblesville and Other Interested Persons,

I am proud and pleased to present to you the 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, as well as a summary of all the services, projects and activities that make the City of Noblesville a community of exceptional opportunities and great potential. This report reflects our financial position as of the end of my first year as Mayor, which remains very strong despite the many challenges created by a global pandemic.

The report was prepared under the guidance of our Chief Financial Officer, Jeff Spalding, and follows the guidelines set forth by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada. It will now be submitted to the GFOA for review.

Noblesville is a great city in which to live, work, and play. Like all aspiring communities, we must provide the necessary public amenities and lifestyle opportunities to support and encourage essential private investment. Our city provides high quality services to its citizens, including public safety, sanitation and recycling service, transportation infrastructure, community planning and zoning, parks and recreation, and general administration. Our uncompromising goal is to provide those services to our citizens in an efficient, cost effective manner. To that end, we strive to hire well, plan insightfully, and provide employees with up-to-date equipment and on-going training.

This report would not be possible without the support of the entire Noblesville Common Council, City administration, our auditors from BKD, LLP, and the commitment of our accountants at O. W. Krohn & Associates, LLP to quality reporting and absolute compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements.

Similar to last year, lingering financial audit work disruptions, due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, have delayed the completion of this report past June 30, as typically done, and does not reflect an ongoing change in City financial reporting practices. I invite your comments and questions concerning the information contained in this document.

Keep chasing,

Chris Jensen, Mayor

-IV-





October 29, 2021

Honorable Mayor Chris Jensen and Members of Common Council,

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Noblesville, Indiana, for the year ended December 31, 2020, is submitted herewith. The ACFR is presented as part of a continuing effort to provide the citizens of Noblesville with the highest standards of financial accountability and disclosure.

This report was prepared by O.W. Krohn and Associates, LLP on behalf of the City and in conjunction with the Office of Finance & Accounting (OFA). Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. I believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner that fairly sets forth the City's financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all material disclosures necessary to enable a knowledgeable reader to gain full understanding of the City's financial activity have been included. The delay in issuing this year's report, after June 30 as typically done, is due entirely to work disruptions associated with the COVID-19 public health emergency and does not reflect an oversight, error, or on-going change in practice.

BKD CPAs & Advisors has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Noblesville's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The independent auditor's opinion is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The State of Indiana requires that each reporting entity shall be required to report financial information on a financial statement. The City is also required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative of Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the provisions of Indiana Code section 5-11-1-9 and the requirements of the Indiana State Board of Accounts. Information related to the single audit, including the schedule of federal awards, findings and recommendations, and the auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is available as a separate report.

REPORT FORMAT

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the official financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to



complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Noblesville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Noblesville was incorporated in 1851 and is the County seat of Hamilton County. It is located in central Indiana 17 miles northeast of downtown Indianapolis. Noblesville is one of the most rapidly growing municipalities in the State, serving a current population of 69,604, covering an area of approximately 35.8 square miles with 298.3 miles of public roadways.

The City government is comprised of executive, legislative, and judicial branches. The Mayor is the head of the executive branch and is elected to a four-year term. The Mayor appoints the Controller, who is the chief fiscal officer of the City. The legislative branch is the City's nine member Common Council which is the official fiscal body as defined in Indiana law. The Council is comprised of six district and three at-large seats. All serve four-year terms. The Council meets formally twice a month to conduct business. Their duties include the enactment of all ordinances and resolutions and approving the annual budget and any augmentations or transfers of appropriations. All local judicial branch duties reside with the Noblesville City Court which is led by an elected judge.

The administrative body for the City is the Board of Public Works & Safety (BOW). Through the end of 2019, the BOW was composed of three members, two appointed by the Mayor and the Mayor, who presides. In January 2020, the structure of the BOW was changed to a five member body all appointed by the Mayor. The BOW is also administrator of the Wastewater Utility. That utility served 22,332 customers as of December 31, 2020, an increase of 332 over the prior year.

The City of Noblesville provides a full range of municipal services to its residents. These include police and fire protection, emergency medical services, road and street preservation, construction, and maintenance, public parks, other public improvements, recreational activities, cultural activities, wastewater services, business recruitment and retention, development planning, zoning enforcement, engineering services, and general administrative services. Certain public financing functions are provided by the Noblesville Building Corporation and the Noblesville Redevelopment Authority. Although both are legally separate entities, they provide service almost exclusively to the City, and therefore are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on those entities is provided in Note I.A. of the notes to the financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

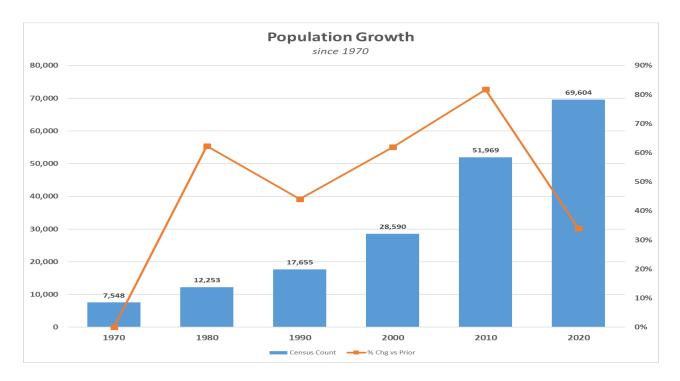
The information presented in the financial statements may be better understood when economic and related environmental factors specifically impacting the City of Noblesville are considered. The following sections provide brief summaries of certain key factors related to the local economy, long term financial planning, and other matters intended to assist readers of this report in assessing the City's financial condition.



Local Economy

Population growth and new investment, in and around the City of Noblesville, continues to be positive factors affecting the local economy. Population increases in the last five U. S. Census surveys were as follows: 1980 increased 62.3%; 1990 increased 44.1%, 2000 increased 61.9%; 2010 increased 81.8%; and 2020 increased 33.9%.

In the 2020 Census, the city's population was measured as 69,604, moving it up in rank to the 10th largest city in Indiana.



2020 was an exciting year for the City of Noblesville, with a new Mayor and executive team, the City is poised for an even more exciting 2021. Many of the changes have been foundational, creating a structure and leadership for continued growth. The City's Economic Development efforts were elevated through the creation of a new Community Development Director position that resides within the Mayor's Office. The existing three person Economic Development team, placed under the new Community Development Director, was then expanded further by the creation of a new Workforce Development Manager. These key additions are tangible outcomes directly tied to two of the Mayor's policy pillars: downtown & culture and economic & workforce development.

As our city grows, we must also ensure that we retain and create high quality jobs for our residents. In the wake of the COVID 19 pandemic, and its widespread economic disruptions, Noblesville has recovered well and is maintaining a thriving business climate. With our unemployment rate rebounding from a high of nearly 18% to just 6%, in a span of six months, the resiliency of our local economy was revealed during that time.



Attracting any business, worker, or investment to a community is no easy feat, but attracting the right businesses, talent, and investments that meet our strategic vision is even more challenging. Below are some major projects announced in 2020.

- **Lofts on Tenth.** A mixed-use redevelopment project designed as Brownstone-style row houses. The Italianate architecture features tall staircases, long windows and sunken first floors. The project will include 23 residential units and 8,000 square feet of commercial space. The total investment is \$7.7 million. Plans provide the opportunity to add additional townhomes in the future.
- Village at Federal Hill. A mixed-use redevelopment project that includes multiple phases. The first phase will be a 5-story, mixed-use building connected to a new garage at the east end of the property. That building will feature 77 residential units and up to 10,000 square feet for commercial uses. Subsequent phases of the project will include three other buildings on the site: Two 4-story buildings and one 3-story building with office space over ground-floor retail. Total investment is \$35 million.
- Nexus. A mixed-use redevelopment project that includes apartments, co-working areas, a bike room with maintenance and repair services, a saltwater pool, a pet spa, outdoor spaces, and downtown connectivity with trail access to the White River Greenway, Forest Park and Morse Reservoir. Total investment is \$52.8 million.
- **East Bank.** A mixed-use redevelopment project that will revitalize underutilized space along the White River and enhance the vibrancy of the river and the Riverwalk Trail. The project includes an outdoor sports and activity area, greenspace along the river, a pool and a clubhouse. The project includes 219 residential units, a parking structure and 5,000 square feet of retail space. Total investment is \$47.9 million.
- Panacea Medical Technologies. An India-based medical equipment manufacturer is opening its first U.S. operations in Noblesville. They will invest more than \$11.7 million to construct a state-of-the-art engineering and manufacturing facility with plans to bring 65 new jobs online by 2023.
- **B Medical Systems.** A Luxembourg-based manufacturer and global distributor of medical refrigeration devices. The company has committed to \$1 million of investment and hiring 20 new, high paying jobs.
- **CentraCep Technologies.** A fluid separation technology company that will invest \$2 million to expand its operations in Noblesville and hire 12 new, high paying jobs.



Below is a brief summary of the development activity that occurred across the city during the past year:

2020 NOBLESVILLE DI	EVELOPMENT TRACKING REPORT						
BUILDING PERMITS							
Permit Type	Number						
Residential Remodel/Addition	134						
Non-Residential Remodel/Addition	60						
Accessory Structure (All)	126						
Electrical Upgrade (All)	79						
Swimming Pool (All)	49						
Fence (All)	471						
Demolition (All)	30						
Temporary Sign	50						
Permanent Sign	165						
Temporary Use	41						
TOTAL	1,205						
NEW F	RESIDENTIAL UNITS						
Housing Type	Number						
Single-Family Detached Residential	532						
Duplex/Single-Family Attached Residential	77						
Multi-Family Residential	0						
TOTAL	609						
ESTIMATED PERMIT VAL	UATION (NEW CONSTRUCTION ONLY)						
Housing Type	Number	Percent Reported					
Single-Family Detached Residential	\$169,497,633	100%					
Duplex/Single-Family Attached Residential	\$17,127,182	100%					
Multi-Family Residential	\$0	100%					
Commercial, Industrial, & Institutional	\$96,839,585	91%					
TOTAL	\$283,464,400						

With strong executive leadership and fiscal support from the City Council, Noblesville achieved great economic success in the face of an international pandemic. Noblesville is a tremendous place to live and work, and the City intends to build on the successes of 2020 and position itself to capitalize on future opportunities.

Long-Range Planning

In February 2020, the Noblesville Comprehensive Plan was updated and approved by the City Council. This new plan was the culmination of a six-month process that involved focus groups,



stakeholder interviews, and a series of open houses. Throughout that process, the team assessed past progress and set new goals, objectives, and implementation actions to guide future development, redevelopment, and community building efforts. The core purpose of a comprehensive plan is to coordinate the City's many unique assets, protect its valuable natural features, and maintain a healthy variety of living options thereby creating a diverse community while also strengthening the tax base.

One new area of emphasis is on creating new land use categories and a future land use map that will guide future development efforts within both the city limits and our wider planning jurisdiction. Furthermore, special consideration was given to land uses in Wayne Township, which is east of the city and currently outside our planning jurisdiction, but is anticipated for future annexation. More emphasis was put on the evaluation of floodway areas throughout the community and how best to preserve and enhance those areas that face challenges of ongoing development. Finally, the new plan puts additional focus on the development of the downtown riverfront, city gateways, trails, cultural districts, brownfield redevelopment, downtown livability, and residential diversity.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's central finance office, the Office of Finance & Accounting (OFA), is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal financial controls. The purpose of those controls is to ensure that the city's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that those objectives are met within appropriate cost-benefit trade-offs. That office is also tasked with maintaining accounting data to and the preparation of financial statements in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). In 2018, the City implemented a new chart of accounts in an effort to more accurately reflect the types and purposes of expenditures with the goal of producing more meaningful financial reports and developing more managerial accounting tools. In 2019, the City implemented a new budget development process and tool with the goal of improving the quality, transparency, and usefulness of operational budgets. So far in 2020, work on improving the budgeting process has continued with the implementation of a new capital budgeting tool. Since 2018, the City has continuously built out new internal financial reports for enhanced financial tracking at all levels of the enterprise. Among the most significant are: i) a substantial enhancement to the comprehensiveness and quality of the City's 5-year fiscal plan; and ii) the implementation of a new, more robust quarterly financial performance tracking and reporting process. Such work continues unabated today.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefits likely to be received; and that the evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. It is the assessment of the Chief Financial Officer and the Mayor's Office that the internal control structure does meet that standard. Furthermore, the City consults with the Indiana State Board of Accounts and with its professional accounting advisor routinely throughout the year, as needed.



Local Income Tax

The City has long been a recipient of a distributive share of the formerly entitled Hamilton County Option Income Tax ("COIT") and pledged a portion of its distributive share to pay debt service ("COIT Statute"). In 2015, the General Assembly enacted legislation to consolidate and simplify the various local income tax laws, including COIT, into a uniform law and to transition each county from the former multi-statute tax authorization construct to a single tax statute with multiple local options hereafter referred to as the Local Income Tax statute ("LIT Statute"). Further amendments were made to the LIT Statute in 2016. Although the LIT Statute repealed the COIT Statute, effective January 1, 2017, the LIT Statute stipulates that the pledge of the City's distributive share of COIT to the payment of debt service on bonds will be treated as a pledge of the City's allocation of the Hamilton County LIT. Under the LIT Statute, any pledge of revenues received from a tax imposed under any of the provisions of the COIT Statute, prior to its repeal, to the payment of debt service due on bonds is binding and enforceable and remains in full force and effect as long as the debt service remains unpaid.

Under the LIT Statute, the County's maximum LIT rate may consist of: (i) a property tax relief rate, not to exceed 1.25%; and (ii) an expenditure rate, not to exceed 2.5%. The key distinction is that a LIT rate authorized for property tax relief requires a dollar-for-dollar reduction in property tax levies. Conversely, a LIT rate authorized for expenditure is additional revenue to supplement property tax revenue.

In a typical municipal tax environment, the dollar-for-dollar tax offset provision of the LIT for property tax relief implies a revenue neutral effect. However, in Indiana, the property tax caps initiated in 2009 may cause the adoption of a LIT for property tax relief to yield some additional revenue to local government units by reducing the amount of property tax credits necessary to comply with the new property tax caps.

In Hamilton County, during 2020, the total LIT rate was 1.1% on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the County and was authorized as an expenditure rate. Prior to 2020, the Hamilton County LIT rate was 1.0%. Due to certain unique aspect of Indiana law, the revenue from the additional 0.1% rate, added in for 2020, was dedicated to fund the cost of public safety communication services (i.e. dispatch, etc.) countywide. Therefore, that tax rate increase did not generate a LIT revenue increase for the City. Instead, the County retained all of the additional revenue from the 0.1% rate increase. Correspondingly, the County ended intergovernmental charges to cities and town for dispatch services and interconnected public safety radio equipment which is was now funding with its new 0.1% LIT rate. So, the 2020 fiscal relief realized by the City was a reduction of costs for County-provided services, of nearly \$1.5M, and that savings will be ongoing.

Budgetary Controls

Under Indiana law, an annual budget must be prepared for all planned spending from certain funds. Those funds are also subject to appropriation approval by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF). That annual budget must be adopted by the local fiscal body (in our case, the City Council) no later than November 1 of the preceding year.



The annual budget ordinance is prepared, under the Mayor's direction, for introduction to the City Council at or before its first meeting in October. After the Mayor's budget is introduced, the fiscal body may reduce any appropriation amount proposed, but they may not increase any appropriation amount proposed by the Mayor. That proposed budget must be publicly disclosed as prescribed in the Indiana Code, and a public hearing must be held prior to the final adoption.

In accordance with Indiana law, the City maintains appropriation controls integrated within their enterprise accounting system. The purpose of those controls is to ensure compliance with the appropriation limits adopted by the City Council and approved by the DLGF.

The appropriation control thresholds established in state law are set by: a) major expense classification within a fund; and b) department within a fund. The four major expense classifications defined in Indiana law are: Personal Services; Supplies; Services & Other Charges; and Capital Outlay. Departments may be established at local discretion and typical examples include Police Protection, Fire Protection, Street Maintenance, and Parks & Recreation.

The City Council, as the fiscal body, maintains appropriation authority over all City funds with the exception of utility funds and redevelopment funds, neither of which are funded by a property tax levy or any other general taxes. Those funds are not subject to appropriation control under Indiana state law. Furthermore, for all funds supported by a property tax levy, any additional appropriation (i.e. an appropriation in excess of the original budgeted amount approved for a fund), must also be submitted to the DLGF for review and approval. The DLGF serves as a backstop to ensure local government units do not appropriate an amount from a fund in excess of the available cash plus tax revenue receivable.

Additionally, the Park Board may also exercise appropriation authority over the certain park funds, if the City Council chooses to delegate its authority.

For all of the City's redevelopment funds, state law designates the Redevelopment Commission as the fiscal body with approval authority over the expenditure of those monies. There is no corresponding appropriation control for redevelopment funds. For the wastewater utility, the Board of Public Works & Safety is designated as the fiscal body in state law. Similarly, there is no budget approval requirement or appropriation control on local public utilities. Nevertheless, the City's wastewater utility does prepare and present an advisory budget, as do most other such public utilities across the state.

The City also maintains an encumbrance process as one technique of ensuring compliance with appropriation controls. Encumbered amounts, for goods or services, which are yet to be delivered and/or invoiced, are set aside to ensure that those monies are not unintentionally spent for another purpose. Consequently, at year end, with further approval by the City Council, any encumbered funds may be carried forward to the subsequent year and expended, once the good or service is delivered, without consuming any of the appropriation authority for that next budget year.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an annual budget is required. For the general fund, that comparison is presented on pages 97-100. For



all other governmental funds with required annual budgets, the comparison is presented on pages 148-157.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting (Certificate) to the City of Noblesville for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The Certificate is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state or local government financial report.

In order to be awarded a Certificate, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that also complies with GAAP and all applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate is valid for a period of one year. The City has received the Certificate for the last thirty-two consecutive years (December 31, 1988 - December 31, 2019). We believe our 2020 ACFR continues to meet the full requirements of GFOA and it will be submitted for their review and consideration.

The successful preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedication and cooperation of city officials, council members, department directors, and many others. Special appreciation is also extended to our Chief Accountant, Heather Trexler. I must also acknowledge the skillful and insightful oversight of Daniel Waninger and Rick Wittgren, our lead auditors from BKD CPAs and Advisors, and the other members of their full audit team. And finally, this report would not have been successfully completed without the tremendous effort and guidance of both Jim Treat and Rosy Oshry, our external accountants from O.W. Krohn & Associates, LLP.

I believe this report to be of value to the citizens of Noblesville, our many visitors, and any prospective investors in our community.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeffrey L. Spalding, CFO & Controller





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Noblesville Indiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ELECTED OFFICIALS



CITY COUNCIL

FRONT ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): DARREN PETERSON, WIL HAMPTON, BRIAN AYER, MEGAN WILES

BACK ROW (LEFT TO RIGHT): AARON SMITH, GREG O'CONNOR, PETE SCHWARTZ, MARK BOICE, MIKE DAVIS



MAYOR CHRIS JENSEN



CLERK EVELYN LEES



JUDGE S. MATT COOK

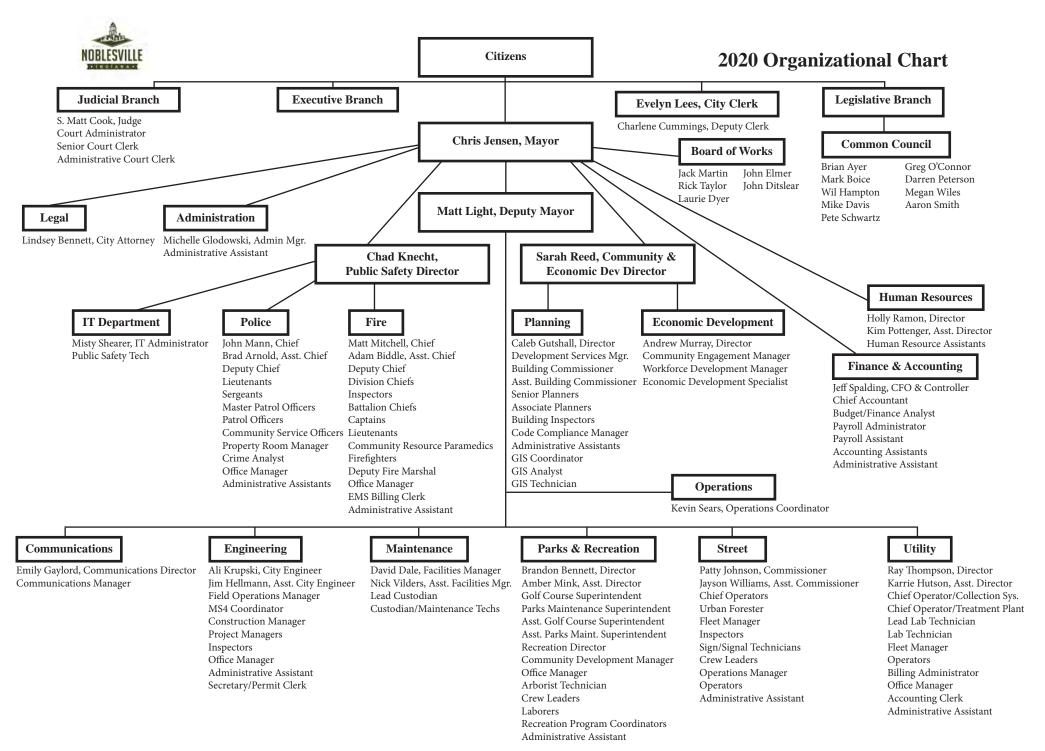
MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS



LAURIE DYER, JOHN ELMER, JACK MARTIN, JOHN DITSLEAR, RICK TAYLOR

NOBLESVILLE CITY OFFICIALS

<u>Office</u>	<u>Official</u>	<u>Term</u>
Mayor	Chris Jensen	01/01/20 to 12/31/23
City Clerk	Evelyn Lees	01/01/20 to 12/31/23
Controller	Jeffrey L. Spalding	Appointed
Judge	S. Matthew Cook	01/01/20 to 12/31/23
Common Council Members	Brian Ayer Mark Boice Mike Davis Wil Hampton Gregory O'Connor Darren Peterson Pete Schwartz Aaron Smith Megan Wiles	01/01/20 to 12/31/23 01/01/20 to 12/31/23
President of the Board of Public Works and Safety	Jack Martin	Appointed
Member of the Board of Public Works and Safety	John Ditslear Laurie Dyer John Elmer Rick Taylor	Appointed Appointed Appointed







Independent Auditor's Report

The Mayor and Common Council City of Noblesville, Indiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Noblesville, Indiana (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Noblesville, Indiana, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison, pension and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules and other supplemental schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules and other supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated October 29, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD,LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana October 29, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

We encourage readers to consider information presented here, in conjunction with related information in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages V-XIII of this report, as the information assesses financial and economic strength of our city.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Year-end total assets and deferred outflows of \$699.9 million increased by \$32 million or 4.8% as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily due to investment in capital assets and the balance of unexpended bond proceeds.
- Year-end total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$333.4 million increased by \$7.2 million or 2.2% as compared to the prior year. This increase was primarily due to changes in pension and OPEB obligations.
- Total assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$366.4 million.
 Of this amount, \$30.8 million is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net position for governmental activities is \$2.1 million. The unrestricted net position for business-type activities is \$28.7 million.
- Net position for governmental activities increased \$15.5 million or 7.3% during the year. The net position for business-type activities increased \$9.2 million or 7.2% during the year.
- Governmental fund balances of \$110.5 million at year-end did not change materially from last year
 with a slight decrease of \$1.5 million. Approximately 70% of the total governmental fund balance,
 or \$77.4 million is designated as committed, assigned, and unassigned. The remaining 30% is
 designated as restricted.
- Total outstanding debt obligations increased by \$1.4 million during the year, the net effect of \$51.9 million in new bonds issued offset by \$50.5 million in bond debt retired during the year, some of which occurred through refundings.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements are organized in this report as follows:

- ✓ Government-wide financial statements, providing information for the City as a whole, which includes component units and business type activities.
- ✓ Fund financial statements, providing detailed information for significant funds.
- ✓ Notes to the financial statements, providing additional information that is essential to interpreting the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. The net total of these items is reported as net position. Tracking changes in net position is a very rough indicator of whether the financial strength of the City is improving or deteriorating over time.

The *statement of activities* presents factors affecting the City's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported in the fiscal year the event occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses as reported in this statement may result in cash flows for future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes; earned, but not used, compensated absences; etc.).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are substantially or completely funded by user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental

activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation and economic development. The business-type activities include a wastewater utility.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 16-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is an aggregation of monies, with a common set of allowable uses, for the purpose of tracking the allocation of those monies for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local government units, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with certain legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are grouped into three (3) categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. The individual funds provide more detail on City operations by function. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating near-term financial performance.

A reconciliation report is provided for the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to facilitate comparison of governmental funds totals to governmental activities totals.

The report includes data for eighty (80) separate governmental funds. For the three (3) major funds data is presented separately on the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures, and change in fund balance. For the other seventy-seven (77) non-major governmental funds, the data is aggregated in the combining financial statements found elsewhere in this report.

As required by Indiana law, the City adopts an annual budget which appropriates funds from its general fund, certain special revenue funds, and certain debt service funds. Budgetary comparison statements are also provided for each of those funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two (2) types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are established for business-type activities and internal service funds are established to aggregate costs that are shared across various City functions. Enterprise funds are used to account for the City's wastewater utility. Internal service funds are used to account for the City's self-insured programs for employee medical care, property & casualty liability, and other similar contingent liabilities. Since the internal service funds predominately support governmental activities rather than business-type activities, their data is included with governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. The City maintains several fiduciary funds to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Therefore, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional detail or context that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the financial statements. Those notes are presented on pages 27-88 of this report.

Other Information. Combining statements for all funds that function together as the City's general fund are presented on pages 164-165. Combining statements for all other non-major governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented on pages 114-162 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL RESULTS

Net position is a key financial indicator. For the City, the net position (i.e. assets less liabilities) was \$366,400,164 at year-end.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position, 79%, is capital assets (i.e. land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment) – measured by the value of those assets less any outstanding debt used to acquire them. Those capital assets are deployed to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are illiquid and not available to fund future spending. Therefore, resources needed to repay that debt must be provided from other sources.

A notable portion of the City's net position, 13%, is funds subject to external restrictions on their use.

The remaining unrestricted portion of the City's net position, \$30,799,584, may be used to invest in the community or meet obligations to creditors.

City of Noblesville's Net Position as of December 31, 2019 and 2020

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	
Current and other assets	\$ 122,110,307	\$ 121,989,172	\$ 42,199,300	\$ 57,703,768	\$ 164,309,607	\$ 179,692,940	
Capital assets	360,562,667	370,231,228	127,783,394	132,541,103	488,346,061	502,772,331	
Total assets	\$ 482,672,974	\$ 492,220,400	\$ 169,982,694	\$ 190,244,871	\$ 652,655,668	\$ 682,465,271	
Deferred outflows							
of resources	14,353,577	16,692,827	802,928	702,551	15,156,505	17,395,378	
Total access		_		_			
Total assets and deferred outflows	497,026,551	508,913,227	170,785,622	190,947,422	667,812,173	699,860,649	
			,				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	247,597,629	244,462,872	37,425,155	48,188,293	285,022,784	292,651,165	
Other liabilities	27,737,491	31,562,881	3,942,248	4,064,904	31,679,739	35,627,785	
Total liabilities	\$ 275,335,120	\$ 276,025,753	\$ 41,367,403	\$ 52,253,197	\$ 316,702,523	\$ 328,278,950	
Deferred inflores							
Deferred inflows of resources	9,519,127	5,181,535	-	_	9,519,127	5,181,535	
	5,0 : 5, : = :	5,101,000				5,:5:,555	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	\$ 284,854,247	\$ 281,207,288	\$ 41,367,403	\$ 52,253,197	\$ 326,221,650	\$ 333,460,485	
Net position:							
Net position.							
Investment in capital assets	183,562,935	192,476,803	90,981,298	95,571,966	274,544,233	288,048,769	
Restricted	33,533,744	33,140,628	19,121,925	14,411,183	52,655,669	47,551,811	
Unrestricted	(4,924,375)	2,088,508	19,314,996	28,711,076	14,390,621	30,799,584	
Total net position	\$ 212,172,304	\$ 227,705,939	\$ 129,418,219	\$ 138,694,225	\$ 341,590,523	\$ 366,400,164	

The following is a summary of the information presented in the Statement of Activities on page 17.

City of Noblesville Change in Net Position as of December 31, 2019 and 2020

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total	
	2019	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2020</u>	
Revenue:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services Operating grants	\$ 12,898,462	\$ 10,328,333	\$ 18,734,867 \$ 18,796,985	\$ 31,633,329 \$ 29,125,318	
and contributions Capital grants	4,706,106	6,576,815		4,706,106 6,576,815	
and contributions	5,585,057	8,301,843	2,095,871 7,315,353	7,680,928 15,617,196	
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	45,705,756	50,591,753		45,705,756 50,591,753	
Income	21,537,336	22,055,010		21,537,336 22,055,010	
Other	6,095,614	7,266,332		6,095,614 7,266,332	
Other	1,753,388	1,165,571	67,079 41,179	1,820,467 1,206,750	
Total revenues	\$ 98,281,719	\$ 106,285,657	\$ 20,897,817 \$ 26,153,517	\$ 119,179,536 \$ 132,439,174	
Expenses:					
General government	18,857,194	18,941,840		18,857,194 18,941,840	
Public safety	38,763,089	32,238,115		38,763,089 32,238,115	
Highways and streets	13,606,020	17,338,502		13,606,020 17,338,502	
Culture and recreation	5,501,294	8,143,228		5,501,294 8,143,228	
Economic Development	6,221,420	8,731,847		6,221,420 8,731,847	
Interest on long-term debt Wastewater	5,900,630	5,306,870	- 15,510,532 16,929,131	5,900,630 5,306,870 15,510,532 16,929,131	
Total expenses	\$ 88,849,647	\$ 90,700,402	\$ 15,510,532 \$ 16,929,131	\$ 104,360,179 \$ 107,629,533	
Excess revenues	\$ 9,432,072	\$ 15,585,255	\$ 5,387,285 \$ 9,224,386	\$ 14,819,357 \$ 24,809,641	
Transfers:	+ 0,10=,01=	Ψ 10,000,000	-	+	
Capital asset transfer Fund transfer	(53,500) 200,000	(186,620) 135,000	53,500 186,620 (200,000) (135,000)		
	\$ 146,500	\$ (51,620)	\$ (146,500) \$ 51,620	\$ - \$ -	
Increase(Decrease) in net position	9,578,572	15,533,635	5,240,785 9,276,006	14,819,357 24,809,641	
Net position, beginning of year	202,593,732	212,172,304	124,177,434 129,418,219	326,771,166 341,590,523	
Net position, end of year	\$ 212,172,304	\$ 227,705,939	\$ 129,418,219 \$ 138,694,225	\$ 341,590,523 \$ 366,400,164	

Results from Governmental Activities

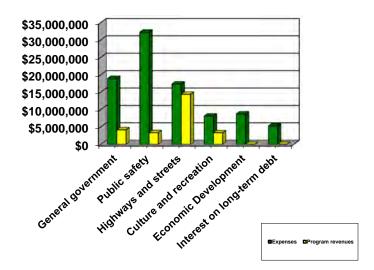
Governmental activities raised the City's net position by \$15,533,635. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased approximately \$11.9 million and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased approximately \$3.6 million.

The change in total assets included \$8.1 million of developer contributed infrastructure assets and a \$2.7 million increase in deferred pension outflows. The pension changes were due to a net difference between actual and projected earnings on plan investments. For total liabilities, most of the decrease was a result of a\$3.5 million drop in deferred inflows of resources from OPEB due to the cumulative impact of changes in actuarial assumptions.

Notable changes in governmental activities revenues and expenses, as compared to the prior year, included:

- Governmental revenue increased approximately \$8 million. The primary factors were a \$4.9 million increase in property tax collections and a \$2.7 million increase in developer contributed infrastructure. Property tax revenue includes controlled levies, debt levies, and tax increment capture as a result of a 4.7 cent increase in the corporate rate and continued growth in tax base.
- Governmental expenses increased overall by a modest \$1.8 million. Within this net change, there were offsetting variations across functions that merit mention. Spending on roads and streets increased \$3.7 million due in large part to additional roadway maintenance expenditures. Economic development expenses increased \$2.5 million due primarily to subsidy for the Levinson mixed use development in Downtown Noblesville. Those spending increases were offset by a \$6.7 million decrease in public safety pension costs. This year-over-year decrease is an artifact of a series of actuarial assumption changes in 2019 and 2020. The 2019 assumption changes increased the public safety costs by \$5.9 million. Subsequently, the 2020 assumption changes decreased the public safety pension costs by \$800,000. Together, those offsetting annual changes produced a \$6.7 million net effect on the City's change in net position from 2019 to 2020.
- The chart below is a comparison of spending versus restricted program revenue for each of the City's major governmental activities. The chart provides insight regarding the extent to which various governmental activities are supported from related user fees.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



• The chart below shows a further breakout of revenue supporting the City's governmental activities. It illustrates that governmental activities are funded predominately from tax revenue. The other sections illustrate the component parts of program revenue amounts reported above:

Charges for services 9.7% Other 1.1% Property and other taxes 74.5%

Revenue by Type – Governmental Activities

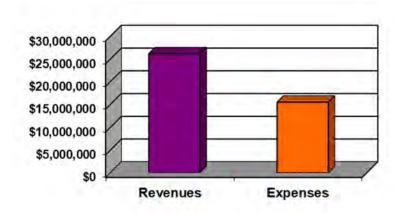
Results from Business-type Activities

Net position for business-type activities increased \$9,276,006. The major factor was \$7,315,353 in contributed infrastructure from developers.

Total revenue from the sewer utility rose \$5,255,700 while total expenses increased \$1,418,599. Charges for services were consistent between years but contributions were up by \$5.2 million reflecting continued development in the City and related extension of sanitary sewers. Operating cost increases reflect higher depreciation allowances due to major sewer line extension projects completed and capitalized in 2019. Additionally, administrative overhead cost allocation charges, paid to the City for central support services were raised in 2020.

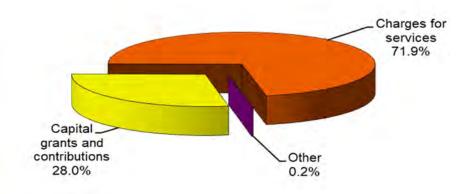
• The chart below is a comparison of spending versus restricted program revenue for the City's business-type activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



• The chart below shows a breakout of program revenue supporting the City's business-type activities:

Revenues by Type – Business-type Activities



Overview of Changes in Fund Balances

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with certain legal requirements and restrictions on the use of public funds.

Governmental funds. As of year-end, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$110,507,748, a slight decrease of \$1,496,562 from the prior year. \$33,140,628 of that total was restricted and the remaining \$77,367,120 was either committed, assigned or unassigned.

The total General Fund balance was \$32,548,883, of which \$593,780 was assigned and the remaining \$31,955,103 was unassigned. The fund balance remained about the same as the prior year end.

As a measure of liquidity, the City compares the General Fund unassigned balance to total fund expenditures. At year-end, the unassigned fund balance was equal to 70% of total expenditures. Furthermore, the unassigned fund balance rose by \$395,763 during the year.

In 2016, the City established a Rainy Day Fund and deemed it a stabilization fund. As such, all revenue and expenditures for the Rainy Day Fund have been combined with the General Fund for the purpose of this report. For 2020, year-end fund balances for the General Fund and the Rainy Day Fund were \$15,260,045 and \$17,288,838, respectively.

Redevelopment Authority Funds were relatively stable. The Debt Service Fund balance rose by \$73,738 during the year. The Capital Projects Fund balance increased by \$3,692,712 during the year due primarily to the issuance of bonds to fund a roadway project.

Proprietary funds. The net position of the Utility rose by \$9.3 million due to factors discussed above in business-type activities. A majority of the increase occurred in unrestricted assets which grew from \$19.3 million to \$28.7 million during the year.

BUDGETARY ANALYSIS

For the General Fund, actual revenue exceeded the budgeted revenue by \$2,558,139 due mainly to the supplemental distribution of LIT revenue (aka the catch-up distribution). The City uses these funds to enhance reserves. For the same period, total expenditures were \$3,845,276 less than the final budgeted expenditures, due primarily to employer-paid health benefit costs not rising as much as expected and from vacancies and turnover savings. Specifically, the City appropriated the \$2,027,695 of federal aid, received from the CARES Act to public safety budgets. However, those additional appropriations were not needed to cover current year public safety costs and those appropriations lapsed at year-end.

Changes from the approved (i.e. initial) budget to the amended (i.e. final) budget reflect either: 1) appropriations encumbered from the prior fiscal year (and carried forward for expenditure in the current year); or 2) appropriation adjustments during the current year. Both types of budget actions require approval of the City's fiscal body under Indiana law.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, recreational facilities and equipment, roads, traffic signals, streetlights, and storm sewers. The City's cumulative investment in capital assets, for both governmental and business-type activities, was \$502,772,331 (net of accumulated depreciation). Net investment in capital assets increased by \$14,426,270 during the year.

Governmental activities. For governmental activities, capital asset additions included: \$8.1 million of contributed infrastructure (roads, right-of-way, storm sewers); \$6.4 million of parking facilities (integrated in

the Levinson mixed-use development); and \$3.3 million of roadway improvements. The City also purchased approximately \$2.1 million of machinery and equipment for public safety, street maintenance and park maintenance.

Business-type activities. For business-type activities, capital asset additions included: \$7.5 million of sewers contributed by developers; and \$1 million of sewer system improvements.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note II C, on pages 40-41 of this report.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		To	otal
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Land	72,992,525	75,534,134	838,436	876,036	73,830,961	76,410,170
Buildings	32,376,591	34,017,685	32,400,029	31,343,394	64,776,620	65,361,079
Improvements other than buildings	13,741,001	20,907,671	78,724,549	86,058,250	92,465,550	106,965,921
Machinery and equipment	14,251,839	13,965,064	14,143,300	13,057,156	28,395,139	27,022,220
Infrastructure	205,134,331	209,436,875	-	-	205,134,331	209,436,875
Construction in progress	22,066,380	16,369,798	1,677,080	1,206,267	23,743,460	17,576,065
Total	\$360,562,667	\$370,231,227	127,783,394	132,541,103	\$488,346,061	\$502,772,330

DEBT FINANCING

Outstanding debt. At year end, the City had \$234,750,000 of outstanding principal due on long-term debt. Of that total, \$184,445,000 is for governmental activities and backed by the full faith and credit of the City. \$50,305,000 is for business-type activities and backed by a pledge of sewer revenue.

City of Noblesville's Outstanding Debt as of December 31, 2019 and 2020

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Activities	Total	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
General Obligations bonds:	Ф 04 00E 000	¢ 20,020,000	r		ф.		Ф 04 00E 000	¢ 20,020,000
Property Tax Park District Property Tax	\$ 21,865,000 7,315,000	\$ 20,830,000 7,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 21,865,000 7,315,000	\$ 20,830,000 7,000,000
Local Income Tax	2,905,000	2,170,000		-		-	2,905,000	2,170,000
Tax Increment	154,525,000	147,435,000		-		-	154,525,000	147,435,000
Annual Appropriation	7,010,000	7,010,000					7,010,000	7,010,000
Total	\$ 193,620,000	\$ 184,445,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 193,620,000	\$ 184,445,000
Revenue Bonds				39,775,000		50,305,000	39,775,000	50,305,000
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 193,620,000	\$ 184,445,000	\$	39,775,000	\$	50,305,000	\$ 233,395,000	\$ 234,750,000

The City's total bonds payable (i.e. outstanding principal due) increased by \$1,355,000 during the year. That increase is the net result of \$21,550,000 in regular principal payments; \$28,965,000 of principal paid off in a refunding; and \$51,870,000 of new long-term debt issued for refunding or new projects.

The Redevelopment Authority Ad Valorem Property Tax Lease Rental Bonds of 2020, in the amount of \$4,250,000, provided partial funding for the widening of Olio Road from 141st Street to 146th Street. The balance of funding for the project was drawn from road impact fees on hand.

The Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2020, in the amount of \$13,505,000, together with \$9.3 million of utility funds on hand, funded three major sewer system improvement projects. The largest is a \$17 million upgrade to the Stoney Creek Lift Station. \$4.5 million is for Phase V of the Long Term Control Plan which includes new and relined sanitary sewers and storm water collection pipes to further reduce sewer overflows. Finally, \$1.3 million is to rehabilitate the Hawthorn and Little Chicago Road Lift Station.

The Capital Projects Short-Term General Obligation Bonds of 2020, in the amount of \$4,735,000, provided funds for various smaller capital improvement projects and equipment. These bonds are a tax rate management tool, not a traditional capital financing tool. The bonds mature in one year and provide a mechanism for the City to target its property tax rate within the complex property taxation laws of Indiana.

The Economic Development Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2020, in the amount of \$29,380,000, provided funding to retire and refund the \$28,965,000 remaining principal balance of the Economic Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2014 with a future interest savings of \$1,463,000.

Credit ratings. The City's credit ratings, from S&P Global, are "AA" for general obligation (GO) debt, "AA+" for the Local Income Tax (LIT) debt, and A+ for annual appropriation debt. The City's credit rating, from Moody's Investor Services, is "Aa2" for user fee-backed revenue debt.

The State of Indiana's constitution limits the amount of GO and LIT-backed debt a City may issue to 0.66% of its current assessed value. That limitation is commonly referred to as the 2% constitutional debt limit. However, that is now a misnomer. Due to a State Supreme Court ruling in the late 1990's, the legal definition of assessed value was changed dramatically. That change resulted in the tripling of assessed values statewide. Correspondingly, the standard for calculating the 2% constitutional debt limit was also changed to prevent an unintended expansion of municipal debt issuance capacity.

For the City, that limit was \$73,449,600 at the end of the year. That total reflects the fact that the Civil City, the Redevelopment District, and the Park District are each granted their own debt issuance authority under State law. All three (3) entities share the same geographic footprint; and thus, the same total assessed value. So, each entity has an identical debt limit of \$24,483,200 based on the most current certified assessed values. As of year-end, the amount of outstanding principal on debt subject to this limit for the Civil City, Redevelopment District, and Park District was \$16,525,000, \$7,105,000, and \$7,000,000 respectively.

All other outstanding debt is structured in a manner not subject to this limit. Debt structured as a lease rental obligation, debt subject to annual appropriation and debt funded solely with tax increment revenue are not subject to the constitutional debt limit. Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities is provided in Note II H, on pages 47-52 of this report.

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

• The annual average unemployment rate in the City was 5.2% during the year, which reflects a dramatic pandemic-driven surge mid-year and subsequent recovery. This compares favorably to a 7.1% State annual average unemployment rate and an 8.1% National annual average unemployment rate over the same period. Prior to the onset of the pandemic, in February 2020, the City's unemployment rate was only 2.4%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

- 669 new building permits were issued in the current year. This is a 3% increase from the prior year, despite the pandemic.
- State-wide property tax caps first took effect in 2009. This year, the tax credits (i.e. forgone revenue) totaled \$5.9 million for the City. That impact is estimated to be \$4.6 million next year. Over time, the total gross property tax revenue growth continues to outpace the credit losses resulting in consistent annual increases in net property tax collections.
- The City continues to experience strong growth in its property tax base. The City's Certified Net Assessed Value increased 9.4% this year and has been growing at an average annual rate of 7.3% over the past five years.
- The City continues to experience strong growth in its property tax base. The City's Certified Net Assessed Value increased 9.4% this year and has been growing at an average annual rate of 7.3% over the past five years.
- The impact of COVID on the financial position of the City was originally expected to be severe.
 However, the City's economy and revenue base responded significantly better to the economic
 disruption than anticipated. Updated projections, based on recent experience, indicates the City's
 reserve balances at the end of 2022 will now be higher than estimated in the pre-pandemic
 forecasts for the same period.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is intended to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all with either a direct or passing interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be sent to the Office of Finance & Accounting, City of Noblesville, 16 South 10th Street, Noblesville, Indiana 46060-2809 or OFA@noblesville.in.us.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Business-Type					
	Activ	ities		Activities	_	Totals
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 111.	585,049	\$	36,257,393	\$	147,842,442
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Ψ,	000,010	*	00,20.,000	Ψ	, 0 ,
Taxes		121,854		-		7,121,854
Accounts - customers		136,704		1,652,496		2,789,200
Intergovernmental Other	۷,	019,577		3,344		2,019,577 3,344
Internal balances		125,988		(125,988)		
Restricted assets:				,		
Cash and cash equivalents		-		19,351,452		19,351,452
Regulatory assets Capital assets:		-		565,071		565,071
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	91.	903,933		2,082,303		93,986,236
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		327,295		130,458,800		408,786,095
Total assets	492	220,400		190,244,871	_	682,465,271
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred pension Deferred losses on refunding		109,238		702,551		9,109,238
Deferred losses on returning		583,589		702,551	_	8,286,140
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	508	913,227		190,947,422		699,860,649
Total assets and deferred outliows of resources		510,221	_	100,041,422	_	033,000,043
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		524,410		504,602		2,029,012
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		341,474		111,730		1,453,204
Contracts payable		983,933		144,151		1,128,084
Unpaid claims payable Accrued interest payable	2	93,335 066,641		-		93,335 2,066,641
Noncurrent liabilities:	۷,	000,041				2,000,041
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences payable	2.	236,410		188,087		2,424,497
General obligation bonds payable		880,000		-		20,880,000
Revenue bonds		-		3,100,000		3,100,000
Capital lease obligations	2,	436,678		16,334		2,453,012
Due in more than one year:	0	000 004		044.000		0.040.000
Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds payable		603,294		314,932		3,918,226
Revenue bonds payable	104	375,855		47,848,778		164,375,855 47,848,778
Capital lease obligations	4.	023,219		24,583		4,047,802
Net pension liability		333,120				22,333,120
Total OPEB liability	50	127,384		<u>-</u>		50,127,384
	·		-	_		
Total liabilities	276	025,753		52,253,197	_	328,278,950
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred pension	5,	039,020		-		5,039,020
Deferred OPEB		142,515	_		_	142,515
Total Bakilisia and defended inflammed an account	004	007.000		50.050.407		000 400 405
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	281,	207,288	_	52,253,197	_	333,460,485
Net Position						
Net i Osition						
Net investment in capital assets	192	476,803		95,571,966		288,048,769
Restricted for:						
Public safety		133,557		-		133,557
Highways and streets		385,328		-		11,385,328
Debt service		806,947		3,634,864		22,441,811
Capital projects	2,	351,397		10,776,319		13,127,716
Other purposes Unrestricted	2	463,399 088,508		28,711,076		463,399 30,799,584
55500d		555,555	_	20,111,010	_	00,100,004
Total net position	\$ 227.	705,939	\$	138,694,225	\$	366,400,164
•			=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u></u>	,,

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and				
			Operating	Capital	Ch	anges in Net Posit	ion		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals		
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Economic development Interest on long-term debt	\$ 18,941,840 32,238,115 17,338,502 8,143,228 8,731,847 5,306,870	\$ 2,112,996 3,029,824 2,031,382 3,154,131	\$ 2,047,175 311,862 4,216,751 - 1,027	\$ - 8,144,383 157,460 -	\$ (14,781,669) (28,896,429) (2,945,986) (4,831,637) (8,730,820) (5,306,870)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (14,781,669) (28,896,429) (2,945,986) (4,831,637) (8,730,820) (5,306,870)		
Total governmental activities	90,700,402	10,328,333	6,576,815	8,301,843	(65,493,411)		(65,493,411)		
Business-type activities: Wastewater	16,929,131	18,796,985		7,315,353		9,183,207	9,183,207		
Total primary government	\$ 107,629,533	\$ 29,125,318	\$ 6,576,815	\$ 15,617,196	(65,493,411)	9,183,207	(56,310,204)		
		ax evenues distributions neous vestment earning	s		50,591,753 22,055,010 3,195,875 4,070,457 892,564 273,007	41,179	50,591,753 22,055,010 3,195,875 4,070,457 892,564 314,186		
	Total genera	ıı revenues			81,078,666	41,179	81,119,845		
	Transfers: Capital asset t Fund transfer	ransfer			(186,620) 135,000	186,620 (135,000)	<u>.</u>		
	Total transfers				(51,620)	51,620			
	Change in net pos	ition			15,533,635	9,276,006	24,809,641		
	Net position - begi	nning			212,172,304	129,418,219	341,590,523		
	Net position - endi	ng			\$ 227,705,939	\$ 138,694,225	\$ 366,400,164		

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

Accests	_	General	edevelopment Authority - Debt Service	development Authority - pital Projects	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	29,318,755	\$ 12,485,938	\$ 4,213,265	\$	62,211,870	\$	108,229,828
Taxes		5,542,031	-	-		1,579,823		7,121,854
Accounts		1,075,837	-	-		60,867		1,136,704
Intergovernmental		807,342	-	-		1,212,235		2,019,577
Interfund receivable - pooled cash		32,718	 <u>-</u>	 			_	32,718
Total assets	\$	36,776,683	\$ 12,485,938	\$ 4,213,265	\$	65,064,795	\$	118,540,681
<u>Liabilities</u> , <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</u>								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	488,545	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,035,865	\$	1,524,410
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		1,124,350	-	-		217,124		1,341,474
Contracts payable		3,294	-	100,741		879,898		983,933
Interfund payable - pooled cash	_		 	 -		32,718		32,718
Total liabilities		1,616,189	 <u> </u>	 100,741		2,165,605	_	3,882,535
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue	_	2,611,611	 <u> </u>	 		1,538,787	_	4,150,398
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		4,227,800	 <u> </u>	 100,741		3,704,392	_	8,032,933
Fund balances:								
Restricted		-	12,485,938	-		20.654.690		33.140.628
Committed		-	-	302,704		28,662,403		28,965,107
Assigned		593,780	-	3,809,820		12,043,310		16,446,910
Unassigned	_	31,955,103	 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	31,955,103
Total fund balances	_	32,548,883	 12,485,938	 4,112,524		61,360,403		110,507,748
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	36,776,683	\$ 12,485,938	\$ 4,213,265	\$	65,064,795	\$	118,540,681

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

Fund balance - governmental funds	:	\$	110,507,748
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation	91,903,933 278,327,295		370,231,228
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurances to general and highway funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Services fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			3,387,874
Deferred outflows of resources are the net losses on refunding of bonds and is not a current financial resource, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			7,583,589
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension liabilities are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.			9,109,238
Deferred inflows of resources that are not available to pay current obligations, and, therefore, are not reported in the Statement of Net Position.			4,150,398
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension liabilities are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.			(5,039,020)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB liabilities are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.			(142,515)
Compensated absences that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			(5,839,704)
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.			(2,066,641)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			(22,333,120)
Total OPEB obligation is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.			(50,127,384)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
General obligation bonds Capital leases	(185,255,855) (6,459,897)		(191,715,752)
		_	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

227,705,939

Net position of governmental activities

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

		General	Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service	Redevelopment Authority - Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	35,136,955	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,021,290	\$	74,158,245
Licenses and permits		1,972,872	-	-	166,973		2,139,845
Intergovernmental		4,537,718	-	-	8,948,286		13,486,004
Charges for services		2,937,253	-	-	5,119,043		8,056,296
Fines and forfeits		88,887	-	-	43,305		132,192
Other		482,830	26,394	2,229	589,118	_	1,100,571
Total revenues		45,156,515	26,394	2,229	53,888,015	_	99,073,153
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		15,781,901	7,200	-	1,473,091		17,262,192
Public safety		29,080,032	-	-	1,762,630		30,842,662
Highways and streets		-	-	-	8,302,269		8,302,269
Economic Development		-	-	-	2,993,506		2,993,506
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	6,350,046		6,350,046
Debt service:							
Principal		-	11,460,000	-	9,837,243		21,297,243
Interest		-	3,652,778	-	1,898,918		5,551,696
Bond issuance costs		-	390,106	-	-		390,106
Capital outlay		700,931		369,517	19,296,250	_	20,366,698
Total expenditures	_	45,562,864	15,510,084	369,517	51,913,953	_	113,356,418
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(406,349)	(15,483,690)	(367,288)	1,974,062		(14,283,265)
over (under) experialitales	_	(400,349)	(13,463,690)	(307,288)	1,974,002	_	(14,203,203)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		2,277,695	-	42,500	4,753,613		7,073,808
Transfers in - lease payments			15,097,625	-	2,707,000		17,804,625
Transfers out		(1,917,046)	(76,856)	-	(5,079,906)		(7,073,808)
Transfers out - lease payments		-	-	-	(17,804,625)		(17,804,625)
Transfer from proprietary fund		-	-	-	200,000		200,000
Refunding bond issuance		-	29,380,000	-	-		29,380,000
Bond issuance		-	232,500	4,017,500	4,735,000		8,985,000
Premium (discount) on issuance of debt		-	157,908	-	-		157,908
Payment to refunded bond escrow		-	(29,233,749)	-	-		(29,233,749)
Financing by capital lease		<u> </u>		-	3,297,544		3,297,544
Total other financing sources and uses	_	360,649	15,557,428	4,060,000	(7,191,374)	_	12,786,703
Net change in fund balances		(45,700)	73,738	3,692,712	(5,217,312)		(1,496,562)
Fund balances - beginning	_	32,594,583	12,412,200	419,812	66,577,715	_	112,004,310
Fund balances - ending	\$	32,548,883	\$ 12,485,938	\$ 4,112,524	\$ 61,360,403	\$	110,507,748

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	•		(4, 400, 500)
and Changes in Fund Balances)	\$,	(1,496,562)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and			
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded			
depreciation in the current period:			
Capital outlay per the funds statement	20,366,698		
Capital outlay for items costing less than the capitalization threshold	(8,437,151)		
Depreciation expense	(10,235,748)		1,693,799
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales,			
trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			
Asset disposals	(140,461)		
Donated assets	8,115,223		7,974,762
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are			
not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.			
Unavailable revenue, net decrease			(1,409,288)
0.12.13.132.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.			(1,100,200)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the			
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has			
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of			
premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts			
are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect			
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:			
Bond issuance:			
Bonds	(38,365,000)		
Bond premium	(157,908)		
Capital leases	(3,297,544)		
Principal payments:	(0,201,011)		
General obligation bonds	18,575,000		
Capital leases	3,073,983		
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	29,233,749		
Amortization of bond discount	(551,517)		
	(551,511)		8,510,763
Assured interest reported in the Clatement of Astivities does not require the use of current			
Accrued interest reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current			244 926
financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			244,826
Internal convice funds are used by management to charge the costs of cortain activities to			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with			
governmental activities.			
•			1 507 426
Change in net position			1,597,436 109,103
Change in internal balance			109,103
Compensated absences which are not due and payable in the current period are, therefore,			
not reported in the funds, net.			(306,152)
Changes in the Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources			
related to benefit plans results in an increase or a decrease to the OPEB expense reported in			
the Statement of Activities. For fiscal 2020, the effect of these adjustments resulted in an			
increase in the OPEB expense reported in the Statement of Activities.			(2,557,586)
Changes in the Net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources			
related to benefit plans results in an increase or a decrease to the pension expense reported in			
the Statement of Activities. For fiscal 2020, the effect of these adjustments resulted in a			
decrease in the pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities.	_		1,172,534
inge in net position of governmental activities (Statement of Activities)	¢	:	15,533,635
ango ar not position of governmental activities (statement of Activities)	<u> </u>		10,000,000

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities-
	Wastewater Utility	Internal Service Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,257,393	\$ 3,355,221
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	1,652,496	-
Other receivable	3,344	-
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments: Revenue bond covenant accounts	19,351,452	
Total current assets	57,264,685	3,355,221
Noncurrent assets:		
Regulatory assets	565,071	_
Capital assets:	303,071	
Land, improvements to land, and		
construction in progress	2,082,303	_
Other capital assets (net of	, ,	
accumulated depreciation)	130,458,800	
Total noncurrent assets	133,106,174	
Defend outline of account		
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred loss on refunding	702,551	<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	191,073,410	3,355,221
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	504,602	-
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	111,730	-
Contracts payable	144,151	-
Compensated absences payable	188,087	-
Unpaid claims payable	-	93,335
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	40.004	
Capital lease obligations	16,334	-
Revenue bonds payable	3,100,000	
Total current liabilities	4,064,904	93,335
Noncurrent liabilities:	044.000	
Compensated absences Capital lease obligations	314,932 24,583	-
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized premium/discount)	47,848,778	_
Nevertide borids payable (flet of diffaritoritzed profittiditivalseouth)	47,040,770	
Total noncurrent liabilities	48,188,293	
Total liabilities	52,253,197	93,335
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	95,571,966	-
Restricted for debt service	3,634,864	-
Restricted for capital outlay	10,776,319	-
Unrestricted	28,837,064	3,261,886
Total net position	138,820,213	\$ 3,261,886
Adjustment to reflect the concellection of internal consider fund		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise fund	(125,988)	ı
Net position of business-type activities	\$ 138,694,225	

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Fund Wastewater Utility	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		
Metered revenue	\$ 14,052,102	\$ -
Trash services	3,012,703	-
Tap fees	1,507,814	-
City contributions	-	10,557,297
Employee contributions	-	2,073,784
Retiree contributions	-	322,113
Insurance recoveries	-	39,457
Refunds and reimbursements	_	2,325,630
Other	224,366	371,784
Total operating revenues	18,796,985	15,690,065
Operating expenses:		
Collection system - operations and maintenance	1 100 202	
Treatment and disposal expense - operations and maintenance	1,188,293	-
Stormwater	2,327,504 792,137	-
Trash contract services	3,192,342	-
Customer accounts		-
	578,583	-
Administration and general	1,998,790	-
Contractual services	1 220 562	558,709
Employee pensions and benefits	1,220,563	12,392,887
Other services and charges	-	423,583
Insurance claims and premiums	-	705,076
Other operating expenses	4 070 400	12,374
Depreciation	4,070,488	
Total operating expenses	15,368,700	14,092,629
Operating income	3,428,285	1,597,436
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest and investment revenue	41,179	-
Gain on disposal of assets	4,954	-
Interest expense	(1,316,553)	-
Amortization expense	(139,729)	-
Total papagarting rayanya (aynanaga)		
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(1,410,149)	<u>-</u>
Income (loss) before contributions	2,018,136	1,597,436
Transfer from governmental funds	65,000	-
Transfer to governmental funds	(200,000)	-
Capital asset contributions from the City	186,620	-
Capital asset contributions from developers	7,315,353	
Change in net position	9,385,109	1,597,436
Total net position - beginning	129,435,104	1,664,450
Total net position - ending	\$ 138,820,213	\$ 3,261,886
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Change in net position proprietary fund	\$ 9,385,109	
The net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported	. 3,,.00	
with business-type activities	(109,103)	
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$ 9,276,006	

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

Governmental

	Enterprise Fund			Activities-		
		Nastewater		Internal		
	'	Utility	s	ervice Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:	_	Othity		crvice r drids		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	18,331,533	\$	15,318,281		
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(7,920,329)	۳	(14,135,593)		
Payments to employees		(3,406,658)		-		
Other receipts		224,366	_	371,784		
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	7,228,912		1,554,472		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers to City funds (net)		(135,000)		_		
. Tallotto to only falled (not)		(100,000)				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Bond proceeds (net of premium and discount)		13,868,138				
Bond issuance costs		(143,095)				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,339,944)		-		
Principal paid on capital debt		(2,975,000)		-		
Interest paid on capital debt		(1,316,553)	_	<u>-</u>		
Net cash provided by capital						
and related financing activities		8,093,546	_	<u> </u>		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received		41,179	_	-		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		15,228,637		1,554,472		
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1						
(Including \$6,028,6880 for the Wastewater Utility reported in restricted accounts)		40,380,208	_	1,800,749		
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31						
(Including \$19,351,452 for the Wastewater Utility reported in restricted accounts; see	•		•			
Note I.D.6.)	\$	55,608,845	\$	3,355,221		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	3,428,285	\$	1,597,436		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		4,070,488		-		
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Accounts receivable		(248,292)		-		
Other receivable		7,206		-		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(00.500)				
Contracts payable		(93,592)		-		
Accounts payable Unpaid claim payable		61,676		(42,964)		
Accrued payroll and payroll withholdings payable		15,710		(- -2,304)		
Compensated absence payable		(12,569)				
Total adjustments		3,800,627		(42,964)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	¢		•			
iver cash provided by Operating activities	\$	7,228,912	\$	1,554,472		

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

Capital assets were contributed by private developers in the amount of \$7,315,353.

Capital assets were contributed to the utility from the City in the amount of \$186,620.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2020

A	T	Pension rust Funds	Custodi	al Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,251,088	\$	50,573
Total assets		1,251,088	-	50,573
Total liabilities		<u>-</u> .	-	
Net Position Restricted for:				
Pensions		1,251,088		-
Other governments				50,573
Total net position	\$	1,251,088	\$	50,573

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Additions</u>	Pension rust Funds	Custodial Funds
Non-employer contributing entity contributions Court costs and fees Reimbursements	\$ 687,372 - 9,600	\$ - 583,269 -
Total additions	 696,972	583,269
<u>Deductions</u>		
Benefits Administrative expenses Distributions to other governments	 700,270 9,775 -	- - 588,167
Total deductions	 710,045	588,167
Net decrease in net position	(13,073)	(4,898)
Net position - beginning	 1,264,161	55,471
Net position - ending	\$ 1,251,088	\$ 50,573

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body of establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Noblesville (primary government) was established under the laws of the State of Indiana. The primary government operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, wastewater, and urban redevelopment.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the primary government and its significant component units. The component units discussed below are included in the primary government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the primary government's operations and exist solely to provide services for the primary government; data from these units is combined with data of the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The Noblesville Building Corporation (Building Corporation) is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. It was created by the primary government for the purpose of constructing and financing buildings and infrastructure. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the Building Corporation's board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the Building Corporation. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the Building Corporation is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because it provides services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government.

The Noblesville Redevelopment Authority (Redevelopment Authority) is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. It was created by the primary government for the purpose of constructing and financing development and redevelopment of areas within the corporate boundaries of the City. The primary government appoints a voting majority of the Redevelopment Authority's Board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the primary government and the Redevelopment Authority. Although it is legally separate from the primary government, the Redevelopment Authority is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because it provides services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government.

Jointly Governed Organization

The primary government and the City of Fishers, Indiana jointly own, on an equal basis, a certain railroad right-of-way obtained from a railroad company extending approximately 37 miles from the City of Tipton, Indiana, to near the downtown of the City of Indianapolis, Indiana. The primary government and the City of Fishers created the Hoosier Heritage Port Authority (Port Authority) for the purpose of protecting and preserving the existence of real property, contained within the railroad's right-of-way, as a single parcel of real estate in perpetuity for such uses as may benefit the citizens of Noblesville and Fishers, including, but not necessarily limited to, recreational, transportation, and tourism purposes. Subsequently, Hamilton County, Indiana joined in with the primary government and the City of Fishers to become part of the Port Authority. The Port Authority's Board consists of six members with two appointed by the Mayor of the primary government, two appointed by the Mayor of Fishers, and two appointed by the County Commissioners of Hamilton County. The primary government, City of Fishers, and Hamilton County do not have any obligations for or any interests in Port Authority matters.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the period in which the tax levy and rates are certified, which is the period they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the primary government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the primary government receives cash.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Redevelopment Authority – Debt Service Fund (debt service) accounts for the accumulation of resources and payments of general obligation bonds issued by the Noblesville Redevelopment Authority (a component unit of the primary government). Financing is provided by semiannual lease payments from the Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing funds.

The Redevelopment Authority - Capital Projects Fund (capital projects) accounts for expenditures related to the construction of various infrastructure projects. Financing is provided by general obligation bonds issued by the Noblesville Redevelopment Authority (a component unit of the primary government).

The primary government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Utility Fund accounts for the operation of the primary government's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the primary government reports the following fund types:

The internal service fund accounts for the collection and payment to an insurance third party administrator for the primary government's employees' health and life insurance programs provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The pension trust funds account for the activities of the 1925 Police Officers' and 1937 Fire-fighters' pension funds which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments.

The custodial funds account for the assets related to the municipal court costs and fees, which are held by the primary government on behalf of third parties.

Both the pension trust funds and custodial funds are considered fiduciary funds for reporting purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's wastewater function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the primary government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The primary government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statute (IC 5-13-9) authorizes the primary government to invest in securities, including but not limited to, federal government securities, repurchase agreements, and certain money market mutual funds. Certain other statutory restrictions apply to all investments made by local governmental units.

Debt securities are reported at fair value. Debt securities are defined as securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States or any United States government agency.

Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the operating statement.

2. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year to cover deficit cash balances are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables – pooled cash". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "interfund services provided/used." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied are collected by the County Treasurer and are distributed to the primary government in June and in December. State statutes (IC 6-1.1-17-16) requires the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance to establish property tax rates and levies by December 31 of the year preceding the budget year or January 15 of the budget year if the County is issuing debt after December 1 or intends on filing a shortfall appeal. These rates were based upon the preceding year's January 1 (lien date) assessed valuations adjusted for various tax credits. Taxable property is assessed at 100 percent of the true tax value (determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance). Taxes may be paid in two equal installments that become delinquent if not paid by May 10 and November 10, respectively. Delinquent property taxes outstanding at year end for governmental and/or proprietary funds, net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, are recorded as a receivable with an offset to deferred inflow of resources-unavailable revenue since the amounts are not considered available within 60 days.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the primary government.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because City Ordinance No. 15-05-17 requires the establishment of a Bond and Interest Fund, Construction Fund and Reserve Fund. In addition, Improvement Funds which totaled \$10,776,319 at the end of 2020 are internally restricted for capital expenditures.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed or donated assets are reported at an estimated acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	talization reshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Governmental activities:			
Land	\$ 5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20 - 50 yrs
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	3 - 25 yrs
Roads – collectors			
and residential	5,000	Straight-line	10 - 50 yrs
Business-type activities:			
Land	5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20 - 50 yrs
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	3 - 25 yrs
Wastewater distribution and		_	
collection systems	5,000	Straight-line	50 yrs
00000	0,000	o a saigini mis	00).0

N/A = Not applicable

For depreciated assets, the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of governmental-type and business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest expense incurred by the primary government was capitalized during 2020.

7. Compensated Absences

a. Sick Leave – Effective 09/01/05, full time employees shall accrue sick leave hours at the rate of seven (7) hours per month worked, starting the last day of the first full month of employment. Part-time and temporary employees shall not accrue sick leave. Earned sick leave days or time shall be accumulated from year to year, not to exceed nine-hundred sixty (960) hours.

Full-time employees hired prior to January 1, 2018 are entitled to payment of their unused sick time hours not to exceed a set maximum amount of hours. The set maximum amount of hours is established per employee. The maximum amount of sick hours is determined and set at the highest balance of sick time hours the employee has accrued during the 2018 calendar year. Employees will be provided a letter of acknowledgement stating their set maximum amount of sick time hours. Once acknowledged and signed by the employee, the letter will remain in the employee's personnel file. The amount of hours accrued at the time of termination, not to exceed the set maximum amount of sick time hours per individual, will then be paid based on their years of full-time service with the City.

Payment of accrued sick time is as follows:

	Percentage of Sick Time
Years of Full-Time Service	Payout
5 Years	30%
10 Years	50%
15 Years	75%
20 Years	100%

Payment will be calculated at the employee's current base rate plus longevity rate and may be included in the employee's last regular earnings paycheck, if possible, or in a separate check. Full-time employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2018 are not entitled to payment of their unused sick time hours.

Full-time employees terminating their employment with the City and then rehired as a full-time employee with two (2) years for a Civilian employee or within one (1) for a Sworn Police Officer or Firefighter from their termination date, shall receive prior service credit for years work as a full-time employee and be credited with their prior unpaid sick leave balance.

b. Vacation Leave – Full time employees hired after January 1, 2020 will receive three (3) vacation days after successfully completing ninety (90) days of full-time employment. In addition, employees hired during the months of January through September will receive pro-rated vacation hours on January 1st of the year following their full-time hire date. Employees hired during the months of October through December will receive the prorated vacation hours after successfully completing 90 days of full-time employment. Employees who terminate their employment within the first year will not receive payment of unused vacation hours. After vacation time is received, employees may schedule and take off the three (3) vacation days and pro-rated vacation hours on or before December 31st; otherwise, the vacation hours will be forfeited.

After completion of one year of full-time service, vacation earned will be based on the following schedule:

Length of Service Vacation Earned Each Year

1 year (after completing) Pro-rated to end of the calendar year

2 - 9 years 3 weeks 10 - 14 years 4 weeks 15 years and above 5 weeks

Employees will receive pro-rated vacation hours on their one-year anniversary date of full-time employment. Thereafter, vacation hours will be given on January 1st of each calendar year. Employees who terminate their employment prior to their one-year anniversary date of full-time employment will not receive payment of vacation hours.

No vacation shall accrue while an employee is on an unpaid leave of absence, except for Military Leave and Family and Medical Leave. No temporary or part-time employee is eligible to accrue vacation time. Vacation may not be taken in advance of being earned. Vacation time may be taken in a minimum of two (2) hours increments.

Once employees enter an eligible employment classification, they begin to earn paid vacation time according to the above schedule. Former full-time employees who are rehired within two (2) years from termination as full-time employees shall be credited with prior full-time service after completing one year's additional service. This seniority service credit is for the calculation of vacation time only and not any other city benefit.

c. Floating Holidays - Full time employees will be allowed four (4) paid floating holidays in each calendar year. Employees earn and may use two (2) floating holidays between January 1 and June 30; and earn and may use two (2) floating holidays between July 1 and December 31. Floating holidays not used between January 1 and June 30 may be carried forward to the time period of July 1 through December 31. Any unused floating holidays will not carry beyond December 31 of each year and consequently, no liability for compensated absences exists at year end for floating holidays.

Vacation and sick leave are accrued when incurred in government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements and are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Only amounts due and payable at year end to terminated employees are included in the fund statements.

8. Unavailable and Unearned Revenue

Unavailable and unearned revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums, discounts, as well as deferred loss on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, issuance costs are reported as regulatory assets and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. This practice is used for rate-making purposes.

10. Encumbrances

Contracts and purchasing commitments are reported as encumbrances when the contract or purchase order is executed. When the terms of the purchase order or contract have been fulfilled and payment to the contracting party is due, the encumbrance is liquidated, and the liability and expenditure are recorded. Encumbrances remaining at calendar year-end are reported within the assigned fund balances of the governmental funds. The following shows encumbrances at December 31, 2020:

	Amount
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 593,780 13,512,086
Total	\$14,105,866

11. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Items that qualify for reporting in this category include a deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price, pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and liability experiences losses related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items, the first arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, while the second item arises under a full-accrual basis, that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The government funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, income taxes and intergovernmental distributions. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item relates to a change in actuarial assumptions, such as, a change in proportion of the proportionate shares of the collective net pension liability for the total OPEB liability.

12. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the primary government's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are report by the plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are valued in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and are predominantly at fair value.

The primary government has a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense amounts have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized with due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Net Position/Fund Balance

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. The components of net position are categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted – This category represents resources that have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This category represents resources of the primary government not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund balances are classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned based on the extent to which the primary government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. The primary government does not have any nonspendable fund balance.

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments or it is imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those

amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance are intended to be used by the primary government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and does not have a specific purpose. In the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, if liabilities incurred exceeded the assets, the fund may report a negative fund balance.

Generally, the primary government would first apply restricted resources, then committed, assigned, and unassigned resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for more than one classification of fund balance are available.

Deficit Fund Balances – The primary government did not have any funds with a deficit fund balance.

14. Consideration and Adoption of Various GASB Standards

Adoption of GASB #83 and #90

During 2020, the primary government implemented GASB #83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations and GASB #90, Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The primary government determined that neither of these standards have a material impact on the financial statements and notes and as such no changes were made as part of implementation in 2020.

Adoption of GASB #84

During 2020, the primary government implemented GASB #84, Fiduciary Activities. The principal objective of this standard is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the prescribed criteria should be reported as a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. This standard describes four types of fiduciary funds that could be reported, if applicable: pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Custodial funds report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement. The primary government reports on pension trust funds and custodial funds which are reported in the basic financial statements in the statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The implementation of GASB #84 resulted in the primary government reporting four fiduciary funds.

Adoption of GASB #97

During 2020, the primary government implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans –

an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This statement further clarified guidance as stated in Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. The implementation of GASB #97 had no impact on the primary government's financial statements.

Future Adoption of Accounting Standards

GASB has issued GASB #87, Leases; GASB #91, Conduit Debt Obligations; GASB #92, Omnibus 2020; GASB #93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; GASB #94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements; and GASB #96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, all of which will be adopted in subsequent reporting periods based on each standards respective effective date.

15. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the primary government's deposits may not be returned to it. Indiana Code 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. The bank balances were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Public Deposit Insurance Fund, which covers all public funds held in approved depositories. The primary government does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

2. Investments

Authorization for investment activity is stated in Indiana Code 5-13. As of December 31, 2020, the primary government had the following investments:

			Inv	estment Matu	rities	(in Years)
Investment		Fair		Less		
Туре	Value		alue			1-2
United States treasury notes U.S Government money market funds	\$	412,744 19,750,058	\$	273,437 19,750,058	\$	139,307
Total investments	\$	20,162,802	\$	20,023,495	\$	139,307

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of the U.S. Government money market funds is determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and are therefore classified as level one fair value measurements. The fair value of investments in United States treasury notes are based on published, quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, observable for the entire term of the asset. Accordingly, all investments in United States treasury notes are classified in level two of the hierarchy of fair value.

Statutory Authorization for Investment Policies

Indiana Code 5-13-9 authorizes the primary government to invest in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully guaranteed by the United States of America and issued by the United States Treasury, a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. Indiana Code also authorizes the primary government to invest in securities fully guaranteed and issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. These investments are required by statute to have a stated final maturity of no more than five years.

Indiana code also provides for investment in money market mutual funds that are in the form of securities of or interest in an open-end, no-load, management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the provision of the federal investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Investments in money market mutual funds may not exceed 50 percent of the funds held by the primary government and available for investment. The portfolio of an investment company or investment trust used must be limited to direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal

government sponsored enterprise; or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by direct obligations of the United States of America or obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The form of securities or interest in an investment company or investment trust must be rated as AAA, or its equivalent by Standard and Poor's Corporation or its successor or Aaa, or its equivalent, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or its successor. The form of securities in an investment company or investment trust should have a stated final maturity of one day.

Additionally, the primary government may enter into repurchase agreements with depositories designated by the State Board of Finance as depositories for state deposits involving the unit's purchase and guaranteed resale of any interest-bearing obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States of America, a United States of America government agency, an instrumentality of the United States of America, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The repurchase agreement is considered to have a stated final maturity of one day. This agreement must be fully collateralized by interest-bearing obligations as determined by their current market value.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The primary government does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The primary government must follow state statute and limit the stated final maturities of the investments to no more than five years. The primary government does not have a formal investment policy for interest rate risk for investments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The primary government does not have a formal investment policy for credit risk for investments. All of the primary government's investments are FDIC insured and therefore are not subject to a credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The primary government does not have a policy in regards to concentration of credit risk. United States of America government and United States of America governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

B. Receivables

The Emergency Management Service receivable accounts have timing and credit characteristics different from typical accounts receivable. Many of these receivables are due from insurance companies and collection experience indicates that most are received in excess of 90 days.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 21,413,098	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,413,098
Right-of-ways	51,579,427	2,541,609	-	54,121,036
Construction in progress	22,066,380	9,786,543	15,483,124	16,369,799
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	95,058,905	12,328,152	15,483,124	91,903,933
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	45,787,205	2,590,222	10,000	48,367,427
Improvements other than buildings	17,706,986	7,791,161	-	25,498,147
Machinery and equipment	28,020,721	2,164,004	1,360,254	28,824,471
Roads being depreciated	222,172,206	5,829,176	-	228,001,382
Storm sewers being depreciated	53,879,525	4,825,179	-	58,704,704
Traffic signals	2,039,476			2,039,476
Totals	369,606,119	23,199,742	1,370,254	391,435,607
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	13,410,614	943,712	4,583	14,349,743
Improvements other than buildings	3,965,985	624,491	-	4,590,476
Machinery and equipment	13,768,882	2,315,735	1,225,210	14,859,407
Roads being depreciated	60,154,403	4,970,241	-	65,124,644
Storm sewers being depreciated	11,017,456	1,247,998	-	12,265,454
Traffic signals	1,785,017	133,571		1,918,588
Totals	104,102,357	10,235,748	1,229,793	113,108,312
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	265,503,762	12,963,994	140,461	278,327,295
Total governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 360,562,667	\$ 25,292,146	\$ 15,623,585	\$ 370,231,228

Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 838,436	\$ 37,600	\$ -	\$ 876,036
Construction in progress	1,677,080	483,061	953,874	1,206,267
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	2,515,516	520,661	953,874	2,082,303
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	47,429,677	13,383	-	47,443,060
Improvements other than buildings	98,870,687	8,963,891	-	107,834,578
Machinery and equipment	30,187,386	306,317	658,923	29,834,780
Totals	176,487,750	9,283,591	658,923	185,112,418
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	15,029,648	1,070,018	-	16,099,666
Improvements other than buildings	20,146,138	1,630,190	-	21,776,328
Machinery and equipment	16,044,086	1,370,280	636,742	16,777,624
Totals	51,219,872	4,070,488	636,742	54,653,618
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	125,267,878	5,213,103	22,181	130,458,800
Total business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 127,783,394	\$ 5,733,764	\$ 976,055	\$ 132,541,103

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation	\$ 761,748 1,440,084 7,071,020 962,896
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 10,235,748
Business-type activities: Wastewater	\$ 4,070,488
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 4,070,488

D. Construction Commitments

Construction work in progress is composed of the following:

	Total	Expended to		Required
Desired	Project	December 31,	0 '111	Future
Project	Authorized	2020	Committed	Funding
Governmental activities:				
Highways and roadways	\$14,282,490	\$ 4,796,076	\$ 9,486,414	\$6,000,000
Trails	438,000	364,520	73,480	-
Economic development	16,500,000	11,209,203	5,290,797	
Totals - governmental activities	31,220,490	16,369,799	14,850,691	6,000,000
Business-type activities:				
WWTP Phase I - Engineering	5,456	5,456	-	-
Stoney Creek Lift Station Upgrades	1,020,500	471,800	548,700	-
Biosolids Facility	139,000	123,015	15,985	-
Olio Road Sewer Extension	250,000	123,072	126,928	-
LTCP Phase 5 - Preliminary Design	872,600	482,923	389,677	
Total - business-type activities	2,287,556	1,206,266	1,081,290	
Totals	\$33,508,046	\$ 17,576,065	\$15,931,981	\$6,000,000

E. Interfund Activity

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables - Pooled Cash

The following are reported in the fund financial statements:

Receivable Funds

Governmental:

General \$ 32,718

Payable Funds

Governmental:

Non-major Governmental \$ 32,718

The interfund receivable/payable - pooled cash reflects when one fund with positive cash covers another fund with negative cash.

B. Interfund transfers at December 31, 2020, were as follows:

	Transfer 10									
Transfer From	General		Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service		Redevelopment Authority - Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental		Totals	
Governmental Major funds: General Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service Nonmajor governmental	\$	- - 2,277,695	\$	- - 15,097,625	\$	- 42,500 -	\$	1,917,046 34,356 5,509,211	\$	1,917,046 76,856 22,884,531
Totals	\$	2,277,695	\$	15,097,625	\$	42,500	\$	7,460,613	\$	24,878,433

The primary government typically uses transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies and current-year debt service requirements. The transfers are from nonmajor governmental funds to Debt Service Funds and other nonmajor governmental funds. The majority of the \$2,277,695 transferred into the General Fund was from the Corona Relief Fund Grant.

Transfer From		ansfer To vernmental Activities	 ansfer To nterprise Fund	Totals		
Governmental: Nonmajor governmental - cash Nonmajor governmental - infrastructure assets Proprietary Enterprise fund:	\$	- -	\$ 65,000 186,620	\$	65,000 186,620	
Wastewater Utility - cash		200,000	 		200,000	
Totals	\$	200,000	\$ 251,620	\$	451,620	

In 2009, the primary government issued COIT Bonds, which were subsequently refunded in 2019, the proceeds of which were used for primary government park infrastructure. During the course of the project, it was determined there was a need for sewer replacement within the project area. \$200,000 transfer is that portion of the debt service payment attributable to the sewer project.

In 2020, the primary government had a capital assets project that included construction of sewer assets in the amount of \$186,620, as a portion of the Finch Creek Park and Field Drive and Cumberland Road manhole projects. Consequently, these completed sewer assets were transferred from the governmental activities to the wastewater utility. Also in 2020, the primary government transferred \$65,000 to the wastewater utility for its portion of the trash removal contract for the primary government's owned buildings.

F. Other Income

The other income shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is comprised of the following:

Description	General Fund		Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service		Redevelopment Authority - Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals	
Interest Earned	\$	161,148	\$	26,370	\$	2,229	\$	83,260	\$	273,007
Refunds and Reimbursements		282,067		24		-		357,849		639,940
Sale of Property		39,615		-		-		2,476		42,091
Donations		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-		145,533		145,533
Totals	\$	482,830	\$	26,394	\$	2,229	\$	589,118	\$	1,100,571

G. Leases

1. Operating Leases

The primary government has entered into operating leases having initial or remaining non-cancelable terms exceeding one year for fleet vehicles. Rental expenditures for leases were \$176,019 and \$0 for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities, respectively. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments as of December 31, 2020:

Operating Leases

	Governi	mental Activities	Business-Type Activitie				
2021	\$	233,129	\$	-			
2022		171,744		-			
2023		137,122		-			
2024		93,987		-			
2025		70,126					
Totals	\$	706,108	\$	-			

2. Capital Leases

The primary government has entered into various capital leases for equipment for various departments including Police, Fire, Street, Emergency Medical Services, Park, Network and Wastewater. Future minimum lease payments and present values of the net minimum lease payments under these capital leases as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities
2021	\$	2,564,304	\$	18,027
2022	·	2,304,948	·	14,724
2023		1,139,595		11,043
2024		681,971		
Total minimum lease payments		6,690,818		43,794
Less amount representing interest		(230,921)		(2,877)
Present value of net minimum lease payments		6,459,897		40,917
Less current portion of capital lease		(2,436,678)		(16,334)
Total long-term portion	\$	4,023,219	\$	24,583
Assets acquired through capital leases still in effect are a	s follo	ows:		
	G	overnmental	Busi	ness-Type
		Activities		ctivities
Machinery and equipment	\$	10,092,205	\$	65,602
Accumulated depreciation		(3,364,033)		(6,560)
Total	\$	6,728,172	\$	59,042

H. Long-Term Liabilities

1. General Obligation Bonds

The primary government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the primary government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Original Debt Issued	Outstanding Principal		
2003 Redevelopment District Bonds					
(Field Dr. Project) due in installments of \$60,000 to \$65,000 plus interest					
through January 15, 2023 (A)	5.00%	\$ 900,000	\$ 130,000		
2009 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds					
(Stoney Creek East) due in installments of \$185,000 to \$190,000 plus					
interest through February 1, 2022 (A)	4.05%	4,080,000	565,000		
2010 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds					
(Hague Rd./Field Dr.) due in installments of \$535,000 to \$605,000 plus			3,975,000		
interest through January 15, 2024 (A)	4.00% to 5.00%	00% to 5.00% 12,885,000			
2016 Building Corporation Refunding Bonds					
(Fire Station 7) due in installments of \$285,000 to \$330,000 plus interest					
through July 15, 2028 (A)	2.15%	7,410,000	4,900,000		
2016 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds					
(SMC) due in installments of \$370,000 to \$460,000 plus interest through					
February 1, 2031 (A)	2.13%	11,950,000	8,690,000		
2016 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds					
(Union Chapel) due in installments of \$275,000 to \$560,000 plus interest					
through August 1, 2029 (A)	2.20%	10,795,000	8,610,000		
2010 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Bonds					
(Union Chapel) due in installments of \$150,000 to \$215,000 plus interest					
through February 1, 2030 (A)	3.75% to 4.25%	5,860,000	3,470,000		
2012 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds, Series A					
(Exit 10) due in installments of \$745,000 to \$770,000 plus interest through					
July 15, 2022 (A)	1.985%	14,845,000	3,030,000		
2012 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds, Series B		, ,			
(Exit 10) due in installments of \$775,000 to \$935,000 plus interest through					
January 15, 2028 (A)	2.75% to 5.00%	9,390,000	9,390,000		
2013 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds	2.7070 to 0.0070	3,030,000	3,030,000		
(Little Chicago Road) due in installments of \$225,000 to \$260,000 plus					
interest through January 15, 2026 (A)	2.75%	5,570,000	2,650,000		
2014 Redevelopment District Bonds	2.7070	0,070,000	2,000,000		
(Cabela's Project) due in installments of \$110,000 to \$125,000 plus interest					
through January 15, 2026 (A)	2.50%	2,250,000	1,310,000		
2014 Redevelopment District Bonds	2.0070	2,200,000	1,010,000		
(lw Tech) due in installments of \$300,000 to \$370,000 plus interest through					
January 15, 2029 (A)	2.96%	8,550,000	5,315,000		
2014 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds, Series B		-,300,000	-,3.0,000		
(Hamilton Town Center) due in installments of \$525,000 to \$715,000 plus					
interest through February 1, 2032 (A)	2.85%	20,130,000	14,205,000		
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Purpose	Interest Rates	Original Debt Issued	Outstanding Principal
2014 Building Corporation Refunding Bonds (Fire Station 5 and 6) due in installments of \$250,000 to \$275,000 plus interest through January 15, 2025 (A) 2014B Building Corporation Refunding Bonds	2.70%	5,305,000	2,360,000
(City Hall) due in installments of \$655,000 to \$720,000 plus interest through January 15, 2025 (A) 2015 Economic Development Lease Rental Refunding Bonds	2.34%	14,195,000	6,185,000
(Hazel Dell Road) due in installments of \$790,000 to \$955,000 plus interest through February 1, 2029 (A) 2015 Redevelopment Lease Rental Bonds	2.45%	22,945,000	14,780,000
(Federal Hill) due in installments of \$90,000 to \$190,000 plus interest through February 1, 2040 (A) 2016 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds	3.625% to 4.125%	5,895,000	5,230,000
(Embassy Suites) due in installments of \$200,000 to \$340,000 plus interest through July 15, 2031 (A) 2016 Taxable Redevelopment Revenue Bonds	4.25%	6,835,000	5,870,000
(BlueSky Technologies) due in installments of \$80,000 to \$260,000 plus interest through July 15, 2029 (A) 2016 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Bonds	3.62%	3,640,000	3,205,000
(Stoney Creek) due in installments of \$170,000 to \$215,000 plus interest through February 1, 2030 (A) 2017 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds	2.60%	4,800,000	3,675,000
(BorgWarner) due in installments of \$120,000 to \$300,000 plus interest through January 15, 2035 2018 Park District Bonds	2.360% to 3.850%	6,535,000	6,415,000
(Finch Creek Park) due in installments of \$160,000 to \$265,000 plus interest through December 31, 2037 2019 Taxable Annual Appropriation Economic Development Revenue Bonds	3.00% to 4.00%	7,500,000	7,000,000
(Carter Jackson Project) due in installments of \$70,000 to \$610,000 plus interest through January 15, 2039 (A) 2019 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds	3.20% to 4.30%	7,010,000	7,010,000
(Levinson Project) due in installments of \$315,000 to \$590,000 plus interest through February 1, 2041 (A) 2019 Local Income Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds	2.35% to 3.85%	17,430,000	17,430,000
(Refunded 2009 COIT Bonds) due in installments of \$125,000 to \$145,000 plus interest through December 15, 2028 (A) 2020 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds	1.76%	2,590,000	2,170,000
(146th Street) due in installments of \$1,330,000 to \$1,615,000 plus interest through February 1, 2030 (A) 2020 Redevelopment Authority Ad Valorem Property Tax Lease Rental Bonds	2.150%	29,380,000	27,890,000
(Olio Road Project) due in installments of \$95,000 to \$135,000 plus interest through August 1, 2040 2020 Capital Projects Short-Term General Obligation Bonds (Ciril Capital Projects) due in installments of \$2,305,000 to \$135,000 plus interest.	2.000%	4,250,000	4,250,000
(Civil Capital Projects) due in installments of \$2,365,000 to \$2,370,000 plus interest through December 31, 2021 (A)	0.700%	4,735,000	4,735,000
Totals		\$ 257,660,000	184,445,000
Current portion of debt Unamortized bond discount Unamortized bond premium			(20,880,000) (154) 811,009
Total long-term portion			\$ 164,375,855

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Bonds - Open Market					Bonds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					
Year Ended December 31	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2021	\$	565,000	\$	518,120	\$	1,083,120	\$	20,315,000	\$	4,555,416	\$ 24,870,416	
2022		675,000		499,599		1,174,599		16,060,000		4,118,827	20,178,827	
2023		790,000		479,355		1,269,355		16,490,000		3,693,482	20,183,482	
2024		1,090,000		458,048		1,548,048		16,480,000		3,235,755	19,715,755	
2025		1,870,000		670,526		2,540,526		15,465,000		2,776,419	18,241,419	
2026-2030		5,515,000		1,621,786		7,136,786		49,335,000		7,587,345	56,922,345	
2031-2035		6,125,000		717,285		6,842,285		24,365,000		3,175,913	27,540,913	
2036-2040		1,035,000		49,710		1,084,710		7,680,000		923,665	8,603,665	
2041-2045		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		590,000		11,358	601,358	
Totals	\$	17,665,000	\$	5,014,429	\$	22,679,429	\$	166,780,000	\$	30,078,180	\$ 196,858,180	

2. Revenue Bonds

The primary government issues bonds to be paid by income derived from the acquired or constructed assets. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Original Debt Issued	Outstanding Principal	
2011 Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$90,000 to \$1,625,000 plus				
interest through January 1, 2031 2013 Revenue and Refunding Revenue Bonds due in installments of \$110,000 to \$560,000 plus	4.00% to 5.00%	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 10,680,000	
interest through January 1, 2033 (A) 2015 Refunding Revenue Bonds	2.20%	12,995,000	5,445,000	
due in installments of \$595,000 to \$1,225,000 plus interest through January 1, 2028 (A) 2017 Revenue Bonds	2.52%	19,505,000	13,130,000	
due in installments of \$285,000 to \$365,000 plus interest through January 1, 2033 2020 Revenue Bonds	2.00% to 3.00%	9,100,000	7,545,000	
due in installments of \$50,000 to \$515,000 plus interest through January 1, 2040	2.00%	13,505,000	13,505,000	
Totals		\$ 67,105,000	50,305,000	
Current portion of debt Unamortized discount Unamortized premium			(3,100,000) (26,773) 670,551	
Total long-term portion			\$ 47,848,778	

(A) Direct borrowings and direct placements

The primary government has pledged future receipts, net of specified operating expenditures, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2020. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for Wastewater Treatment Plant improvements. The bonds are payable solely from net receipts and are payable through 2040. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require approximately 64.1 percent of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the revenue bonds is \$61,124,376. Principal and interest paid in the current year and total customer net revenues were \$4,215,277 and \$7,498,772, respectively.

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities							
	B	onds - Open Mark	ket	Bonds from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements				
Year Ended								
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 815,000	\$ 1,004,031	\$ 1,819,031	\$ 2,285,000	\$ 437,276	\$ 2,722,276		
2022	895,000	983,431	1,878,431	2,335,000	382,677	2,717,677		
2023	915,000	956,325	1,871,325	2,400,000	327,008	2,727,008		
2024	1,480,000	924,278	2,404,278	2,470,000	268,872	2,738,872		
2025	1,540,000	882,694	2,422,694	2,530,000	207,017	2,737,017		
2026-2030	16,440,000	3,251,862	19,691,862	6,020,000	286,063	6,306,063		
2031-2035	5,720,000	704,006	6,424,006	535,000	14,795	549,795		
2036-2040	3,925,000	189,041	4,114,041					
Totals	\$ 31,730,000	\$ 8,895,668	\$ 40,625,668	\$ 18,575,000	\$ 1,923,708	\$20,498,708		

3. Refunding

On May 20, 2020, the primary government issued \$29,380,000 Economic Development Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2020 for the current refunding of \$28,965,000 Economic Development Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2014. Bond proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of \$29,233,749 of the 2014 bonds. As a result, the 2014 bonds are considered to be defeased and the primary government has removed the liability from its accounts.

As of December 31, 2020, the 2014 bonds were redeemed. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 9.72 years by \$1,462,931. This results in an economic gain of \$1,274,021.

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Primary Government		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:									
Bonds payable	\$	194,369,899	\$	38,522,908	\$	47,636,952	\$	185,255,855	\$ 20,880,000
Compensated absences		5,533,552		5,839,705		5,533,553		5,839,704	2,236,410
Capital leases		6,236,336		3,297,544		3,073,983		6,459,897	2,436,678
Net pension liability		19,982,829		2,350,291		-		22,333,120	-
Total OPEB liability		44,036,061		6,091,323		-		50,127,384	
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	270,158,677	\$	56,101,771	\$	56,244,488	\$	270,015,960	\$ 25,553,088
Primary Government		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:									
Revenue bonds payable	\$	40,015,535	\$	13,926,334	\$	2,993,091	\$	50,948,778	\$ 3,100,000
Capital leases		59,591		-		18,674		40,917	16,334
Compensated absences		515,588		503,019		515,588		503,019	188,087
Total business-type activities	•	40 500 744	•	44 400 050	•	0.507.050	•	F4 400 744	Ф. 2.204.404
long-term liabilities	\$	40,590,714	\$	14,429,353	\$	3,527,353	\$	51,492,714	\$ 3,304,421

Compensated absences, total other postemployment benefit liability and net pension liabilities for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the general fund and special revenue funds.

I. Fund Balances

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are as follows:

overnmental funds are as follows.	General	Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service	Redevelopment Authority - Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balance:					
Restricted for:					
Highway and road maintenance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,385,328	\$ 11,385,328
Police	-	-	• •	111,703	111,703
Courts	-	-	-	463,399	463,399
Grants	-	-	-	21,854	21,854
Fire Station Debt Service	-	-	-	682,964	682,964
City Hall Debt Service	-	-	-	726,520	726,520
Little Chicago Road Debt Service	-	-	-	262,772	262,772
Hazel Dell Road Debt Service	-	-	-	174,826	174,826
Other Debt Service	-	-	-	1,875,527	1,875,527
Building Corp Debt Service	-	-	-	1,487,457	1,487,457
Debt service	_	12,485,938	_	1,026,325	13,512,263
Capital projects	_	12,400,000	_	1,115,891	1,115,891
Fire Capital Improvements/Equip.	_	_	_	1,320,124	1,320,124
Committed to:				1,320,124	1,320,124
Capital projects:					
Park Capital Projects				3,674,385	3,674,385
Roadway Capital Projects	-	-	-	6,186,033	6,186,033
Field Drive Improvements	-	-	-	105,122	
•	-	-	202 704		105,122
Economic Development Projects	-	-	302,704	2,800,899	3,103,603
Business Park TIF Projects	-	-	-	654,928	654,928
Downtown/Logan St TIF Projects	-	-	-	1,030,356	1,030,356
Bergen-Tegler TIF Projects	-	-	-	706,895	706,895
Hazel Dell TIF Projects	-	-	-	1,421,903	1,421,903
Hamilton Town Center TIF Projects	-	-	-	2,661,823	2,661,823
Stoney Creek East TIF Projects	-	-	-	1,357,321	1,357,321
Corporate Campus TIF Projects	-	-	-	1,448,621	1,448,621
St Rd 37 - 146th Street TIF Projects	-	-	-	1,017,587	1,017,587
SMC Corporation TIF Projects	-	-	-	220,558	220,558
Pleasant Street TIF Projects	-	-	-	677,260	677,260
Annual Capital Improvement Projects	-	-	-	4,622,317	4,622,317
Equipment Purchases	-	-	-	76,395	76,395
Assigned to:					
Fiscal Year 2019 Appropriations	593,780	-	3,809,820	9,702,266	14,105,866
Parking Lot Maintenance/Improvements	-	-	-	354,420	354,420
Police	-	-	-	65,094	65,094
Fire	-	-	-	8,159	8,159
Cultural Arts	-	-	-	137,454	137,454
Employee Benefits	-	-	-	692,034	692,034
Park Capital	-	-	-	675,364	675,364
Other purposes	-	-	-	408,519	408,519
Unassigned	31,955,103				31,955,103
Total	\$32,548,883	\$12,485,938	\$ 4,112,524	\$61,360,403	\$ 110,507,748

Under House Enrolled Act 1145, Section 1, the primary government may transfer at any time any unused and unencumbered local income tax funds. Local income tax is the revenue source, which is not restricted or committed, for the Rainy Day Fund. While the funds are shown as unassigned in the above table, the primary government's Common Council may approve an annual budget for this fund, in the event it becomes necessary. As of December 31, 2020, the ending fund balance for the Rainy Day Fund was \$17,288,838. This fund has been folded into the General Fund.

J. Restricted Net Position

The government-wide Statement of Net Position report restricted net position for the governmental activities and business-type activities of \$33,140,628 and \$14,411,183, respectively, all of which are restricted by enabling legislation.

K. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets is composed of the total capital assets less the outstanding debt associated with the acquisition of capital assets, net of the cash on hand from bond issues and the deferred loss on refunding at year end. The breakdown is as follows:

 overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
\$ 370,231,228	\$	132,541,103	
185,255,855		50,948,778	
6,459,897		40,917	
(6,377,584)		(13,318,007)	
(7,583,743)		(702,551)	
177,754,425		36,969,137	
\$ 192,476,803	\$	95,571,966	
\$	Activities \$ 370,231,228 185,255,855 6,459,897 (6,377,584) (7,583,743) 177,754,425	Activities \$ 370,231,228 \$ 185,255,855 6,459,897 (6,377,584) (7,583,743) 177,754,425	

L. Unavailable Revenue

The unavailable revenue balances in the governmental funds are as follows:

	 Taxes	Inter	governmental		Totals
Unavailable revenue:					
General	\$ 2,173,273	\$	438,338	\$	2,611,611
Motor vehicle highway	338,240		242,774		581,014
Park and recreation	137,551		98,728		236,279
DS/COIT Sinking	36,289		-		36,289
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds,					
Series 2014 (Fire Stations 5 and 6 debt)	20,692		14,852		35,544
DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding					
Bonds of 2013 (Little Chicago Road debt)	19,233		13,804		33,037
DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding					
Bonds of 2015 (Hazel Dell debt)	52,924		37,987		90,911
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 B (City Hall debt)	53,721		38,558		92,279
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds,	33,721		30,330		92,219
Series 2016 (Fire Station 7/ street debt)	24,804		17,804		42,608
DS/Park Bonds 2018	19,499		13,995		33,494
Capital Projects Short-Term General	,		,		,
Obligation Bonds of 2020	111,818		80,258		192,076
Cumulative capital improvement	-		19,205		19,205
Cumulative capital development	63,270		45,414		108,684
Fire cumulative control	21,753		15,614		37,367
					
Total unavailable revenue	\$ 3,073,067	\$	1,077,331	\$	4,150,398

M. Subsequent Events

On January 28, 2021, the primary government issued \$2,300,000 in Taxable Economic Development Tax Increment Revenue Bonds to fund a portion of the Lofts on Tenth Project, which includes the land acquisition, demolition of existing structures and improvements and the construction of an approximately 31,700 SF mixed-use multi-story development. The bonds were purchased and funded by the developer of the project The interest rate on the bonds is 4.50% and has a final maturity of August 1, 2040.

On March 24, 2021, the primary government issued \$8,800,000 in Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds to fund a portion of the Nexus Project which includes construction of an approximately 363,750 SF multi-family development. The bonds were purchased and funded by the developer of the project. The interest rate on the bonds is 6.00% and has a final maturity of February 1, 2046.

On April 15, 2021, the primary government through its Sewage Works issued \$10,740,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds for the current refunding of \$10,680,000 Revenue Bonds of 2011. Bond proceeds were used to redeem the 2011 Bonds, all of which were redeemed on or prior to July 1, 2021. The interest rate on the bonds is 2.05% and has a final maturity of January 1, 2031. The refunding reduced debt service payments over the next approximately 10 years by \$2,143,115 and provided an economic gain of \$1,918,490.

On April 29, 2021, the primary government issued \$6,800,000 in Taxable Economic Development Tax Increment Revenue Bonds to fund roadway and storm water infrastructure improvements to serve the proposed Washington Business Park development. The developer will be constructing seven commercial buildings over the next five years that will total approximately 825,000 SF. The security on the bonds is a pledge of 65% of the tax increment revenue generated by their project and guaranteed by the developer. The interest rate on the bonds is 4.65% and has a final maturity of August 1, 2046.

On May 6, 2021, the primary government through the Redevelopment District issued \$737,758 in Redevelopment District Bonds to fund improvements related to the facilities of the Nickel Plate Heritage Railroad. The interest rate on the bonds is 2.10% and has a final maturity of January 1, 2031.

On June 18, 2021, the primary government entered into a capital lease agreement in the amount of \$1,887,525 for the purchase of fire, parks and police equipment. The effective interest rate on the capital lease is 1.20% with a final maturity of January 1, 2023.

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan was signed into law. The total estimated funding for the primary government under the Fiscal Recovery Plan is \$6,212,841. The primary government will receive 1/2 in 2021 and the remaining 1/2 in 2022. Costs for all proceeds must be incurred before December 31, 2024.

N. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the primary government has issued economic development revenue bonds and loaned the proceeds to a qualified borrower to provide financial assistance for the financing of economic development facilities which will be of benefit to the health or general welfare of the primary government and its citizens. Repayment of the bonds is secured solely by payments of the borrower made in accordance with the Amended and Restated Master Indenture and the Loan Agreement. The bonds shall never constitute a general obligation of, an indebtedness of, or a charge against the general credit of the primary government or Hamilton County, nor are the bonds payable in any manner from revenues raised by taxation. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2020, the economic development revenue bonds were outstanding in the principal amount payable of \$9,905,000.

O. Forest Park Remediation Project

The City owns property in Forest Park that was previously leased to a nonprofit organization and that has been found to have environmental issues. During the nonprofit tenant's use of the property, certain pollutants that require remediation, including coal ash, were introduced to the property. The City commenced remediation of this property during 2017 and continues this process despite not incurring an obligating event. The City bears no legal obligation to remediate this property, and therefore no corresponding liability has been recorded by the City as of December 31, 2020. Instead, the remediation obligation legally rests with the nonprofit that previously leased

the property. All reasonable costs incurred by the City to remediate this property will be reimbursed by the prior nonprofit tenant and/or its insurance providers.

P. Tax Abatements

The primary government negotiates property and personal tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The primary government has tax abatement agreements with the following entities as of December 31, 2020:

Purpose	Percentage of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year	Amount of Real Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year - Civil	Amount of Personal Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year - Civil	Amount of Real Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year - Redewelopment Commission	
Manufacturing company relocated to newly constructed facility and added staff	88%	\$ 1,119	\$ -	\$ 20,069	
Metal fabrication faculty constructed warehouse, equipment and office space and added staff	19% - 80%	-	6,221	67,333	
Oral health research and product testing facility constructed corporate headquarters, added new equipment and added staff	5% - 10%	4	129	5,602	
Public safety equipment manufacturing facility improvements and added staff	100%	-	-	15,866	
Manufacturing facility and research center relocated and added staff	12% - 30%	4,183	3,621	8,758	
Constructed business park, added staff and future new staff	5% - 100%	9,007	-	-	
Manufacturing facility constructed office and warehouse space and added staff	43%	-	-	11,638	
Manufacturing facility constructed corporate headquarters, added new equipment, expanded facility and added staff (a)	1% - 100%	51,608	30,306	1,075,553	
Industrial/corporate headquarter buildings constructed	30%	19	-	58,160	
Event marketing company constructed corporate headquarters and added staff	6% - 20%	4	-	10,582	
Tech firm constructed corporate headquarters, parking and added staff	100%	9,435	-	97,805	
Renovated existing office space and added staff	100%	111	-	2,637	
Constructed office space and added staff	5%	459	-	19,022	
Manufacturing facility expanded warehouse and distribution spaces and added staff	80%	1,739	-	-	
Botanical extracts supplier constructed office building, light warehouse, innovative lab and wellness building and added staff	57% - 100%	658	1,509	72,160	
Industrial forklift company building improvements and added staff	73%	-	68,424	-	
Fabrication company building improvements and added staff	73%	-	18,888	-	
Medical manufacturing company added new equipment and staff	4% - 12%	-	10,647	-	
Medical manufacturing company added new equipment and staff	45% - 70%	33	4,977	98,929	
Medical manufacturing company added new equipment and staff	93%	-	237,899	-	
Medical manufacturing company constructed corporate headquarters, added new equipment and staff	6%	-	1,900	-	
Medical manufacturing company added new equipment and staff	14%	-	3,093	-	
Rehabilitation of executive office spaces for added staff	100%	375	-	2,545	
Engineering firm constructed office and warehouse facilities	100%	795	-	14,267	
Construction of office, research and labs for existing tech firm (a)	100%	2,416	-	161,037	
Construction of hotel and conference center and added staff	44% - 100%	4,608	8,800	574,466	
Constructed senior housing, assisted living and memory care facilities and	100%			169,633	
Totals		\$ 86,573	\$ 396,414	\$ 2,486,062	

(a) In addition to the current abatements, bonds were issued to provide for the construction of new roads, improvements to existing roads, land purchase and funding a portion of the overall project serving or benefiting the manufacturing facilities. See Note H.1. 2016 Redevelopment Authority Lease Rental Refunding Bonds and 2017 Taxable Economic Development Revenue Bonds for further information.

Each agreement was negotiated under Indiana Code §6-1.1-12.1 and allows local communities to offer real and personal property tax abatements as an incentive to new and expanding businesses. Property tax abatements, both real and personal, allows a property owner to phase in payment of property taxes over a designated period. This period may be any number of years between one and ten. The primary government determines the period, up to a maximum of ten (10) years and sets the percentage of eligible assessed value which is abated each year. The code does not provide for the recapture of abated taxes in the event an abatement recipient does not fulfill the commitment it makes in return for the tax abatement.

The City of Noblesville has not made any future commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The primary government is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities. The primary government has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement agreements individually. All of the current abatement agreements, shown in the schedule, have been disclosed. The abatements range from 1 percent to 100 percent of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

III. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The primary government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents (excluding postemployment benefits); and natural disasters.

The risks of torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents (excluding postemployment benefits); and natural disasters are covered by commercial insurance from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance by major category of risk.

Medical Benefits to Employees, Retirees, and Dependents

The primary government has chosen to establish a risk financing fund for risks associated with medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents. The risk financing fund is accounted for in the Employee Benefit Trust Fund, an internal service fund, where assets are set aside for claim settlements. An excess policy through commercial insurance covers individual claims in excess of \$40,000 per year. Settled claims resulting from this risk did not exceed commercial insurance coverage in the past three years. A premium is charged to each fund that accounts for payroll expenses. The total charge allocated to each of the funds is calculated as it relates to payroll. Provisions are also made for unexpected and unusual claims.

Claim expenditures and liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss had occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amounts of pay outs and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balance of claim liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	 2020	2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 136,299	\$ 464,004
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	14,092,629	12,147,949
Claim payments	 14,135,593	12,475,654
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 93,335	\$ 136,299

Job Related Illnesses or Injuries to Employees

During 1997, the primary government joined together with other governmental entities to form the Indiana Public Employers' Plan, Inc., a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for approximately 515 member governmental entities. This risk pool was formed in 1990. The purpose of the risk pool is to provide a medium for the funding and administration of benefits for job related illnesses or injuries to employees. The primary government pays an annual premium to the risk pool for its coverage. The risk pool is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members for up to \$1,000,000 per insured event. The risk pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the \$1,000,000 limit.

B. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Single-Employer Defined Benefit Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

Noblesville Healthcare Plan (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the primary government. The Plan provides comprehensive medical, dental and vision benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible for full benefits at retirement, twenty years of active full-time employment with the primary government or at least two four-year terms in office as an elected official are required. Service does not have to be consecutive. After age sixty-five, retirees (but not spouses) may continue coverage under a fully insured Medicare Supplement plan. Medical coverage for spouse continues after death of retiree or after retiree becomes eligible for Medicare. Dental and vision coverage may be continued after age sixty-five for both retiree and spouse. The Plan also provides life insurance for eligible retirees who completes at least twenty years of active full-time employment with the primary government.

Funding Policy

The benefit requirements of plan members for the Plan are established and can be amended by the primary government's insurance committee and approved by the Common Council. The required payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the governing board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 or any other trust. The Plan issues no separate reports. The primary government pays eighty percent of the employee/spouse premiums for the eligible retirees for Medicare Supplements, medical, dental and vision. As of December 31, 2020, the primary government paid \$1,159,789 to the Plan. Eligible retirees pay one hundred percent of their life insurance premiums.

Membership

At December 31, 2020, the following members were covered by the terms of the Plan:

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefit payments	95
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active plan members: fully eligible	85
Active plan members: not fully eligible	346
Total	526

Total OPEB Liability

The primary government's total OPEB liability of \$50,127,384 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial calculation as of that date.

The Plan is supported by employer payments. Using the entry age normal method with costs determined as a level percentage of payroll, payments are determined such that payments will fund the projected benefits from the date of hire to 100% retirement age. A single discount rate of 1.93% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020. It has been assumed that the general assets of the primary government will cover the benefits.

The components of the total OPEB liability of the primary government at December 31, 2020, were as follows:

	Total	OPEB Liability
Balance - beginning of year	\$	44,036,061
Service cost		2,159,938
Interest		1,595,943
Changes in plan provisions		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		278,964
Changes in assumptions		3,216,267
Benefit payments		(1,159,789)
Net change in total OPEB liability		6,091,323
Balance - end of year	\$	50,127,384

The total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2020 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date: December 31, 2020

Actuarial cost method:

Actuarially determined contribution Projected unit credit

Total OPEB liability Entry age normal, level % of pay (as prescribed by GASB 74/75)

Attribution period:

Actuarially determined contribution

Total OPEB liability

Date of hire to 20 years of service

Date of hire to 100% retirement age (as prescribed by GASB 74/75)

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-65 medical costs are trended at 9.00% in the first year, graded down

to 5.00% over 11 years; post 65 medical costs are trended at a flat 5.00% per year. Dental and vision are trended at a flat 4.00% per year.

Mortality assumption: RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality adjusted to 2006 base mortality year

and then projected forward using MP-2020 generational future mortality

improvement scale.

Discount rate: 1.93% per annum. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal

Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rates:

Discount rate sensitivity	1% De	1% Decrease (0.93%)		nt Rate (1.93%)	1% Increase (2.93%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	54,792,051	\$	50,127,384	\$	45,823,241	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare cost trend rate sensitivity	cost trend rate sensitivity 1% Decrease		Current Rate			1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	45,392,812	\$	50,127,384		\$	55,493,755

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the primary government recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$3,717,375. At December 31, 2020 the primary government reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red inflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 948,971 (806,456)
Total	\$ 142,515

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2021	\$ 38,506
2022	38,506
2023	38,506
2024	38,506
2025	38,506
Thereafter	 (50,015)
	\$ 142,515

C. Pension Plans

- 1. Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans
 - a. Public Employees' Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The primary government contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan based on 35 IAC 21-1-1, 35 IAC 21-1-2 and amended IC 5-10-2.2-11(b). State statutes (IC 5-10.2, 5-10.3, and IC 5-10.5) govern, through the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board, most requirements of the system and give the primary government authority to contribute to the plan. There are two tiers to the PERF Plan. The first is the Public Employees' Defined Benefit Plan (PERF Hybrid Plan) and the second is My Choice: Retirement Savings Plan for Public Employees (MY Choice). There are two aspects of the PERF Hybrid Plan defined benefit structure. The first portion is the monthly defined benefit pension that is funded by the employer. The second portion of the PERF Hybrid Plan benefit structure is the Public Employees' Hybrid Members Defined Contribution Account (DC Account), that supplements the defined benefit at retirement. My Choice is funded by an employer and a member for the use of the member, or the member's beneficiaries or survivors, after the member's retirement. Members are full-time employees of the primary government, who elected to participate in My Choice, and are in a position eligible for membership in the PERF Hybrid Plan and elect to become members of My Choice. As of December 31, 2020, the primary government did not participate in the My Choice option.

INPRS administers the plans and issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at www.in.gov/inprs/annualreports.htm or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 526-1687

Membership

The primary government's PERF members become participants by ordinance or resolution of the governing body, which specifies the classifications of employees who will become members of the PERF Hybrid Plan. The ordinance or resolution is then filed with and approved by INPRS. In order to be a member, employees hired after June 30, 1982, must occupy positions normally requiring performance of service of more than 1,000 hours during a year.

Contributions

The PERF Hybrid Plan members are obligated, by state statute, to make contributions to the plan. The required contributions of the PERF Hybrid Plan members and primary government are determined by the INPRS Board of Trustees based on actuarial investigation and valuation in accordance with IC 5-10.2-2-11. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to fund the pension benefits when they become due. As PERF is a cost-sharing plan, all risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating employers. The current rate is 11.2 percent of annual covered payroll.

PERF Hybrid members contribute 3 percent of covered payroll to their ASA, which is not used to fund the defined benefit pension for PERF Hybrid. For PERF Hybrid, the employer may elect to make the contributions on behalf of the member. In addition, members of PERF Hybrid may elect to make additional voluntary contributions, under certain criteria, of up to 10 percent of their compensation into their ASA.

The primary government's contributions to the PERF Hybrid Plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$1,684,640, equal to the required contributions.

For 2020, the primary government's annual pension cost and related information for the PERF Hybrid Plan, as provided by the actuary, is presented in section c. of this note.

Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Pension

The PERF Hybrid Plan retirement benefit consists of the sum of a defined pension benefit provided by employer contributions plus the amount credited to the member's DC Account. Pension benefits (non-DC Account) vest after ten years of creditable service. The vesting period is eight years for certain elected officials. Members are immediately vested in their DC Account. At retirement, a member may choose to receive a lump sum payment of the amount credited to the member's DC Account, receive the amount as an annuity, or leave the contributions invested with INPRS. Vested PERF members leaving a covered position, who wait thirty days after termination, may withdraw their DC Account and will not forfeit creditable service or full retirement benefit. However, if a member is eligible for a full retirement at the time of withdrawal request, the member will have to begin drawing the

member's pension benefit in order to withdraw the DC Account. A non-vested member who terminates employment prior to retirement may withdraw from the DC Account after thirty days, but by doing so, forfeits the member's creditable service. A member who returns to covered service and works no less than six months in a covered position may reclaim the member's forfeited creditable service.

A member who has reached age sixty-five and has at least ten years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and, as such, is entitled to 100 percent of the pension benefit component. This annual pension benefit is equal to 1.1 percent times the average annual compensation times the number of years of creditable service. The average annual compensation in this calculation uses the highest twenty calendar quarters of salary in which the member's annual compensation was the highest. All twenty calendar quarters do not need to be continuous, but they must be in groups of four consecutive calendar quarters. The same calendar quarter may not be included in two different groups. For PERF members who serve as an elected official, the highest one year (total of four consecutive quarters) of annual compensation is used. Member contributions paid by the employer on behalf of the member and severance pay up to \$2,000 are included as a part of the member's annual compensation.

A member who has reached age sixty and has at least fifteen years of creditable service is eligible for normal retirement and, as such, is entitled to 100 percent of the pension benefit. A member who is at least fifty-five years old and whose age plus number of years of creditable service is at least eighty-five is entitled to 100 percent of the benefits, as described above.

A member who has reached at least the age of fifty and has a least fifteen years of creditable service is eligible for early retirement with a reduced pension. A member retiring early receives a percentage of the normal annual pension benefit. The percentage of the pension benefit at retirement remains the same for the member's lifetime. For age fiftynine, the early retirement percentage of the normal annual pension benefit is 89 percent. The amount is reduced five percentage points per year (e.g., age fifty-eight is 84 percent) to age fifty being 44 percent.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased periodically as cost of living adjustments (COLA). Such increases are not guaranteed by statue and have historically been provided on an "ad hoc" basis and can only be granted by the Indiana General Assembly.

Disability and Survivor Benefits

The PERF Hybrid Plan also provides disability and survivor benefits. A member who has at least five years of creditable service and becomes disabled while in active service, on FLMA leave, receiving workers' compensation benefits, or receiving employer-provided disability insurance benefits may retire for the duration of the disability, if the member has qualified for social security disability benefits and has furnished proof of the qualification. The disability benefit is calculated the same as that for a normal retirement without reduction for early retirement. The minimum benefit is \$180 per month, or the actuarial equivalent.

Upon the death in service of a member with ten or more years of creditable service as of June 30, 2018, a survivor benefit may be paid to the surviving spouse to whom the member had been married for two or more years or surviving dependent children under the age of eighteen. This payment is equal to the benefit which would have been payable to a beneficiary if the member had retired at age fifty or at death, whichever is later.

If a member dies while receiving a benefit, a beneficiary receives the benefit associated with the member's selected form of payment: Five year Certain & Life, Joint with 100 percent Survivor Benefits, Joint with Two-Thirds Survivor Benefits, or Joint with One-Half Survivor Benefits.

Retirement Benefits - DC Account

Members are required to participate in the DC Account. The DC Account consists of the member's contributions, set by statute at 3 percent of compensation, as defined by IC 5-10.2-3-2 for PERF, plus the interest/earnings or losses credited to the member's account. The employer may elect to make the contributions on behalf of the member. In addition, under certain conditions, members may elect to make additional voluntary contributions of up to 10 percent of the compensation into their DC Account. A member's contribution and investment earnings belong to the member and do not belong to the State or the primary government.

Investments are self-directed, members may make changes daily, and investments are reported at fair value. Market risk is assumed by the member, and the member may choose among the following eight investment options with varying degrees of risk and return potential:

- 1. Stable Value Fund This fund's objective is to provide a market rate of return consistent with the preservation of principal through a shorter maturity, high quality portfolio.
- 2. Large Cap Equity Index Fund This fund's objective is to seek investment growth/capital appreciation though passive investment in the stocks of the 500 largest U.S. companies.
- 3. Small/Mid Cap Equity Fund This fund's objective is to seek investment growth/capital appreciation through both active and passive investment in the stocks of small- and mid-sized U.S. companies.
- 4. International Equity Fund This fund's objective is to seek investment growth/capital appreciation through both active and passive investment in the stocks of non-U.S. companies in both developed and emerging markets.
- 5. Fixed Income Fund This fund's objective is to seek total return, consisting of income and capital appreciation.
- 6. Inflation-Linked Fixed Income Fund This fund's objective is to provide investors inflation protection and income consistent with investment in inflation-indexed securities. Principal and interest payments are adjusted in response to changes in inflation.
- 7. Target Date Funds The Funds are designated to seek an appropriate amount of total return, commensurate with risk, given the specific time horizon of each Fund. The Target Date Funds provide participants with a one-stop shop for investing. Participants simply choose the Fund most appropriate for the member, based upon the year in which the member plans to withdraw money (usually the member's retirement year). Once a participant selects the appropriate fund, the underlying asset allocation automatically adjusts over time.
- 8. Money Market Fund This fund's objective is to provide a market rate of return consistent with the preservation of capital through a shorter maturity, high quality portfolio.

b. 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The primary government contributes to the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Fund (1977 Fund), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to all full-time police officers and firefighters who are hired (or rehired) after April 30, 1977. The 1977 Fund is governed by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board of Trustees in accordance with IC 36-8-8 to provide coverage to full-time sworn officers of the police force and full-time firefighters.

INPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole and for its participants. The report is available online at www.in.gov/inprs/annualreports.htm or may be obtained by contacting:

Indiana Public Retirement System One North Capitol, Suite 001 Indianapolis, IN 46204 Ph. (888) 526-1687

Contributions

The funding policy for the 1977 Fund requires remittances of member and employer contributions based on percentages of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter rather than actual payroll. The employer contribution rate is actuarially determined. The required contributions are determined by the INPRS Board of Trustees based on actuarial investigation and valuation in accordance with IC 36-8-8-6. As the 1977 Fund is a cost-sharing system, all risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionally by the participating employers. For fiscal year 2020, all participating employers were required to contribute 17.5 percent of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter.

The member contribution rate is established by statute, IC 36-8-8-8, at six percent of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter. Each fund member shall contribute during the period of the funds member's employment or for thirty-two years, whichever is shorter. The employer may pay all or a part of the contribution for the member. Member contributions are used to fund a portion of the defined benefit payment, unless the member ends employment other than by death or disability before the fund member completes twenty years of active service. The accumulated value of the member's contribution, including interest at a rate set by the INPRS Board of Trustees, may be withdrawn if the member terminates employment prior to completing twenty years of service. The INPRS Board of Trustees shall return to the fund member in a lump sum the fund member's contributions plus interest, as determined by the INPRS Board of Trustee, in accordance with IC 36-8-8-8.

The primary government's contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$3,744,076 (\$1,498,212 for 1977 Police and \$2,245,864 for the 1977 Firefighters), equal to the required contributions.

For 2020, the primary government's annual pension cost and related information for the 1977 Plan, as provided by the actuary, is presented in section c. of this note.

Retirement Benefits

A member vests after twenty years of service. If the member retires at or after the age of fifty-two with twenty years of service, the benefit is equal to 52 percent of the salary of a first class officer, as reported by the employer in the year the 1977 Fund member ended service plus 1 percent of that salary for each six months of active service over twenty years to a maximum of twelve additional years or 76 percent. At age fifty and with twenty years of service, a member may elect to receive a deducted benefit by a factor established by the fund's actuary, as established by statute IC 36-8-8-11. Currently, benefits are reduced 7 percent per year from age fifty-two to fifty.

The monthly pension benefits for members in pay status may be increased annually in accordance with the cost of living adjustment (COLA) statute IC 36-8-8-15. A member is entitled to an annual increase in the member's benefit based on the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (January – March); however, the maximum increase is 3 percent. The COLA increase effective for the year ended June 1, 2020 was 1.6 percent.

Disability and Survivor Benefits

The 1977 Fund also provides disability and survivor benefits. An active member may file an application for disability benefits. A determination is then made by the local pension board, and reviewed by the INPRS Board of Trustees, as to whether the member has a covered impairment and whether the impairment was incurred in the line of duty or not. The calculation for disability benefits is based on when the member was first hired, the type of impairment and other factors. In addition, the heirs or estate of a fund member may be entitled to receive \$12,000 upon the member's death.

If a member dies in the line of duty, the eligible survivor receives 100 percent of the member's benefit (the minimum benefits is calculated as if the member had at lease twenty years of service and age fifty-two). If a member dies while receiving retirement or disability benefits, there are provisions for the surviving spouse and children to receive a portion of the benefits. The member's surviving spouse or wholly dependent parent (for their lifetimes) or dependent (until at least age eighteen) are entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 70 percent of the member's monthly benefit, assuming the death did not occur in the line of duty.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for the 1977 Fund was established by the Indiana Legislature in 2002 and is governed by the INPRS Board of Trustees in accordance with IC 36-8-8.5. Members of the 1977 Fund that are eligible to retire may elect to accumulate a DROP benefit while continuing to work. At the time of their election, the member executes an irrevocable election to retire on a DROP retirement date and remains in active service contributing to the fund until that date. The DROP retirement date must be not less the twelve months and not more than thirty-six months after their DROP entry date, and not after the date they reach any mandatory retirement age that may apply. The member may make an election to enter the DROP only once in their lifetime. The DROP and future retirement monthly benefit are calculated as of the member's DROP entry date.

At the time of retirement, the member must choose among the available options for distribution of the accumulated benefit under the DROP. As of June 30, 2020, the amount held by the plan under the DROP is \$80.2 million.

c. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2020, the primary government reported a net pension liability of \$10,392,542 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as shown below. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date for the above plans.

The primary government's proportion of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, net pension asset/liability and pension expense for the above plans is shown in the following table:

	Р	PERF - Civil		1977 Police		1977 Firefighters	To	otals
Proportionate share		0.0020829		0.0068742		0.0100172		
Net pension asset	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net pension liability		6,291,179		1,669,109		2,432,254	10,3	92,542
Deferred outflow of resources		2,109,452		2,718,613		4,003,109	8,8	31,174
Deferred inflow of resources		1,395,286		1,083,177		1,579,963	4,0	58,426
Pension expense/(income)		922,025		1,103,996		1,600,435	3,6	26,456

The components of the Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date) are as follows:

	PERF	1977 Police		1977 Firefighters	
Total Pension Liability	\$33,913,266	\$	46,645,625	\$	67,972,790
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	27,622,087	*	44,976,516	•	65,540,536
Net Pension Asset	-		-		-
Net Pension Liability	6,291,179		1,669,109		2,432,254
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of					
the Total Pension Liability	81.5%		96.4%		96.4%

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	PERF	- Civil	1977	Police	1977 Fir	efighters		
Average Remaining Service Life for 2020:	3.84	years	8.11	years	8.11 years			
	Deferred Outflow of	Deferred Inflow of	Deferred Outflow of	Deferred Inflow of	Deferred Outflow of	Deferred Inflow of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 111,462	\$ 84,467	\$ 1,041,974	\$ 170,567	\$ 1,518,382	\$ 248,552		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	500.400		0.40.004		4 000 0==			
0 1 1	538,423	-	848,381	-	1,236,275	-		
Change of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	-	1,310,819	13,730	845,139	20,007	1,231,550		
contributions	613,955	-	107,155	67,471	147,317	99,861		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	845,612	-	707,373	-	1,081,128			
Total	\$ 2,109,452	\$ 1,395,286	\$ 2,718,613	\$ 1,083,177	\$ 4,003,109	\$ 1,579,963		

\$2,634,113 reported as deferred outflows of resources, as related to pension, is a result of the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021.

Retirement Benefits

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Amortization of Net Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)	Amortization	of Net Deferred	Outflows/	(Inflows)	ı
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of Resources - Debit/(Credit)	PERF	1977 Police	1977 Firefighters
2021	\$ (232,004)	\$ (56,579)	\$ (90,773)
2022	(119,857)	29,040	33,992
2023	(8,293)	217,624	317,104
2024	228,708	457,629	669,999
2025	-	144,583	212,192
Thereafter	 -	 135,766	199,504
Total	\$ (131,446)	\$ 928,063	\$ 1,342,018

The components of the pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		PERF	1	977 Police	1977 Firefighters
Service Cost					<u> </u>
Total service cost	\$	418,962	\$	1,117,031	\$ 1,627,756
Member contributions		-		(367,829)	(536,006)
Administrative and project expenses		36,004		13,478	19,641
Net employer service cost	'	454,966		762,680	1,111,391
Interest cost		2,293,776		2,990,107	4,357,235
Expected return on assets	(1,841,609)		(2,959,993)	(4,313,352)
Plan amendments		-		-	-
Recognition of deferred (inflows) / outflows of resources related to:					
Liability experience (gains) / losses		41,085		135,528	197,493
Assumption changes (gains) / losses		(720,798)		(245,032)	(357,066)
Investment (gains) / losses		279,731		407,542	593,878
Miscellaneous (income) / expense		(493)		(137)	(199)
Total		(400,475)		297,901	434,106
Proportionate share of plan pension expense	\$	506,658	\$	1,090,695	\$ 1,589,380
Net amortization of deferred amounts from changes in proportion and					
difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		415,367		13,301	11,055
Total pension expense	\$	922,025	\$	1,103,996	\$ 1,600,435

Actuarial Assumptions

PERF - Civil

Measurement date Valuation date

June 30, 2020

Assets

June 30, 2020

Liabilities

June 30, 2019 - The TPL as of June 30, 2020 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward one year to June 30, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs, such as benefit accruals and actual benefit payments during that time period.

Inflation

2.25%

Future salary increases Cost-of-living increases

2.75% - 8.75% - based on service

As of June 30, 2020:

In lieu of a COLA on January 1, 2021, members in pay were provided a 13th check on October 1, 2020. Thereafter, the following COLAs, compounded annually, were assumed:

0.4% beginning on January 1, 2022 0.5% beginning on January 1, 2034 0.6% beginning on January 1, 2039

As of June 30, 2019:

In lieu of a COLA on January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2021, members in pay were provided a 13th check on October 1, 2019 and October 1, 2020. Thereafter, the following COLAs, compounded annually, were assumed:

0.4% beginning on January 1, 2022 0.5% beginning on January 1, 2034 0.6% beginning on January 1, 2039

Mortality assumption

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted) with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019.

Healthy Employees - General Employee table with a 3 year set forward for males and a 1 year set forward for females.

Retirees - General Retiree table with a 3 year set forward for males and a 1 year set forward for females.

Beneficiaries - Contingent Survivor table with no set forward for males and a 2 year set forward for females.

Disableds - General Disabled table with a 140% load.

Experience study

The most recent comprehensive experience study, based on member experience between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2019, was completed February 2020. The demographic assumptions were approved by the Board in June 2020 and were updated as appropriate based on the results of the study for this June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Discount rate

6.75%, net of investment expenses

The discount rate is equal to the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense and including price inflation. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement

The INPRS Board of Trustees has established a funding policy of setting the employer contribution rate equal to the greater of 11.2% (the current contribution rate) or a rate equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is based on the assumptions and methods selected by the Board for the annual actuarial valuations and projected covered member payroll. The June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation assumes a long-term rate of return on assets of 6.75%, a 20-year level dollar closed method for amortizing the future layers of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (30 years for amortization layers established prior to June 30, 2016), and a 5-year smoothing method for recognizing investment gains and losses in the actuarial value of assets.

In the past several years, the Board has followed its current funding policy and the State has complied in its contributions to the plan. Therefore, if past practice is continued, the appropriations will be sufficient to fully fund the plan within 20 to 30 years. In the past, deterministic projections have shown the actuarially determined contribution rate to reach a peak of 10.9% which is slightly below the current rate. As a result, it is presumed that the projected plan assets will be sufficient to cover the future benefit payments for current members and a detailed projection of plan assets and cash flows has not been prepared.

1977 Plans

Measurement date June 30, 2020

Valuation date

Assets June 30, 2020

Liabilities June 30, 2019 - The TPL as of June 30, 2020 was determined based on

an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward one year to June 30, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs, such as benefit accruals and actual benefit payments

during that time period.

Inflation 2.25% Future salary increases 2.75%

Cost-of-living increases

As of June 30, 2020: 2.1% compounded annually, beginning July 1, 2020. Actual COLA

increases at July 1, 2019 (1.6%) and July 1, 2020 (2.1%) are reflected in

the valuation.

As of June 30, 2019: 2.0% compounded annually, beginning July 1, 2020. Actual COLA

increases at July 1, 2018 (2.2%) and July 1, 2019 (1.6%) are reflected in

the valuation.

Mortality assumption Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted)

with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA

Scale MP-2019.

Healthy Employees - Safety Employee table with a 3 year set forward for

males and no set forward for females.

Retirees - Safety Retiree table with a 3 year set forward for males and

no set forward for females.

Beneficiaries - Contingent Survivor table with no set forward for males

and a 2 year set forward for females.

Disables - General Disabled table.

Experience study The most recent comprehensive experience study, based on member

experience between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2019, was completed in February 2020. The demographic assumptions were approved by the Board in June 2020 and were updated as appropriate based on the

results of the study for this June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Discount rate 6.75%, net of investment expenses

The discount rate is equal to the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense and including price inflation.

There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement

date.

The INPRS Board of Trustees has established a funding policy of setting the employer contribution rate equal to the greater of 17.5% (the current contribution rate) or a rate equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is based on the assumptions and methods

covered member payroll. The June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation assumes a long-term rate of return on assets of 6.75%, a 20-year level dollar closed method for amortizing the future layers of unfunded actuarial accrued liability (dropped below 100% funded as of June 30, 2019), and

selected by the Board for the annual actuarial valuations and projected

a 5-year smoothing method for recognizing investment gains and losses

in the actuarial value of assets.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

PERF - Civil

Discount rate sensitivity	1% D	ecrease (5.75%)	Curren	t Rate (6.75%)	1% Inc	rease (7.75%)
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	10,256,762	\$	6,291,179	\$	2,969,682
1977 Police						

Discount rate sensitivity	1% E	Decrease (5.75%)	Curre	ent Rate (6.75%)	1%	Increase (7.75%)
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	8,889,489	\$	1,669,109	\$	(4,180,900)

1977 Firefighters

Discount rate sensitivity	1% C	Decrease (5.75%)	Curre	nt Rate (6.75%)	1% In	crease (7.75%)
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	12,953,913	\$	2,432,254	\$	(6,092,478)

Asset allocation of the pension plan's portfolio

For the PERF – Civil, 1977 Police and the 1977 Firefighters plans, the long-term return expectation has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the INPRS Investment Policy Statement. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. In order to determine the expected long-term nominal rate of return, the asset class geometric real returns are projected for a 30-year time horizon. These returns are combined with a projected covariance matrix and the target asset allocations to create a range of expected long-term real rates of return for the portfolio. A range of possible expected long-term rates of return is created by adding the forecasted inflation to the expected long-term real rates of return and adding an expected contribution to the return due to manager selection. The rate ultimately supports the long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.75% selected by the Board as the discount rate. The assumption is a long-term assumption and is not expected to change with the small fluctuations in the underlying inputs but may change with a fundamental shift in the underlying market factors or significant asset allocation change.

		Geometric Basis
	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	22.0%	4.4%
Private Equity	14.0%	7.6%
Fixed Income - Ex inflation-linked	20.0%	1.9%
Fixed Income - Inflation-linked	7.0%	0.5%
Commodities	8.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	7.0%	5.8%
Absolute Return	10.0%	2.9%
Risk Parity	12.0%	5.5%

Money-weighted rate of return

The money-weighted rate of return equals investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested. For the measurement date of June 30, 2020, the money-weighted return on the plan assets is 2.58% for the PERF Plan and 2.57% for the 1977 Plans.

2. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

a. 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The primary government contributes to the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (IC 36-8-6). The pension board consists of the mayor, chief financial officer, police chief and five members, four of which are elected by active members and one of which is elected by retired members. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan was established by and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (IC 36-8-6-4) to contribute an amount equal to 6 percent of the salary of a first class patrolman. The primary government is required to contribute an amount equal to the funding deficit of the difference between receipts of the fund and the required disbursements including administrative costs of the fund (pay-as-you-go basis); the amount contributed for 2020 is \$205,128. The contribution requirements of plan members and the primary government are established by state statute. All of this amount is contributed by the State of Indiana on behalf of the primary government. On behalf contributions from the State of Indiana approximate the amount paid out for benefits and were recognized as revenues and expenses during the year.

The contribution requirements of plan members for the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan are established by state statute. The primary government's annual pension cost and related information, as provided the actuary, is presented in section c. of this note.

Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The primary government's net pension liability of \$3,310,512 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the primary government recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$198,168. At December 31, 2020, the primary government had deferred inflows of resources from pensions in the amount of \$280,791 and deferred outflows of resources from pensions in the amount of \$82,623.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 70% continuation to the surviving beneficiary, assuming the death did not occur in the line of duty. The benefit provisions of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in state statute (IC 36-8-6). The benefits provisions for converted members are set forth in state statute (IC 36-8-8). Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid police

officers who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 52% of the base salary of a First Class Police Officer, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 76% with thirty-two years of service.

Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement without a benefit reduction. Converted members at age fifty with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits, which are reduced by 7% per year for commencement between ages fifty and fifty-two. The late retirement benefit is calculated in the same manner as the normal retirement benefits.

The disability benefit for non-converted members is equal to a sum determined by the local board, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Police Officer. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. Time spent receiving disability benefits is considered active service for the purpose of determining retirement benefits until the fund member has a total of twenty years of service. If the disability is considered to have occurred while on duty or due to a duty related disease then the member is entitled to have the amount of the disability benefit to be computed as a retirement benefit when the fund member becomes age fifty-five. Converted members disability benefit is only available to members hired prior to January 1, 1990 and who do not choose to be covered by the disability benefit for members hired after 1989. The disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If the member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two on the date of disability. House Enrolled Act Number 1617 provided for enhanced disability benefit. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by the increase in the base salary.

For converted members disability benefit is only available to members hired after 1989 or hired prior to January 1, 1990 who have chosen to be covered by the disability benefit, the following describes the three different classes of impairments and the amount of base benefit for each class:

- 1. Class 1 Impairment: A personal injury that occurs while on duty, while responding to an emergency, or due to an occupational disease. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 45% of the base salary, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of impairment. The benefit is payable for life, at which time the member is entitled to a retirement benefit based upon the salary and service the member would have earned had the member remained in active service.
- 2. Class 2 Impairment: A proven duty-related disease. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 22% of the base salary, plus an additional 0.5% of this salary for each year of service up to a maximum of thirty years of service, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of

impairment. If the member's total benefit is less than 30% of this salary and the member has fewer than four years of service, then the benefit is payable for a period equal to the years of service of the member. Otherwise, the benefit is payable for life.

3. Class 3 Impairment: All other impairments that are not Class 1 or Class 2. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 1% of base salary for each year of service up to a maximum of thirty years of service, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of impairment. If the member's total benefit is less than 30% of this salary and the member has fewer than four years of service, then the benefit is payable for a period equal to the years of service of the member. Otherwise, the benefit is payable until age fifty-two, at which time the member is entitled to a retirement benefit based upon twenty years of service.

House Enrolled Act Number 1617 provided for enhanced disability benefit. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by the increase in the base salary after commencement.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 30-55% of a First Class Police Officer monthly salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefits described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Cost of living adjustments for non-converted retired members and disabled members are increased annually based upon increases in the first class salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired members and disabled members benefits are increased annually based upon increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3 percent maximum and 0 percent minimum.

Investments

The pension plan investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the primary government as described in Note II. A. – Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn

a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit payable in a lump sum or three annual installments. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than twelve months and not more than thirty-six months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions.

When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. This is equal to the member's monthly retirement benefit based upon accrued service and base salary as of the date member enters the DROP. Upon DROP retirement, the member is eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. The member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of in a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. The member will not continue to accrue service credit for the years in the DROP. Cost of living adjustments will not apply to the frozen monthly benefit while in the DROP. The cost of living adjustments will begin to be applied to the frozen monthly benefit, however, in the year after the year in which the member retires.

If a member elected to participate in the DROP, the member may, upon retirement, elect to forego DROP benefits, and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. These benefits would be based upon accrued service and base salary as of the date the member retires. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

b. 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Description

The primary government contributes to the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (IC 36-8-7). The pension board consists of six members. Four members are elected from the active members, one is elected from retired members and the Fire Chief serves as executive by default. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan was established by and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (IC 36-8-6-4) to contribute an amount equal to 6 percent of the salary of a fully paid first class firefighter. The primary government is required to contribute an amount equal to the funding deficit of the difference between receipts of the fund and the required disbursements including administrative costs of the fund (pay-as-you-go basis); the amount contributed for 2020 is \$482,244. The contribution requirements of plan members and the primary government are established by state statute. All of this amount is contributed by the State of Indiana on behalf of the primary government. On behalf contributions from the State of Indiana approximate the amount paid out for benefits and were recognized as revenues and expenses during the year.

The contribution requirements of plan members for the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan are established by state statute. The primary government's annual pension cost and related information, as provided the actuary, is presented in section c. of this note.

For 2020, the primary government's annual pension cost and related information for the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan, as provided by the actuary, is presented in section c. of this note.

Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The primary government's net pension liability of \$8,630,066 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the primary government recognized pension income of \$504,862. At December 31, 2020, the primary government had deferred inflows in the amount of \$699,803 and deferred outflows in the amount of \$195,441.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. The benefit provisions of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in state statute (IC 36-8-7). Benefits are provided either through a life annuity or a joint and survivor annuity with 70% continuation to the surviving beneficiary, assuming the death did not occur in the line of duty. The benefits provisions for converted members are set forth in state statute (IC 36-8-8). Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid firefighters who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 52% of the base salary of a First Class Firefighter, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 76% with thirty-two years of service.

Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement without a benefit reduction. Converted members at age fifty with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits, which are reduced by 7% per year for commencement between ages fifty and fifty-two. The late retirement benefit is calculated in the same manner as the normal retirement benefits.

The disability benefit for non-converted members is equal to a sum determined by the local board, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Firefighter. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. Time spent receiving disability benefits is considered active service for the purpose of determining retirement benefits until the fund member has a total of twenty years of service. If the disability is considered to have occurred while on duty or due to a duty related disease then the member is entitled to have the amount of the disability benefit to be computed as a retirement benefit when the fund member becomes age fifty-five. Converted member's disability benefit is only available to members hired prior to January 1, 1990 and who do not choose to be covered by the disability benefit for members hired after 1989. The disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If the member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two on the date of disability.

House Enrolled Act Number 1617 provided for enhanced disability benefit. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by the increase in the base salary.

For converted members disability benefit is only available to members hired after 1989 or hired prior to January 1, 1990 who have chosen to be covered by the disability benefit, the following describes the three different classes of impairments and the amount of base benefit for each class:

- 1. Class 1 Impairment: A personal injury that occurs while on duty, while responding to an emergency, or due to an occupational disease. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 45% of the base salary, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of impairment. The benefit is payable for life, at which time the member is entitled to a retirement benefit based upon the salary and service the member would have earned had the member remained in active service.
- 2. Class 2 Impairment: A proven duty-related disease. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 22% of the base salary, plus an additional 0.5% of this salary for each year of service up to a maximum of thirty years of service, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of impairment. If the member's total benefit is less than 30% of this salary and the member has fewer than four years of service, then the benefit is payable for a period equal to the years of service of the member. Otherwise, the benefit is payable for life.
- 3. Class 3 Impairment: All other impairments that are not Class 1 or Class 2. The disability benefit is equal to a base benefit of 1% of base salary for each year of service up to a maximum of thirty years of service, plus an additional amount between 10% and 45% of this salary based upon the degree of impairment. If the member's total benefit is less than 30% of this salary and the member has fewer than four years of service, then the benefit is payable for a period equal to the years of service of the member. Otherwise, the benefit is payable until age fifty-two, at which time the member is entitled to a retirement benefit based upon twenty years of service.

House Enrolled Act Number 1617 provided for enhanced disability benefit. In cases of catastrophic physical personal injuries that result in a degree of impairment of at least 67% and permanently prevents the member from performing any gainful work, the member will receive an enhanced disability benefit equal to 100% of base salary. Additionally, the benefit is increased by the increase in the base salary after commencement.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 30-55% of a First Class Firefighter monthly salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefits described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are

entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Cost of living adjustments for non-converted retired members and disabled members are increased annually based upon increases in the first class salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired members and disabled members benefits are increased annually based upon increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3 percent maximum and 0 percent minimum.

Investments

The pension plan investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note II. A. – Deposits and Investments. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit payable in a lump sum or three annual installments. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than twelve months and not more than thirty-six months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions.

When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. This is equal to the member's monthly retirement benefit based upon accrued service and base salary as of the date member enters the DROP. Upon DROP retirement, the member is eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. The member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of in a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. The member will not continue to accrue service credit for the years in the DROP. Cost of living adjustments will not apply to the frozen monthly benefit while in the DROP. The cost of living adjustments will begin to be applied to the frozen monthly benefit, however, in the year after the year in which the member retires.

If a member elected to participate in the DROP, the member may, upon retirement, elect to forego DROP benefits, and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculate as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. These benefits would be based upon accrued service and base salary as of the date the member retires. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

c. Actuarial Information for the Above Plans

	1925 Police	1937
	Officers'	Firefighters'
	Pension	Pension
Contribution rates:		
City	0%	0%
Plan members	6%	6%
Actuarial valuation date	12-31-20	12-31-20
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage	Level percentage
	of projected	of projected
	payroll, closed	payroll, closed
Amortization period*	N/A	N/A
Asset valuation method – N/A-	N/A	N/A
Benefits are funded on a pay-		
as-you-go basis		

^{*}The initial amortization period for liability experience gains / losses and assumption change gains / losses is the number of years equal to the average expected future working lifetime of all members, active and inactive. A period less than one results in the remaining balance being fully recognized during the current year.

	1925 Police Officers' Pension	1937 Firefighters' Pension			
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount rate	Blend of the expected return on assets (while funded) and the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate (while unfunded) on	Blend of the expected return on assets (while funded) and the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate (while unfunded)			
	the valuation date:	on the valuation date:			
2020	0.00%	0.00%			
2019	0.00%	0.00%			
Expected return on assets	0.00%	0.00%			
Projected future salary increases	2.75%	2.75%			
Attributed to inflation	2.25%	2.25%			
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.75/2.10%*	2.75/2.10%*			

Non-converted - 2.75% per year in retirement beginning July 1, 2020.

Converted - 2.1% per year in retirement beginning July 1, 2021. The actual cost-of-living increase of 2.1% effective July 1, 2020 is reflected in the liability valuation at January 1, 2020.

d. Financial Statements for Defined Benefits Plans

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds:

Assets		025 Police Officers' Pension	1937 Firefighters' Pension			Totals	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	543,224	\$	707,864	\$	1,251,088	
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	543,224	\$	707,864	\$	1,251,088	
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pe				n Trust Funds	S :		
		1925 Police		1937			
<u>Additions</u>		Officers' Pension		Firefighters Pension	_	Totals	
Contributions: Non-employer contributing entity contributions		\$ 205,128		\$ 482,224	<u>1</u>	\$ 687,352	
Reimbursements		4,800		4,800)_	9,600	
Total additions		209,928		487,024	1	696,952	
Deductions							
Benefits and refunds paid to plan members and beneficiaries Administrative expenses		211,046 4,800		489,224 4,975		700,270 9,775	
Total deductions		215,846		494,199	<u> </u>	710,045	
Net decrease in net position		(5,918))	(7,175	5)	(13,093)	
Net position restricted for pensions							
Net Position - beginning		549,142		715,019	<u> </u>	1,264,161	
Net Position - ending		\$ 543,224	= :	\$ 707,844	<u>1</u>	\$1,251,068	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Discount rate sensitivity	1% De	crease (-1.00%)	Curre	nt Rate (0.00%)	1% Increase (1.00%)			
Net pension liability	\$	3,798,175	\$	3,310,512	\$	2,905,169		
1937 Firefighters' Pension	n Plan							
Discount rate consitivity	10/ D	ocrosco (-1.00%)	Curr	ant Pata (0.00%)	10/ I	noroaco (1 00%)		

1% Decrease (-1.00%) Current Rate (0.00%) Discount rate sensitivity 9,841,062 \$ \$ \$ 8,630,066 7,624,655 Net pension liability

At the direction of INPRS, the discount rate for the fund valuation continues to be the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate as of the measurement date, which decreased from 2.13% as of December 31, 2019, to 1.49% as of December 31, 2020. The primary government has assets that exceed one year of benefit payments in reserve and is expected to maintain such reserves. Therefore, the fiduciary net position is projected to not be depleted if all assumptions are met, and the discount rate is set equal to the expected return on assets, which results in a discount rate of 0.00% for the measurement date.

Membership in the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan and the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan as of January 1, was comprised of the following:

	1925 Police Officers' Pension	1937 Firefighters' Pension
Currently receiving benefits: retired members, disabled, and beneficiaries	6	14
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Inactive non-vested members entitled to a refund of member contributions	-	-
Active members		
Total covered plan members	6	14

Components of the Changes in Net Pension Liability for the Plan as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan		1937 Firefighter Pension Plan	
Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments		4,257,850 - - 82,623 (280,791) - (205,946)	\$	10,322,441 - - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149)
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$	3,853,736	\$	9,337,930
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employee contributions Non-employer contributing entity contributions Net investment return Actual benefits payments Administrative and project expenses	\$	549,142 - - 205,128 - (211,046)	\$	715,019 - - 482,244 - (489,224) (175)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending of year	\$	543,224	\$	707,864
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,310,512	\$	8,630,066

Components of the Net Pension Liability for the Plan as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

Retirement Plan	To	Ratio of Plan Fiducia Net Positio al Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension to Total Liability Net Position Liability/(Asset) Pension Liabi						
1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan	\$	3,853,736	\$	543,224	\$	3,310,512	14.10%	
1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan	\$	9,337,930	\$	707,864	\$	8,630,066	7.58%	

The components of the pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	1925 Police		1937 Firefighters	
Service Cost, as of the beginning of year Interest cost, including interest on service cost Expected return on assets Plan amendments	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -
Recognition of deferred (inflows) / outflows of resources related to: Liability experience (gains) / losses Assumption change (gains) / losses Investment experience (gains) / losses Total		82,623 (280,791) - (198,168)		195,441 (699,803) - (504,362)
Total pension expense / (reduction of expense)	\$	(198,168)	\$	(504,362)

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources

All deferred inflows and outflows arising prior to 2020 have been fully amortized. The initial amortization period for gains and losses due to investment experience is five years. The initial amortization period for gains and losses due to liability experience and assumption changes is equal to the average expected future working lifetime active and inactive members. A period less than one results in the remaining balance being fully recognized during the current year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future fiscal years as follows:

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Fiscal year ending December 31: Current year:		Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows	Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows	
Carronic your.	2020	\$	82,623	\$	280,791	\$	(198,168)
Future years:							
	2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	2022		-		-		-
	2023		_		-		-
	2024		-		-		-
	2025		-		-		-
	Thereafter		-		-		-

1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

Fiscal year ending December 31: Current year:		Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows	Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows	
Current year.	2020	\$	195,441	\$	699,803	\$	(504,362)
Future years:							
	2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	2022		-		-		-
	2023		-		-		-
	2024		-		-		-
	2025		-		-		-
	Thereafter		-		-		-

The Plan did not receive direct contributions from a nonemployer contributing entity. However, the primary government received revenue from the State of Indiana via the Pension Relief Fund to offset benefit payments made by the employer in the amounts of \$205,128 and \$482,244 for the 1925 Police Officers' and the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plans, respectively. The Pension Relief Fund is administered by the board of trustees of the Indiana Public Employees Retirement System.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

Significant Actuarial Assumptions to Measure the Total Pension Liability

Measurement date

December 31, 2020

Valuation date

Assets Benefits are paid on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Liabilities January 1, 2020 - Census data provided by INPRS as of January 1, 2020

> was used in the valuation. Standard actuarial techniques were used to roll forward the total pension liability computed as of December 31, 2019 to the December 31, 2020 measurement date. Projected benefit payments, rather than actual benefit payments, were used in the roll forward due to fluctuation in actual benefit payments caused by the

DROP payments and lump sum death benefits.

Price inflation 2.25% Wage inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including

wage inflation 2.75%

Long-term Rate of Return, net of investment expense, including

price inflation 0.00% Municipal Bond Index Rate 1.49%

Year Fiduciary net pension is

projected to be depleted No depletion date

Final discount rate 0.00%

Cost-of-living adjustment Non-converted - 2.75% per year in retirement beginning July 1, 2020.

> Converted - the July 1, 2020 cost-of-living adjustment was updated from the ongoing valuation assumption to reflect the known increase of 2.1%. Beginning July 1, 2021, the assumption reverts back to the assumed annual rate, which increased to 2.1% from 2.0% used in the December

31, 2019 valuation.

Mortality assumption Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted)

with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA

Scale MP-2019.

Healthy Employees - Safety Employee table with a 3 year set forward for

males and no set forward for females.

Retirees - Safety Retiree table with a 3 year set forward for males and

no set forward for females.

Beneficiaries - Contingent Survivor table with no set forward for males

and a 2 year set forward for females.

Disableds - General Disabled table.

Pre-retirement death Of active member deaths, 20% are assumed to be in the line of duty and

80% are other than in the line of duty.

Experience study The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results

> of the actuarial experience study, which covered the period beginning July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2019, for the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) and adopted by their Board in June 2020 for the 1977

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund.

Discount rate The discount rate used was 0.00%, consistent with the rate of 0.00%

> used at December 31, 2019. The 1925 Police Pension Fund and 1937 Firefighters' Pension Fund have assets that exceed one year's benefit payments; therefore the fiduciary net pension is projected to never be depleted and the discount rate is set equal to the expected return on

assets.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Schedule of Aggregate Amounts - Single-employer and Cost Sharing Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Primary Government

					Public	1977 Police	1977	
	19	925 Police		1937	Employees'	Officers'	Firefighters'	
		Officers'	F	irefighters'	Retirement	Pension and	Pension and	
	Pe	ension Plan	Pe	ension Plan	Fund	Disability Fund	Disability Fund	Total
Pension liability Pension assets	\$	3,853,736 (543,224)	\$	9,337,930 (707,864)	\$33,913,266 (27,622,087)	\$ 46,645,625 (44,976,516)	\$ 67,972,790 (65,540,536)	\$ 161,723,347 (139,390,227)
Net pension liability	\$	3,310,512	\$	8,630,066	\$ 6,291,179	\$ 1,669,109	\$ 2,432,254	\$ 22,333,120
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	82,623	\$	195,441	\$ 2,109,452	\$ 2,718,613	\$ 4,003,109	\$ 9,109,238
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	280,791	\$	699,803	\$ 1,395,286	\$ 1,083,177	\$ 1,579,963	\$ 5,039,020
Pension expense(reduction of expense)	\$	(198,168)	\$	(504,362)	\$ 922,025	\$ 1,103,996	\$ 1,600,435	\$ 2,923,926

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1925 Police Officers'

								Pensio	n Plan	1						
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost	\$	2,876,399	\$	3,756,754	\$	4,126,737	\$	3,757,162	\$	3,415,886	\$	3,529,210	\$	4,537,095	\$	4,257,850
Interest cost		164,447		156,061		99.399		94,479		108,736		92,114				
Experience (gains)/losses		426,806		-		(212,057)		33,150		67,297		(64,634)		(103,893)		82,623
Assumption changes		560,334		485,635		(12,637)		(242,473)		170,777		1,210,346		(2,775)		(280,791)
Plan amendments		-		-		-		-		-		-		28,425		-
Projected benefits payments		(271,232)		(271,713)		(244,280)		(226,432)		(233,486)		(229,941)		(201,002)		(205,946)
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$	3,756,754	\$	4,126,737	\$	3,757,162	\$	3,415,886	\$	3,529,210	\$	4,537,095	\$	4,257,850	\$	3,853,736
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	556,383	\$	571,174	\$	549,142
Employer contributions	Ψ.	28,658	Ψ	(33,436)	Ψ.	(11,971)	•	16,986	•	(10,225)	•	-	•	-	•	
Employee contributions		-		-		,		-		- '		-		-		-
Non-employer contributing entity contributions		242,574		306,874		246,005		216,186		240,226		226,456		183,102		205,128
Net investment return		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Actual benefits payments		(271,232)		(273,438)		(234,034)		(233,172)		(230,001)		(211,590)		(204,984)		(211,046)
Administrative and project expenses			-			-						(75)		(150)		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	571,174	\$	549,142	\$	543,224
Net Pension Liability	\$	3,756,754	\$	4,126,737	\$	3,757,162	\$	3,415,886	\$	3,529,210	\$	3,965,921	\$	3,708,708	\$	3,310,512
					1937 Firefighters'											
								1937 Fire	efighte	rs'						
								Pensio		1						
	_	2013		2014	_	2015						2018	_	2019		2020
Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Senire cost	\$		\$	7,712,175	\$	2015 8,716,709	\$	Pensio	n Plan	1	\$	2018 8,104,591	\$	2019	\$	2020
	\$			7,712,175	\$	8,716,709	\$	Pensio 2016 7,907,143	n Plan	2017	\$		\$		\$	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost	\$	6,166,336			\$		\$	Pensio 2016	n Plan	7,809,766	\$	8,104,591	\$		\$	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413		7,712,175	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322	\$	7,907,143 - 204,241	n Plan	7,809,766 - 248,448	\$	8,104,591 - 213,970	\$	10,717,512	\$	10,322,441
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417		7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212)	\$	Pensio 2016 7,907,143 - 204,241 725,743 (579,810)	n Plan	7,809,766 - 248,448 127,247 409,368	\$	8,104,591 - 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624	\$	10,322,441 - - - 195,441 (699,803)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242		7,712,175 - 322,512	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648)	\$	Pensio 2016 7,907,143 - 204,241 725,743	n Plan	7,809,766 248,448 127,247 409,368	\$	8,104,591 - 213,970 (80,168)	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960)	\$	10,322,441 - - 195,441
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605		8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212)		Pensic 2016 7,907,143 - 204,241 725,743 (579,810) - (447,551)	n Plan	7,809,766 - 248,448 127,247 409,368		8,104,591 - 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531		10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624		10,322,441 - - - 195,441 (699,803)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year		6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 - (452,233)	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583)		8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) - (447,028)		Pensic 2016 7,907,143 - 204,241 725,743 (579,810) - (447,551)	\$	2017 7,809,766 - 248,448 127,247 409,368 - (490,238)		8,104,591 - 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 - (487,412)		10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152)		10,322,441 - - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 - (452,233)	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583)		8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) - (447,028)		Pensic 2016 7,907,143 - 204,241 725,743 (579,810) - (447,551)	\$	2017 7,809,766 - 248,448 127,247 409,368 - (490,238)		8,104,591 	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441	\$	10,322,441 - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149) 9,337,930
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year		6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 - (452,233) 7,712,175	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583) 8,716,709	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) - (447,028) 7,907,143	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766	\$	7,809,766 - 248,448 127,247 409,368 - (490,238) 8,104,591	\$	8,104,591 - 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 - (487,412)	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152)	\$	10,322,441 - - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 - (452,233) 7,712,175	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583) 8,716,709	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) - (447,028) 7,907,143	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766	\$	7,809,766 248,448 127,247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591	\$	8,104,591 	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441	\$	10,322,441 - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149) 9,337,930
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employee contributions Employee contributions Non-employer contributions Non-employer contributions	\$	6,166,336 - 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 - (452,233) 7,712,175	\$	7,712,175 - 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583) 8,716,709	\$	8,716,709 - 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) - (447,028) 7,907,143	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766	\$	7,809,766 248,448 127,247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591	\$	8,104,591 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 (487,412) 10,717,512	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441	\$	10,322,441 - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149) 9,337,930
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employer contributions Non-employer contributions Non-employer contributions Net investment return	\$	6,166,336 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 (452,233) 7,712,175 20,350 431,883	\$	7,712,175 322,512 1,140,605 (458,583) 8,716,709	\$	8,716,709 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) (447,028) 7,907,143 (1,165) 444,350	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766 41,324 443,708	\$	2017 7,809,766 248,448 127,7247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591	\$	8,104,591 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 (487,412) 10,717,512 730,314	\$	10,717,512 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441 701,389 	\$	10,322,441
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employee contributions Employee contributions Non-employer contributions Non-employer contributions	\$	6,166,336 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 (452,233) 7,712,175	\$	7,712,175 322,512 - 1,140,605 - (458,583) 8,716,709	\$	8,716,709 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) (447,028) 7,907,143	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766	\$	2017 7,809,766 248,448 127,7247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591	\$	8,104,591 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 (487,412) 10,717,512 730,314	\$	10,717,512 - - 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441 701,389	\$	10,322,441 - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149) 9,337,930 715,019
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employee contributions Employee contributions Non-employer contributions Non-employer contributions Net investment return Actual benefits payments	\$	6,166,336 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 (452,233) 7,712,175 20,350 431,883 (452,233)	\$	7,712,175 322,512 1,140,605 (458,583) 8,716,709 (31,428) (457,333 (455,905)	\$	8,716,709 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) (447,028) 7,907,143 (1,165) 444,350	\$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766 41,324 443,708 (485,032)	\$	2017 7,809,766 248,448 127,247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591 (45,731) 527,719 (481,988)	\$	8,104,591 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 (487,412) 10,717,512 730,314 - 479,162 (506,012) (75)	\$	10,717,512 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441 701,389 - 488,752 (475,047)	\$	10,322,441 - 195,441 (699,803) - (480,149) 9,337,930 715,019 - 482,244 - (489,224)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Plan amendments Projected benefits payments Total Pension Liability - End of year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year Employer contributions Employee contributions Employee contributions Non-employer contributions Net investment return Actual benefits payments Administrative and project expenses	\$	6,166,336 356,413 391,242 1,250,417 (452,233) 7,712,175 20,350 431,883 (452,233)	\$ \$ \$	7,712,175 322,512 1,140,605 (458,583) 8,716,709 (31,428) 487,333 (455,905)	\$	8,716,709 208,322 (542,648) (28,212) (447,028) 7,907,143 (1,165) 444,350	\$ \$	Pensic 2016 7,907,143 204,241 725,743 (579,810) (447,551) 7,809,766 41,324 443,708 (485,032)	\$ \$	2017 7,809,766 248,448 127,247 409,368 (490,238) 8,104,591 (45,731) 527,719 (481,988)	\$	8,104,591 213,970 (80,168) 2,966,531 (487,412) 10,717,512 730,314 - 479,162 (506,012) (75)	\$ \$	10,717,512 5,417 (8,960) 76,624 (468,152) 10,322,441 701,389 488,752 (475,047) (75)	\$ \$	10,322,441

Notes: GASB 68 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available. Beginning January 1, 2018 assets held in a trust-like arrangement are reflected.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

					Ratio of Plan				Net Pension
					Fiduciary				Liability as a
	-	5. 5			Net Position		Covered		Percentage
.,	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	ı	Net Pension	to Total		Employer		of Covered
Year	Liability	Net Position		Liability	Pension Liability		Payroll		Payroll
Ending	(a)	(b)		(a-b)	(b/a)	_	(c)		((a-b)/c)
40.04.40	¢ 0.070.000	· •	Φ.	0.070.000	00/	Φ			No Coursed Dougl
12-31-12	\$ 2,876,399	•	\$	2,876,399	0%	\$		-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-13	3,756,754			3,756,754	0%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-14	4,126,737			4,126,737	0%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-15	3,757,162			3,757,162	0%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-16	3,415,886			3,415,886	0%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-17	3,529,210			3,529,210	0%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-18	4,537,095			3,965,921	12.59%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-19	4,257,850	549,142		3,708,708	12.90%			-	No Covered Payroll
12-31-20	3,853,736	543,224		3,310,512	14.10%			-	No Covered Payroll
		193	R7 Fi	refighters' Pens	sion Plan				
-		100	,,	ronginoro i oric	Ratio of Plan				Net Pension
					Fiduciary				Liability as a
					Net Position		Covered		Percentage
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	,	Net Pension	to Total		Employer		of Covered
Year	Liability	Net Position	'	Liability	Pension Liability		Payroll		Payroll
Ending	,	(b)		,	(b/a)		,		,
Enaing	(a)	(D)	_	(a-b)	(b/a)	_	(c)	_	((a-b)/c)
12-31-12	\$ 6,166,336	S \$ -	\$	6,166,336	0%	\$		_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-13	7,712,175	·	•	7,712,175	0%	•		_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-14	8,716,709			8,716,709	0%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-15	7,907,143			7,907,143	0%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-16	7,809,766			7,809,766	0%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-17	8,104,591			8,104,591	0%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-18	10,717,512			10,016,123	6.54%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-19	10,322,441	,		9,607,422	6.93%			_	No Covered Payroll
12-31-20	9,337,930	,		8,630,066	7.58%			_	No Covered Payroll
.2 0 . 20	5,55.,666	,		5,555,500	,				30.0.0a. ayloli

Notes: GASB 68 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

Fiduciary net position is shown prospectively beginning December 31, 2018 following the determination that there are trust-like assets available for paying benefits.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

PERF - Civil	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.0020829 6,291,179 11,591,823 54.3% 81.5%	0.0019715	0.0019647 \$ 6,674,174 9,780,373 68.2% 78.9%	0.0016566 7,390,993 8,278,950 89.3% 76.6%	0.0017088 \$ 7,755,293 8,319,651 93.2% 75.3%	0.0017379	0.0016850 \$ 4,428,071 8,250,830 53.7% 84.3%
1977 Police	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.0068742 1,669,109 6,375,434 26.2% 96.4%	0.0065929	0.0065178 (572,987) 5,344,582 -10.7%	0.0057805	0.0059676	\$ 0.0060294 (890,664) 4,493,930 -19.8% 103.2%	0.0063147
1977 Firefighters	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered payroll	0.0100172 2,432,254 9,583,031	0.0097663 \$ 90,006 8,896,190	0.0104745 \$ (920,825) 9,583,031	0.0092979 \$ (143,424) 7,525,553	0.0099122 \$ 880,570 7,651,710	0.0097810 \$ (1,444,850) 7,290,133	0.0101825 \$ (519,107) 7,235,488
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	25.4% 96.4%	1.0% 99.9%	-9.6% 101.5%	-1.9% 100.3%	11.5% 98.2%	-19.8% 103.2%	-7.2% 101.1%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date.

Note: GASB 68 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS SINGLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Actuarially Contribution Contributions Required Required Excess / Covered as a Percentage Year Contributions Contributions (Deficiency Payroll of Covered Payroll (b) / (c) **Ending** (a) (b) (b) - (a) (c) \$ 12-31-12 \$ 234,500 \$ 234,500 \$ 0% 12-31-13 271,232 271,232 0% 12-31-14 273,438 273,438 0% 234,034 12-31-15 234,034 0% 12-31-16 233,172 233,172 0% 12-31-17 230,001 230,001 0% 211,590 12-31-18 211,590 0% 12-31-19 204,984 204,984 0% 12-31-20 211,046 211,046 0% 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Actuarially Contribution Contributions Covered as a Percentage Required Required Excess / Contributions Contributions of Covered Payroll Year (Deficiency Payroll **Ending** (a) (b) (b) - (a) (c) (b) / (c) 12-31-12 444,995 \$ 444,995 \$ \$ 0% \$ 452,233 12-31-13 452,233 0% 12-31-14 455,905 455,905 0% 12-31-15 443,185 443,185 0% 485,032 485,032 12-31-16 0% 12-31-17 481,988 481,988 0% 12-31-18 508,012 508,012 0% 475,047 475,047 12-31-19 0% 12-31-20 489,224 489,224 0%

Note: GASB 68 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

	PERF				
Year Ending	Contractually Required Contributions (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions (b)	Contribution Excess / (Deficiency (b) - (a)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b) / (c)
12-31-14 12-31-15 12-31-16 12-31-17 12-31-18 12-31-19 12-31-20	\$ 1,211,339 1,227,153 1,251,159 1,311,159 1,429,496 1,568,451 1,684,640	\$ 1,211,339 1,227,153 1,251,159 1,311,159 1,429,496 1,568,451 1,684,640	\$	8,218,839 9,780,373	14.7% 15.3% 16.0% 14.6% 14.6%
	1977	Contributions in		•	
		Relation to the			
Year Ending	Contractually Required Contributions (a)	Contractually Required Contributions (b)	Contribution Excess / (Deficiency (b) - (a)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b) / (c)
12-31-14 12-31-15 12-31-16 12-31-17 12-31-18 12-31-19 12-31-20	\$ 1,100,676 1,128,478 1,182,619 1,133,875 1,198,988 1,391,496 1,498,212	\$ 1,100,676 1,128,478 1,182,619 1,133,875 1,198,988 1,391,496 1,498,212	\$ - - - - -	4,496,115 4,612,272 4,686,315	25.1% 25.6% 24.2% 22.4% 22.4%
	1977 Fir	efighters			
Year Ending	Contractually Required Contributions (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions (b)	Contribution Excess / (Deficiency (b) - (a)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b) / (c)
12-31-14 12-31-15 12-31-16 12-31-17 12-31-18 12-31-19 12-31-20	\$ 1,774,145 1,811,643 2,004,213 1,772,522 1,897,689 1,986,932 2,245,864	\$ 1,774,145 1,811,643 2,004,213 1,772,522 1,897,689 1,986,932 2,245,864	\$ - - - - -	7,537,923 8,488,969 8,896,190	24.8% 26.2% 23.5% 22.4%

Note: GASB 68 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:			
Service cost Interest	\$ 2,159,938 1,595,943	\$ 2,061,550 1,591,475	\$ 1,884,060 1,530,804
Changes in plan provisions	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	278,964	(2,471,710)	1,157,106
Changes in assumptions	3,216,267	(493,901)	(2,247,276)
Benefit payments	(1,159,789)	(756,828)	(859,920)
Net change in total OPEB liability (asset)	6,091,323	(69,414)	1,464,774
Total OPEB liability (asset) - beginning	44,036,061	44,105,475	42,640,701
Total OPEB liability (asset) - ending	\$ 50,127,384	\$ 44,036,061	\$ 44,105,475
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 26,678,721	\$ 26,510,827	\$ 23,982,615
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	187.89%	166.11%	183.91%

Notes: GASB 75 requires information to be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

Discount rate 2018	3.50%
Discount rate 2019	3.50%
Discount rate 2020	1.93%

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Other Postemployment Benefits

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarially Determined Contributions (a)	Actual Employer Contributions (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll (b)/c)
12-31-11	2,951,291	156,308	2,794,983	19,912,927	0.78%
12-31-12	2,508,987	213,167	2,295,820	19,602,474	1.09%
12-31-13	2,508,987	319,628	2,189,359	20,953,006	1.53%
12-31-14	3,482,856	237,908	3,244,948	21,310,668	1.12%
12-31-15	3,482,856	291,447	3,191,409	22,229,044	1.31%
12-31-16	5,710,291	387,467	5,322,824	22,994,997	1.69%
12-31-17	4,247,352	628,515	3,618,837	22,666,280	2.77%
12-31-18	4,656,213	859,920	3,796,293	23,982,615	3.59%
12-31-19	4,863,059	756,828	4,106,231	26,510,827	2.85%
12-31-20	4,886,290	1,159,789	3,726,501	26,678,721	4.35%

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date Actuarily determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 in the year

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method: Projected unit credit
Amortization method: Level dollar, open
Amortization period: 30 years

Asset valuation method: Fair market value

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-65 medical costs were trended at 9.00% in the first year, graded down to 5.00% over

11 years; post-65 medical costs were trended at a flat 5.00% per year. Dental and vision

costs were trended at a flat 4.00% per year.

Retirement age: Estimate of future plan experience and is based on a combination of plan experience and

the experience of similar plans.

Mortality: SOA RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality adjusted to 2006 base mortality year and then

generational mortality improvement applied using scale MP-2020.

Other information: None

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

						Actual Budgetary		Variance With Final Budget
		Budgeted	d Amo			Basis		Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Revenues:					_			
Taxes	\$	17,000,000	\$	12,257,301	\$	12,163,173	\$	(94,128)
Licenses and permits		1,918,000		1,918,000		1,972,872		54,872
Intergovernmental		24,309,724		24,200,371		26,299,978		2,099,607
Charges for services		2,356,500		2,356,500		3,148,571		792,071
Fines and forfeits		76,000		76,000		88,887		12,887
Other	_	790,000	-	790,000	_	482,830	_	(307,170)
Total revenues		46,450,224	_	41,598,172	_	44,156,311	_	2,558,139
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
Board of Works:		4 540 000		4 500 004		4 007 004		202 242
Personal services		1,519,988		1,520,634		1,237,691		282,943
Other services and charges		1,207,575		2,058,913	_	1,974,196	_	84,717
Total Board of Works		2,727,563		3,579,547	_	3,211,887	_	367,660
Mayor:								
Personal services		758,264		1,296,164		1,094,932		201,232
Supplies		8,900		14,707		10,833		3,874
Other services and charges		224,962		246,280		219,337		26,943
Capital outlay		1,500		15,000	_	13,979	_	1,021
Total Mayor	_	993,626	_	1,572,151	_	1,339,081	_	233,070
Cemetery:								
Personal services		34,601		34,930		16,647		18,283
Supplies		5,250		2,064		637		1,427
Other services and charges		52,600		55,786		55,472		314
Capital outlay				9,030	_	9,030	_	
Total Cemetery		92,451		101,810	_	81,786	_	20,024
Controller:								
Personal services		811,682		817,840		755,646		62,194
Supplies		5,000		5,519		3,499		2,020
Other services and charges		268,550		368,609		327,529		41,080
Capital outlay		500			_		_	
Total Controller		1,085,732		1,191,968	_	1,086,674	_	105,294
Clerk:								
Personal services		180,898		182.208		164.484		17.724
Supplies		2,300		2,300		1,450		850
Other services and charges		38,890		38.890		26,872		12.018
Capital outlay		500		500	_	249	_	251
Total Clerk	_	222,588		223,898	_	193,055	_	30,843
Planning:								
Personal services		1,541,603		1,685,983		1,491,901		194,082
Supplies		35,090		35,090		31,538		3,552
Other services and charges		365,115		401,403		302,219		99,184
Capital outlay	_	5,560		10,560	_	6,868	_	3,692
Total Planning		1,947,368		2,133,036		1,832,526		300,510
. 5.aa	_	.,547,550	_	_,.50,000	_	.,502,020	_	300,010

 $The \ notes \ to \ the \ required \ supplementary \ information \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ the \ required \ supplementary \ information.$

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

			Actual Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted Ar		Basis	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued): Current (continued):				
General government (continued):				
City Attorney:				
Personal services	-	161,299	134,751	26,548
Supplies	-	100	80	20
Other services and charges	600,000	588,601	584,462	4,139
Total City Attorney	600,000	750,000	719,293	30,707
Court:				
Personal services	345,989	348,568	295,761	52,807
Supplies	2,950	2,950	2,749	201
Other services and charges	82,000	82,000	79,582	2,418
Capital outlay	900	900	490	410
Total Court	431,839	434,418	378,582	55,836
IT:				
Personal services	861,585	289,393	286,039	3,354
Supplies	9,425	9,425	6,833	2,592
Other services and charges	653,560	1,208,916	1,208,531	385
Capital outlay	368,500	121,742	116,335	5,407
Total IT	1,893,070	1,629,476	1,617,738	11,738
Council:				
Personal services	357,607	359,244	330,149	29,095
Supplies	500	2,300	2,285	15
Other services and charges	55,000	53,200	39,959	13,241
Total Council	413,107	414,744	372,393	42,351
Human Resources:				
Personal services	425,179	428,351	403,513	24,838
Supplies	4,100	4,132	2,497	1,635
Other services and charges	33,550	33,568	28,053	5,515
Total Human Resources	462,829	466,051	434,063	31,988
Maintenance:				
Personal services	576,285	579,822	517,484	62,338
Supplies	119,800	119,800	106,661	13,139
Other services and charges	778,305	841,131	802,447	38,684
Capital outlay	246,000	209,000	31,929	177,071
Total Maintenance	1,720,390	1,749,753	1,458,521	291,232
Economic Development:				
Personal services	480,118	466,719	441,486	25,233
Supplies	2,977	2,475	1,152	1,323
Other services and charges	492,919	810,877	659,537	151,340
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	560	440
Total Economic Development	977,014	1,281,071	1,102,735	178,336

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of the required supplementary information.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2020 (Continued)

			Actual Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted		Basis	Positive
F 19 7 9 10	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures (continued): Current (continued): Engineering:				
Personal services	1,381,863	1,389,602	1,367,169	22,433
Supplies	29,600	29,600	15,907	13,693
Other services and charges	227,598	305,886	210,344	95,542
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500		2,500
Total Engineering	1,641,561	1,727,588	1,593,420	134,168
Unappropriated:			4 407 0 40	(4.407.040)
Transfer out Unclassified	-	-	1,167,046	(1,167,046)
Unclassified			34,042	(34,042)
Total Unappropriated			1,201,088	(1,201,088)
Unclassified	075.000	544.000	500.400	
Personal services	875,000	511,000	508,162	2,838
Other services and charges Capital outlay	455,046 250,000	55,344	29,924	25,420
Total Unclassified	1,580,046	566,344	538,086	28,258
Total general government	16,789,184	17,821,855	17,160,928	660,927
Public safety: Police:				
Personal services	10,985,752	11,942,675	10,816,586	1,126,089
Supplies	580,330	512,161	403,826	108,335
Other services and charges	810,891	829,519	594,659	234,860
Capital outlay	58,047	74,623	69,818	4,805
Total Police	12,435,020	13,358,978	11,884,889	1,474,089
Fire:				
Personal services	15,801,389	17,116,391	15,772,803	1,343,588
Supplies	446,984	482,198	454,119	28,079
Other services and charges	1,198,982	1,052,515	911,823	140,692
Capital outlay	460,456	652,489	451,524	200,965
Unclassified			3,064	(3,064)
Total Fire	17,907,811	19,303,593	17,593,333	1,710,260
Total public safety	30,342,831	32,662,571	29,478,222	3,184,349
Total expenditures	47,132,015	50,484,426	46,639,150	3,845,276
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,277,695	2,277,695	2,277,695	-
Transfers out		(750,000)	(750,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,277,695	1,527,695	1,527,695	
Net change in fund balances	1,595,904	(7,358,559)	(955,144)	6,403,415
Fund balance - beginning	(50,468,011)	(73,087,610)	30,306,617	103,394,227
Fund balance - December 31	\$ (48,872,107)	\$ (80,446,169)	\$ 29,351,473	\$ 109,797,642

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGET/GAAP RECONCILIATION GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

The major differences between Budgetary (Non-GAAP) basis and GAAP basis are:

- a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on a budgetary basis to a GAAP basis are as follows:

	 General
Net change in fund balance (budgetary basis) Adjustments:	\$ (955,144)
To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals	 1,000,204 (90,760)
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$ (45,700)

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note I. Financial Report - Pension Plans

A. Changes in assumptions since the prior year:

1925 Police Officers' and 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plans:

- For converted members, the July 1, 2020 COLA was updated from the ongoing valuation assumption to reflect the known increase of 2.1%. Beginning July 1, 2021, the assumption reverts back to the assumed annual rate, which increased to 2.1% from the 2.0% used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. For non-converted members, the COLA assumption was updated from 2.50% to 2.75% in alignment with the salary increase assumption.
- The morality assumption was updated to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-Weighted) with a fully generational projection of mortality improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019.
- The retirement rates for the converted members were adjusted to align more closely with recent experience using a 3-year set forward for males and no set forward for females.
- The disability rates were adjusted to align more closely with recent experience using a 3-year set forward for males and no set forward for females.
- Of active member deaths 20% are assumed to occur in the line of duty, an increase from 10% as of December 31, 2019.
- The percentage of female members assumed to be married was updated from 50% to 60%. There was no change to the percentage of male members assumed to be married. The number of years female members are assumed to be younger than their spouses was updated from 0 years to 2 years. There was no change to the assumed age difference between male members and their spouses.

PERF and 1977 Plans:

- Due to the passage of Senate Enrolled Act No. 373, in lieu of a 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment, beginning on January 1, 2020, the adjustment will be replaced by a thirteenth check for 2020 and 2021. Thereafter, the adjustment would be 0.40% beginning on January 1, 2022, changing to 0.50% beginning on January 1, 2034 and ultimately 0.60% beginning on January 1, 2039.
- The salary increase assumption increased from 2.50% used in the June 30, 2019 valuation to 2.75% used in the June 30, 2020 valuation.
- B. Method and assumptions used in the calculations of actuarially determined contributions:

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of the 1925 Police Officers' and 1937 Firefighters' Pension plans contributions are calculated as of December 31, 2019 and are based upon the results of an experience study which covered the period beginning July 1, 2015 and ending June 30, 2020. The following actuarial method and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in their respective schedules:

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)

1925 Police Officers' and 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plans

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal - Level percent of payroll Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

The initial amortization period for liability experience gains / Remaining amortization period

> losses and assumption change gains / losses is the number of years equal to the average expected future working lifetime of all members, active and inactive. A period less than one results in the remaining balance being fully recognized during the

current year.

Price Inflation 2.25% Salary increases, including wage inflation 2.75%

Non-converted - 2.75% per year in retirement beginning July 1,

Cost-of-Living increases Converted - 2.1% per year in retirement beginning July 1, 2021. The actual cost-of-living increase of 2.1% effective July 1, 2020

is reflected in the liability valuation at January 1, 2020.

Discount rate The discount rate used for the December 31, 2020 valuation

> was 0.00%. This is a blend of the expected return in assets and a bond rate directed by INPRS based on the Barclay's 20year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2020. This is a consistent rate that was used for the December 31, 2019

valuation.

Mortality assumption Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables (Amount-

Weighted) with a fully generational projection of mortality

improvements using SOA Scale MP-2019.

Healthy Employees - Safety Employee table with a 3 year set

forward for males and no set forward for females.

Retirees - Safety Retiree table with a 3 year set forward for

males and no set forward for females.

Beneficiaries - Contingent Survivor table with no set forward for

males and a 2 year set forward for females.

Disableds - General Disabled table.

Pre-retirement death Of active member deaths, 20% are assumed to be in the line of

duty and 80% are other than in the line of duty.

An experience study was performed in 2020 resulting in an update to several assumptions. These assumption changes included a change in the mortality assumptions, retirement assumptions, withdrawal assumptions, disability assumptions, dependent spouse assumptions and future salary increase assumptions. The COLA assumptions, the line-of-duty death assumption and DROP election rate assumptions for 77 Plans were changed. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contribution rates reported in their respective schedules:

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)

PERF - Civil:

Valuation date:

Actuarial cost method (funding)

Assets June 30, 2020

Liabilities The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined

based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward one year to June 30, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs, such as benefit accruals and actual benefit payments during that time period.

Entry Age Normal - Level percent of payroll

Actuarial amortization method for unfunded liability

Level dollar

Actuarial amortization period for unfunded liability

20 years, closed

Remaining amortization period in years (weighted) 24 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothing of gains and losses on the Market Value of

assets subject to a 20% corridor

Investment rate of return (funding) 6.75%, includes inflation, and net of administrative and

investment expenses

Cost of living increases As of June 30, 2020: in lieu of a cost-of-living adjustment on

January 1, 2021, members in pay were provided a 13th check on October 1, 2020. Thereafter, the following cost-of-living

 $adjustments,\ compounded\ annually,\ were\ assumed:$

0.4% beginning on January 1, 2022 0.5% beginning on January 1, 2034 0.6% beginning on January 1, 2039

Future salary increases, including inflation 2.50% - 4.25% based on age

Inflation 2.25%

1977 Funds:

Valuation date:

Liabilities

Assets June 30, 2020

The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward one year to June 30, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs, such as benefit

Entry Age Normal - Level percent of payroll

Actuarial cost method (funding)

Actuarial amortization method for unfunded liability

Actuarial amortization period for unfunded liability

30 years, open

Remaining amortization period in years (weighted) 30 years, open

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothing of gains and losses on the Market Value of

assets subject to a 20% corridor

Investment rate of return (funding) 6.75%, includes inflation, and net of administrative and

investment expenses

Interest on member balances 3.50%

Cost of living increases 2.1% compounded annually, beginning July 1, 2020. Actual

COLA increases at July 1, 2019 (1.6%) and July 1, 2020

accruals and actual benefit payments during that time period.

(2.1%) are reflected in the valuation.

Future salary increases, including inflation 2.50%

Inflation 2.25%

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)

Note II. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis which is not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before August 31, the City Executive Fiscal Officer submits to the Common Council a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January 1. Prior to adoption, the Notice to Taxpayers is submitted through the State's Gateway portal, and a public hearing is conducted by the Common Council to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to November 1 of each year, the Common Council through the passage of an ordinance approves the budget for the next year. Copies of the budget ordinance, along with all budget forms for funds for which property taxes are levied or highway use taxes are received are submitted via Gateway to the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget becomes legally enacted after the City receives approval of the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance.

The primary government's management cannot transfer budgeted appropriations between object classifications of a budget without approval of the Common Council. The Indiana Department of Local Government Finance must approve any revisions to the appropriations for any fund or any department of the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is by object and department within the fund for the General Fund and by object within the fund for all other budgeted funds.

Formal budgetary integration is required by state statute and is employed as a management control device. An annual budget was legally adopted for the following funds:

Major funds:

General – (includes Rainy Day Fund)

Nonmajor funds:

Special revenue:

Motor Vehicle Highway Local Road and Street Local Law Enforcement Continuing Education Park and Recreation Parking Meter Promotion

Debt service:

DS/Park District Bonds of 2018 - Finch Creek Park
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - Fire Station 7/Street Department
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 - Fire Stations 5 & 6
DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2013 - Little Chicago Road
DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B - City Hall
DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2015 - Hazel Dell
DS/Capital Improvement Short-Term Debt

Capital projects:

Cumulative Capital Improvement Cumulative Capital Development Fire Cumulative Control 2016 LOIT Special Distribution for Roads Downtown Development

Supplemental Schedules

Special revenue funds - used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. The title of the fund is descriptive of the activities involved. The primary government maintains the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

maintains the following nonmajor special revenue funds:									
Motor Vehicle Highway -	To account for street construction and the operations of the street and maintenance department. Recent statutory restrictions require that at least 50 percent of the revenue be used on construction, reconstruction, or preservation of the local highway and streets and with the remaining percent to be designated as general unallocated costs or maintenance. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy and by state motor vehicle highway distributions.								
Local Road and Street -	To account for operation and maintenance of local and arterial road and street systems. Financing is provided by state gasoline tax distributions.								
Local Law Enforcement Continuing Education -	To account for expenditures related to continuing education of law enforcement officers employed by the City. Financing is provided by fees collected for gun permit applications, accident report copies, motor checks, and the violation of City ordinances.								
Parks and Recreation -	To account for the operations of the City parks and activities sponsored by the parks department. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy, charges for use of park facilities, and donations.								
Parks Program Fees -	To account for the operations of the City golf courses and special events. Financing is provided by golf revenue and fees charged for park events.								
Parking Meter -	To account for the acquisition and maintenance of parking lots. Financing is provided by fees collected for violation of City ordinance governing public parking.								
Tree Board Donation -	To account for Federal grant monies used for planting trees in urban areas.								
Police Donation -	To account for donations received for police department expenditures.								
Fire Donation -	To account for donations received for fire department expenditures.								
Park Donation -	To account for donations received for park department expenditures.								
Cemetery Donation -	To account for donations received for cemetery department expenditures.								
Civil City Donation -	To account for donations received for general government expenditures.								
Alarm Permits -	To account for costs of projects or equipment for communication needs. Financing was provided by enhanced 911 collections.								

related to special events.

To account for joint venture between property owners and the City for the maintenance of the electronic sign outside of City Hall. Residents paid for

To account for the summer concert series and other City special events. Financing is provided by donations from the community and revenue

the materials and the City provided the Labor.

City Hall Sign -

Event Sponsorships -

(Continued)

Promotion - To account for the promotion of the City. Financing is provided by other

funds of the City.

Accrued Sick Leave Payout - To allow the pay out of sick hours the employee has accumulated during

employment with the City when the employee leaves their employment with the City. The payout is a percentage of the hours accumulated and

is based on the number of years of service.

Asset Forfeitures - To account for cash assets that have been seized during illegal activity

and used to pay the costs of police training or any settlements.

Court Record Perpetuation - To account for equipment or supplies used by the City Court. Financing

is provided by document storage fees.

Hazmat Reimbursement - To account for the Fire Department cleanup of hazardous spills. Financing

is provided by payment to the City by the responsible party.

Economic Incentive

Revolving - To account for monies associated with Common Council approved

developer agreements. Financing is provided by other funds of the City.

Deferral - To account for fees collected from individuals involved in the deferral pro-

gram and used to pay costs of prosecuting City ordinances.

Self-Insurance

Unemployment - To account for the City's share of unemployment claims. Financing is pro-

vided by other funds of the City.

Trail Maintenance - To account for funds accumulated for trail maintenance.

DOJ-Block Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of public safety personnel wage expenditures.

Community Development

Block Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of recreation expenditures.

186th & Cumberland Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of road improvement expenditures.

Greenfield & Howe

Intersection Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of road improvement expenditures.

Midland Trace Trail Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of recreation expenditures.

Industrial Development Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of industrial development expenditures.

19th & Pleasant Intersection

Grant - To account for Federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of road improvement expenditures.

(Continued)

Community Crossings

Matching Grant - To account for State grant monies received by the City for reimbursement

of road improvement expenditures.

Corona Relief Grant - To account for federal grant monies received by the City for

reimbursement of public health and safety payroll, hazard pay and

administrative expenditures incurred due to COVID-19.

Redevelopment Commission

Professional Services - To account for the professional services expenditures of the City's

Redevelopment Commission. Financing is provided by other funds of the

City.

Debt service funds - used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and retirement of, general long-term debt principal and interest. The primary government maintains the following nonmajor debt service funds:

DS/Bldg Authority Mortgage Bonds,

Series 2001 -

Fire Station 2 - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for Fire Station 2 through January 15, 2019.

DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds,

Series 2014 -

Fire Stations 5 & 6 - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for Fire Stations 5 and 6 through January 15, 2025.

Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy.

DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding

Bonds of 2013 -

Little Chicago Road - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for Little Chicago Road through January 15, 2026.

Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy.

DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds,

Series 2014B - City Hall - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for the City Hall through January 15, 2025. Financing is

provided by an annual property tax levy.

DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds,

Series 2016 - Fire Station 7

/Street Department - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for Fire Station 7 and the new Street Department Facility through July 15, 2028. Financing is provided by an annual property tax

levy.

DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds

of 2015 - Hazel Dell - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

lease payments for Hazel Dell Road through February 1, 2029. Financing

is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

(Continued)

DS/Park District Bonds of 2018 -

Finch Creek -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual bond payments for Finch Creek Park improvements through December 31, 2037. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy.

DP/Refunding COIT Revenue

Bonds 2019 -

To account for the bond proceeds used to fund the escrow account for the refunding of the County Option Income Tax Revenue Bonds of 2009.

DP/Issue LIT Refunding Revenue

Bond 2019 -

To account for the expenditures of issuance costs associated with the refund of the County Option Income Tax Revenue Bonds of 2009. Financing is provided by bond proceeds.

DS/Capital Improvement

Short-Term Debt -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of bond payments for annual capital improvement projects. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy.

DSR Tax Annual Appropriation

Eco Bonds 2019 -

To account for the funding of a new debt service reserve account to be held by the Bank of New York. Financing is provided by other funds of the City.

DS/COIT Sinking -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual bond payments for Fox Prairie Golf Course through January 1, 2020. Financing is provided by other funds of the City.

This fund was previously classified as a stabilization fund within the General Fund. The fund has been reclassified to a debt service fund in 2018.

DS Campus Center 2019 Bonds -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of capitalized interest. Financing is provided by the transfer of funds from the Corporate Campus West and Hamilton Town Center Tax Increment Financing Funds.

DS/Levinson Garage 2019 Bonds -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of capitalized interest. Financing is provided by bond proceeds.

Noblesville Building Corporation -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of general obligation bonds issued by the Noblesville Building Corporation (a component unit if the City of Noblesville). Financing is provided by semiannual lease payments from the Fire Station 2, Fire Station 5 & 6, Fire Station 7/Street Department and City Hall bond funds.

(Continued)

Capital projects funds - used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The primary government maintains the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

Cumulative Capital

Improvement - To account for financial resources related to the improvement projects

financed by state cigarette tax distributions.

Cumulative Capital

Development - To account for expenditures related to the capital improvements for the

City. Financing is provided by a specific property tax levy.

Fire Cumulative Control - To account for expenditures related to the Fire Department capital im-

provements and acquisitions. Financing is provided by a specific annual

property tax levy.

Park Non-Tax Capital - To account for park expenditures related to long-term maintenance or

capital improvements. Financing is provided by golf course revenue.

School Sale Proceeds - To account for capital expenditures for the roadway improvements

adjacent to the new Promise Road Elementary. Financing was provided

by proceeds of the sale of the old Forest Hill School property.

Park Impact Fee - To account for expenditures relating to the maintenance, landscaping and

development of parks. Financing is provided by permit charges assessed

for new residential and commercial construction.

Road Impact Fee - To account for expenditures relating to the maintenance of City streets.

Financing is provided by permit charges assessed for new residential and

commercial construction.

DP/Field Drive Bridge - To account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to Field

Drive infrastructure. Financing was provided by note and bond proceeds.

Downtown/Logan Street

Tax Increment Financing - To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of semiannual

bond payments for Field Drive through January 15, 2023, semiannual bond payments for Maple Avenue through December 15, 2028, semiannual lease payments for Hague Road through January 15, 2024, semiannual lease payments for Federal Hill through February 1, 2040, payment of semiannual lease payments for BlueSky through July 15, 2029 and to account for the expenditures for capital improvements. Financing

is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Business Park Tax

Increment Financing - To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual

bond payments for Ivy Tech through January 15, 2029 and to account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to the Business Park.

Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

(Continued)

Corporate Campus Tax Increment Financing – West -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual lease payments for the 146th Street expansion through February 1, 2032 and the expenditures for capital improvements related to Corporate Campus infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Corporate Campus Tax Increment Financing – East -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of semiannual lease payments for the Exit 10 expansion through January 15, 2028, semiannual bond payments for the Cabela's development through January 15, 2026, semiannual bond payments for the Embassy Suites development through July 31, 2031 and to account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to Corporate Campus infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Hazel Dell Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to Hazel Dell Road expansion. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

State Road 37 – 146th Street Tax Increment

Financing -

To account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to State Road $37 - 146^{th}$ Street infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Stoney Creek East Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payments of semiannual bond payments for the LA Fitness development through December 15, 2020, semiannual lease payments for Stoney Creek East improvements through February 1, 2020, semiannual lease payments for Union Chapel Road through August 1, 2029 and to account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to Stoney Creek East infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

SMC Corporation Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual lease payments for the SMC improvements through February 1, 2031 and the expenditures for capital improvements related to SMC infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Bergen – Tegler Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the expenditures for capital improvements related to Bergen - Tegler infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

(Continued)

Hamilton Town Center Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of semiannual bond payments for Earthfare through December 15, 2020, semiannual lease payments for the Hamilton Town Center improvements through February 1, 2032 and the expenditures for capital improvements related to Hamilton Town Center infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Pleasant Street Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the accumulation of resources and the expenditures for capital improvements related to Pleasant Street infrastructure. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

Downtown Development -

To account for the expenditures for the betterment of the Downtown District. Financing is provided by local income tax.

Finch Creek Fieldhouse Tax Increment Financing -

To account for the accumulation of resources and the expenditures for reimbursements related to the construction of the Finch Creek Fieldhouse. Financing is provided by an annual tax increment revenue.

DP/Finch Creek Park -

To account for the expenditures of the Finch Creek Park projects. Financing is provided by the bond proceeds from the 2018 Park District Bonds.

146th Street Reimbursement -

To account for the reimbursement of funds from the Federal grant monies. Financing came from Federal grants.

Forest Park Rail Yard Rehabilitation -

To account for the expenditures related to the Forest Park Rail Yard. Financing is provided by train car storage fees.

2016 LOIT Special Distribution -

To account for the expenditures of road and bridge improvements. Financing came from a one-time special distribution from the county's trust account maintained by the State under the former local income tax laws.

DP/Equip Lease Purchase Loans in Escrow -

To account for the expenditures for vehicles and equipment purchased through the lease purchase program. Financing is provided by loan proceeds.

DP/Annual Capital Improvement

Projects -

To account the expenditures for public safety, roadways, parks and other municipal facilities. Financing is provided by the bond proceeds from the issuance of the Capital Projects Short-Term General Obligation Bonds of 2019.

DP Campus Center 2019 Bonds -

To account for expenditures associated with the Carter Jackson economic development project. Financing is provided by bond proceeds.

(Continued)

DP/Levinson Garage 2019 Bonds -

To account for expenditures associated with the Levinson garage economic development project. Financing is provided by bond proceeds.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		_ ;	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Totals
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	11,407,998	\$	6,142,680	\$	44,661,192	\$	62,211,870
Taxes		475,791		519,009		585,023		1,579,823
Accounts Intergovernmental		60,867 914,744		217,258		80,233		60,867 1,212,235
mengovenmentai		314,744	_	217,230	-	00,233		1,212,233
Total assets	\$	12,859,400	\$	6,878,947	\$	45,326,448	\$	65,064,795
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	\$	690,832 217,124	\$	1,700	\$	343,333	\$	1,035,865 217,124
Contracts payable		550,812		-		329,086		879,898
Interfund payable - pooled cash		32,718	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		32,718
Total liabilities		1,491,486	_	1,700		672,419		2,165,605
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		817,293	_	556,238		165,256		1,538,787
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		2,308,779	_	557,938		837,675		3,704,392
Fund balances:								
Spendable: Restricted		5,432,720		6,321,009		8,900,961		20,654,690
Committed		226,014		-		28,436,389		28,662,403
Assigned		4,891,887		-		7,151,423		12,043,310
Unassigned			_					
Total fund balances		10,550,621	_	6,321,009		44,488,773		61,360,403
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	12,859,400	\$	6,878,947	\$	45,326,448	\$	65,064,795

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Totals
Revenues:	¢ 0.764.540	¢ 0.000.464	¢ 20.062.506	¢ 20.024.200
Taxes	\$ 9,764,540	\$ 8,293,164	\$ 20,963,586	\$ 39,021,290
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	166,973 7,286,409	673,120	988.757	166,973 8,948,286
Charges for services	1,979,166	073,120	3,139,877	5,119,043
Fines and forfeits	43,305	-	3,139,077	43,305
Other	232,417	23,089	333,612	589,118
Other	232,417	23,009	333,012	309,110
Total revenues	19,472,810	8,989,373	25,425,832	53,888,015
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	718,197	8,550	746,344	1,473,091
Public safety	463,409	-	1,299,221	1,762,630
Highways and streets	7,156,186	-	1,146,083	8,302,269
Economic Development	267,914	-	2,725,592	2,993,506
Culture and recreation	5,297,611	325	1,052,110	6,350,046
Debt service:				
Principal	747,465	5,645,000	3,444,778	9,837,243
Interest	48,660	1,475,446	374,812	1,898,918
Capital outlay	4,040,643		15,255,607	19,296,250
Total expenditures	18,740,085	7,129,321	26,044,547	51,913,953
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			4	
over (under) expenditures	732,725	1,860,052	(618,715)	1,974,062
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in - lease payments	-	2,707,000	-	2,707,000
Transfers in	2,883,101	1,319,530	550,982	4,753,613
Transfers out - lease payments	-	(5,180,000)	(12,624,625)	(17,804,625)
Transfers out	(2,109,943)	(603,500)	(2,366,463)	(5,079,906)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	-	-	200,000	200,000
Bonds issued	-	-	4,735,000	4,735,000
Financing by capital lease			3,297,544	3,297,544
Total other financing sources and uses	773,158	(1,756,970)	(6,207,562)	(7,191,374)
Net change in fund balances	1,505,883	103,082	(6,826,277)	(5,217,312)
Fund balances - beginning	9,044,738	6,217,927	51,315,050	66,577,715
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,550,621	\$ 6,321,009	\$ 44,488,773	\$ 61,360,403

<u>Assets</u>		otor Vehicle Highway	_	Local Road and Street	_	Local Law Enforcement Continuing Education	_	Parks and Recreation		Parks Program Fees
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,589,613	\$	3,524,728	\$	117,637	\$	611,573	\$	1,107,639
Receivables: Taxes		338,240		-		-		137,551		-
Intergovernmental Accounts		580,518 -	_	235,498	_	- 255	_	98,728 211	_	683
Total assets	\$	4,508,371	\$	3,760,226	\$	117,892	\$	848,063	\$	1,108,322
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	\$	76,477 133,913	\$	346	\$	6,189	\$	58,892 59,186	\$	532,822 24,025
Contracts payable Interfund payable - pooled cash		550,051		-		-		-		-
interrunu payable - pobled casii	_		_		-		_			
Total liabilities	_	760,441	_	346	_	6,189	_	118,078	_	556,847
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue		581,014	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	236,279		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	1,341,455	_	346	_	6,189	_	354,357		556,847
Fund balances:										
Spendable: Restricted		1,068,843		3,759,880		111,703		-		-
Committed Assigned		2,098,073		-		-		493,706		- 551,475
Unassigned		-	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Total fund balances		3,166,916		3,759,880	_	111,703	_	493,706	_	551,475
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	4,508,371	\$	3,760,226	\$	117,892	\$	848,063	\$	1,108,322

<u>Assets</u>	Pai	rking Meter	_	Tree Board Donation	Police Donation	Fire Donation	Park Donation
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	360,609	\$	6,436	\$ 28,870	\$ 8,159	\$ 330
Taxes Intergovernmental Accounts		- - -	_	- - -	27,000		- - -
Total assets	\$	360,609	\$	6,436	\$ 55,870	\$ 8,159	\$ 330
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	6,189	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		-		-	-	-	-
Contracts payable Interfund payable - pooled cash		-		-	-	-	-
interiuna payable - pooled casr		<u>-</u>	_				
Total liabilities		6,189	_	<u>-</u>			
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue		-		_	_	_	_
			_				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		6,189	_				
Fund balances: Spendable:							
Restricted		-		-	-	-	-
Committed Assigned		- 354,420		6,436	- 55,870	- 8,159	330
Unassigned			_	-			
Total fund balances		354,420	_	6,436	55,870	8,159	330
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	360,609	\$	6,436	\$ 55,870	\$ 8,159	\$ 330

<u>Assets</u>	metery		Civil City Donation	Alarm Permits	City Hall Sign		Event onsorships
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50	\$	33,157	\$ -	\$	- \$	40,233
Receivables:							
Taxes Intergovernmental	-		-	-		-	-
Accounts							_
Total assets	\$ 50	\$	33,157	<u>\$</u>	\$	- \$	40,233
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	50	\$ -	\$	- \$	100
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	-			-		-	-
Contracts payable Interfund payable - pooled cash	-		761	-		-	-
interiuna payable - poolea easi	 						
Total liabilities	 		811				100
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue	-		-	-		-	-
		-					
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 		811				100
Fund balances:							
Spendable:							
Restricted Committed	-		-	-		-	-
Assigned	50		32,346	-		-	40,133
Unassigned	 					<u> </u>	-
Total fund balances	50		32,346	_		_	40,133
			52,010				. 5, 100
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 50	\$	33,157	<u> </u>	\$	- \$	40,233

<u>Assets</u>	Pı	romotion	Si	Accrued ick Leave Payout	_	Asset Forfeitures		Court Records Perpetuation	Hazmat Reimbursement
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes Intergovernmental Accounts	\$	68,380 - - -	\$	330,209	\$	9,438 - - -	\$	70,534 - - -	\$ - - - -
Total assets	\$	68,380	\$	330,209	\$	9,438	\$	70,534	<u>\$</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable Interfund payable - pooled cash	\$	1,531 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	214 - - -	\$	152 - - -	\$ - - - -
Total liabilities		1,531			_	214	_	152	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		1,531			_	214	_	152	
Fund balances: Spendable: Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		- - 66,849 -		- - 330,209 -	_	9,224 -		70,382 - - -	- - - -
Total fund balances		66,849		330,209	_	9,224	_	70,382	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	68,380	\$	330,209	\$	9,438	\$	70,534	\$

<u>Assets</u>	Economic Incentive Revolving	_	Deferral	mployment Insurance	M	Trail aintenance
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes	\$ 226,014	\$	393,017	\$ 361,825	\$	220,352
Intergovernmental Accounts	 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ 226,014	\$	393,017	\$ 361,825	\$	220,352
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable Interfund payable - pooled cash	\$ - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - -
Total liabilities	 		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 	_	<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>
Fund balances: Spendable:			202 247			
Restricted Committed	226,014		393,017	-		-
Assigned Unassigned	 -		-	 361,825		220,352
Total fund balances	 226,014	_	393,017	 361,825	_	220,352
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 226,014	\$	393,017	\$ 361,825	\$	220,352

<u>Assets</u>	DOJ-B	lock Grant	Community Development Block Grant	186th & Cumberland Grant	Greenfield & Howe Intersection Grant	idland Trace Trail Grant
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	21,854	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes Intergovernmental Accounts	-	- - -	14,190	- - -	-	 - - 58
Total assets	\$	21,854	\$ 14,190	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ 58
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		-	-	-	-	-
Contracts payable		-	-	-	-	-
Interfund payable - pooled cash			14,190			 58
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	14,190	-		 58
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue				· -		 <u>-</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>	14,190	-		 58
Fund balances: Spendable:						
Restricted		21,854	-	10	-	-
Committed		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned						
Total fund balances		21,854		10		 <u> </u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	21,854	\$ 14,190	\$ 10	\$ -	\$ 58

<u>Assets</u>	Industrial Development Grant	19th & Pleasant Intersection Grant	Community Crossings Matching Grant	Corona Relief Grant	Redevelopment Commission Professional Services	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,539	\$ -	\$ 96,792	\$ 11,407,998
Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	475,791
Intergovernmental	-	40.470	-	-	-	914,744
Accounts		18,470				60,867
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 18,470	\$ 180,539	\$ -	\$ 96,792	\$ 12,859,400
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,870	\$ 690,832
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	-	-	-	-	-	217,124
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	-	550,812
Interfund payable - pooled cash		18,470				32,718
Total liabilities		18,470			7,870	1,491,486
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	-	-	817,293
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		18,470			7,870	2,308,779
Fund balances: Spendable:						
Restricted	-	-	7,031		-	5,432,720
Committed	-	-	-		-	226,014
Assigned	-	-	173,508		88,922	4,891,887
Unassigned						
Total fund balances			180,539		88,922	10,550,621
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance:	\$ -	\$ 18,470	\$ 180,539	\$ -	\$ 96,792	\$ 12,859,400

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2020

Assets	DS/Bldg Authority Mortgage Bonds, Series 2001 (Fire Station 2)		DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (Fire Stations 5&6)	Re	DS/Eco Dev Lease ental Refunding Bonds of 2013 (Little Chicago Road)	Re	S/Bldg Authority efunding Bonds, Series 2014B (City Hall)	F	DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 re Station 7/Street)
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	63,889	\$ 278,093 20,692 14,852		264,472 19,233 13,804	\$	726,520 53,721 38,558	\$	340,982 24,804 17,804
Total assets	\$	63,889	\$ 313,637	\$	297,509	\$	818,799	\$	383,590
<u>Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</u>									
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$ -	\$	1,700	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue			35,544	_	33,037		92,279		42,608
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources			35,544	_	34,737		92,279	_	42,608
Fund balances: Restricted		63,889	278,093	_	262,772		726,520		340,982
Total fund balances		63,889	278,093	_	262,772		726,520	_	340,982
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	63,889	\$ 313,637	\$	297,509	\$	818,799	\$	383,590

<u>Assets</u>	_	S/Eco Dev Lease al Refunding Bonds of 2015 (Hazel Dell)	DS/Park District Bonds of 2018 (Finch Creek) \$ 84,618 \$ 2.			Refunding Revenue		DS/Capital mprovement Short-Term Debt
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	174,826	\$	84,618	\$	2,974	\$	3,631
Receivables: Taxes Intergovernmental		52,924 37,987		19,499 13,995		-		111,818 80,258
Total assets	\$	265,737	\$	118,112	\$	2,974	\$	195,707
Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		90,911		33,494				192,076
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		90,911		33,494		<u>-</u>		192,076
Fund balances: Restricted		174,826		84,618		2,974		3,631
Total fund balances		174,826		84,618		2,974		3,631
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	265,737	\$	118,112	\$	2,974	\$	195,707

<u>Assets</u>	Ap	Tax Annual propriation Bonds 2019	DS	/COIT Sinking	_	DS Campus Center - 2019 Bonds	_	DS/Levinson Garage - 2019 Bonds		Noblesville Building Corporation	_	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	682,006	\$	1,006,887 216,318	\$	412,744	\$	613,581	\$	1,487,457 - -	\$	6,142,680 519,009 217,258
Total assets	\$	682,006	\$	1,223,205	\$	412,744	\$	613,581	\$	1,487,457	\$	6,878,947
Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances												
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,700
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue				36,289	_		_				_	556,238
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources				36,289	_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	557,938
Fund balances: Restricted		682,006		1,186,916	_	412,744	_	613,581	_	1,487,457		6,321,009
Total fund balances		682,006		1,186,916	_	412,744	_	613,581	_	1,487,457	_	6,321,009
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	682,006	\$	1,223,205	\$	412,744	\$	613,581	\$	1,487,457	\$	6,878,947

Accets	umulative Capital provement		Cumulative Capital Development	_	Fire Cumulative Control	_	Park Non-Tax Capital	School Sale Proceeds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 206,978	\$	832,119	\$	1,320,124	\$	181,367	\$ -
Taxes Accounts	-		63,270		21,753		-	-
Intergovernmental	 19,205		45,414	_	15,614			
Total assets	\$ 226,183	\$	940,803	\$	1,357,491	\$	181,367	\$
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Contacts payable	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	7,824	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -
Total liabilities	 	_	7,824	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue	 19,205		108,684	_	37,367			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 19,205	_	116,508	_	37,367	_	-	
Fund balances: Spendable: Restricted Committed Assigned	206,978		824,295 - -		1,320,124		- - 181,367	-
, 105.g. 104	 	_		_		_	101,001	
Total fund balances	 206,978		824,295	_	1,320,124	_	181,367	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 226,183	\$	940,803	\$	1,357,491	\$	181,367	\$ -

Assets	<u> Ir</u>	Park mpact Fee		Road mpact Fee		DP/Field Drive Bridge	Downtown/Logan Street Tax Increment Financing		Business Park Fax Increment Financing
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,471,580	\$	9,143,297	\$	105,122	\$ 1,030,356	\$	654,928
Receivables: Taxes		-, ,		-, -, -		,	,,		,
Accounts		-		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	_	
Total assets	\$	3,471,580	\$	9,143,297	\$	105,122	\$ 1,030,356	\$	654,928
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Contacts payable	\$	35,949 75,021	\$	27,328 13,240	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Contacts payable		73,021		13,240	_		 	_	
Total liabilities		110,970		40,568	_		 	_	-
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue					_		 -	_	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	110,970		40,568	_	<u>-</u>	 	_	
Fund balances:									
Spendable: Restricted		-		-		-	_		_
Committed		3,211,122		6,186,033		105,122	1,030,356		654,928
Assigned	_	149,488		2,916,696	_	<u>-</u>	 	_	
Total fund balances		3,360,610	_	9,102,729		105,122	 1,030,356		654,928
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,471,580	\$	9,143,297	\$	105,122	\$ 1,030,356	\$	654,928

<u>Assets</u>	Ca Tax I	rporate ampus ncrement ing - West	Car Tax In	oorate mpus crement ng - East	Ta	zel Dell Road ax Increment Financing	State Road 37 - 146th Street Tax Increment Financing		oney Creek East Tax Increment Financing
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental	\$	1,390,736	\$	57,885 - - -	\$	1,421,903 - -	\$ 1,679,960 - -	\$	1,360,196 - -
Total assets	\$	1,390,736	\$	57,885	\$	1,421,903	\$ 1,679,960	\$	1,360,196
<u>Liabilities</u> , <u>Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances</u>									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Contacts payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	- 	\$ - 112,373	\$	2,875 -
Total liabilities							112,373		2,875
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>				<u> </u>	112,373	_	2,875
Fund balances: Spendable:									
Restricted Committed Assigned		1,390,736 -		57,885 -		1,421,903 -	1,017,587 550,000		1,357,321 -
Total fund balances		1,390,736		57,885		1,421,903	1,567,587		1,357,321
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	1,390,736	\$	57,885	\$	1,421,903	\$ 1,679,960	\$	1,360,196

Accets	 SMC Corporation Fax Increment Financing		Bergen-Tegler Tax Increment Financing		Hamilton Town Center Tax Increment Financing		Pleasant Street Fax Increment Financing	[Downtown Development
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental	\$ 220,558	\$	706,895 - - -	\$	2,661,823 - -	\$	677,260 - -	\$	779,454 500,000 - -
Total assets	\$ 220,558	\$	706,895	\$	2,661,823	\$	677,260	\$	1,279,454
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Contacts payable	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	 	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	<u>-</u>
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	 	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	
Fund balances: Spendable: Restricted	_		_		_		_		_
Committed Assigned	 220,558	_	706,895	_	2,661,823	_	677,260		819,618 459,836
Total fund balances	 220,558	_	706,895	_	2,661,823	_	677,260	_	1,279,454
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 220,558	\$	706,895	\$	2,661,823	\$	677,260	\$	1,279,454

<u>Assets</u>	1	Finch Creek Fieldhouse ax Increment Financing		DP/Finch Creek Park	146th Street Reimbursement	Forest Park Rail Yard ehabilitation		2016 LOIT Special Distribution
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	191,541	\$	484,999	\$ -	\$ 35,558	\$	6,785,531
Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental		- - -		- - -	- - -	- -		- - -
Total assets	\$	191,541	\$	484,999	<u> -</u>	\$ 35,558	\$	6,785,531
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Contacts payable	\$	-	\$	187,665 -	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$	- 62,459
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	_	187,665		 35,000	_	62,459
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources				187,665		 35,000	_	62,459
Fund balances: Spendable:								
Restricted Committed Assigned		191,541 -		271,164 26,170	- - -	558 -		6,549,564 - 173,508
Total fund balances	_	191,541		297,334		 558		6,723,072
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	191,541	\$	484,999	\$ -	\$ 35,558	\$	6,785,531

	DP/Equip Lease Purchase Loans in Escrow		DP/Annual Capital Improvement Projects		DP Campus Center - 2019 Bonds		DP/Levinson Garage - 2019 Bonds			Totals	
<u>Assets</u>											
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	101,130	\$	7,404,625	\$	1,335,403	\$	419,864	\$	44,661,192	
Taxes		-		-		-		-		585,023	
Accounts Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		80,233	
into go rommonta.		_	_		_		_		_	00,200	
Total assets	\$	101,130	\$	7,404,625	\$	1,335,403	\$	419,864	\$	45,326,448	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	46,692	\$	-	\$	-	\$	343,333	
Contacts payable			_	65,993	_		_		_	329,086	
Total liabilities			_	112,685	_		_		_	672,419	
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue			_		_	<u> </u>	_			165,256	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources			_	112,685	_		_			837,675	
Fund balances: Spendable:											
Restricted		70.005		4 000 017		4 005 400		-		8,900,961	
Committed Assigned		76,395 24,735		4,622,317 2,669,623		1,335,403		419,864		28,436,389 7,151,423	
7.05igited	_	24,700		2,000,020	_		_		_	7,101,420	
Total fund balances		101,130	_	7,291,940	_	1,335,403	_	419,864		44,488,773	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	101,130	\$	7,404,625	\$	1,335,403	\$	419,864	\$	45,326,448	

	М	otor Vehicle Highway		ocal Road and Street	Local Law Enforcement Continuing Education		Parks and Recreation		Parks Program Fees
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	6,907,674	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,856,866	\$	-
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		113,208 2,726,826		1,333,700	53,765		257,093		-
Charges for services		828		1,333,700	4.750		163,711		1,767,889
Fines and forfeits		020			2,811		103,711		1,707,009
Other		24,200		_	1,233		7,297		13,740
Other		24,200			1,233	_	1,231	_	13,740
Total revenues		9,772,736	_	1,333,700	62,559	_	3,284,967	_	1,781,629
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		-		_	-		_		-
Public safety		-		_	50,410		_		-
Highways and streets		6,783,049		229,687	· -		-		-
Economic development		-		-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-	-		3,055,588		2,105,880
Debt service:									
Principal		-		597,511	-		-		149,954
Interest		-		40,143	-		-		8,517
Capital outlay		3,083,813		<u>-</u>		_	188,444		50,083
Total expenditures		9,866,862		867,341	50,410	_	3,244,032		2,314,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(94,126)		466,359	12,149	_	40,935		(532,805)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		71		_	_		500,991		1,084,704
Transfers out		(2,800)		-	-		(66,668)		(700)
Financing by capital lease						_			
Total other financing sources and uses		(2,729)		<u>-</u>		_	434,323	_	1,084,004
Net change in fund balances		(96,855)		466,359	12,149		475,258		551,199
Fund balances - beginning		3,263,771	_	3,293,521	99,554	_	18,448	-	276
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,166,916	\$	3,759,880	\$ 111,703	\$	493,706	\$	551,475

	Parking Meter	Tree Board Donation	Police Donation	Fire Donation	Park Donation
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	41,819	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Other		5,988	45,379		
Total revenues	41,819	5,988	45,379		-
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	292	-	-	-
Public safety	112,492	-	14,082	-	-
Highways and streets	· -	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	_	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	_	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	590				
Total expenditures	113,082	292	14,082		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(71,263)	5,696	31,297		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses	-				
Net change in fund balances	(71,263)	5,696	31,297	-	-
Fund balances - beginning	425,683	740	24,573	8,159	330
Fund balances - ending	\$ 354,420	\$ 6,436	\$ 55,870	\$ 8,159	\$ 330

	Cemetery Donation	Civil City Donation	Alarm Permits	City Hall Sign	Event Sponsorships
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Other		27,500	-		71,919
Total revenues		27,500			71,919
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	5,154	9,738	7,211	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	81,373
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					-
Total expenditures		5,154	9,738	7,211	81,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	22,346	(9,738)	(7,211)	(9,454)
, , ,					
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	10,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses		10,000			
Net change in fund balances	-	32,346	(9,738)	(7,211)	(9,454)
Fund balances - beginning	50		9,738	7,211	49,587
Fund balances - ending	\$ 50	\$ 32,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,133

	Promotion	Accrued Sick Leave Payout	Asset Forfeitures	Court Records Perpetuation	Hazmat Reimbursement
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	169	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	1,363	13,359	-
Other	12,395				
Total revenues	12,564		1,363	13,359	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	115,940	28,854	-	152	5
Public safety	-	274,388	214	-	-
Highways and streets	-	17,735	-	-	-
Economic development	-	27,349	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	22,052	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures	115,940	370,378	214	152	5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(103,376)	(370,378)	1,149	13,207	(5)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	152,546	700,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses	152,546	700,000		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	49,170	329,622	1,149	13,207	(5)
Fund balances - beginning	17,679	587	8,075	57,175	5
Fund balances - ending	\$ 66,849	\$ 330,209	\$ 9,224	\$ 70,382	\$ -

	Economic Incentive Revolving	Deferral	Unemployment Self-Insurance	Trail Maintenance
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-		-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	25,772	-	-
Other				
Total revenues		25,772		_
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	524,625	-	7,615	-
Public safety	-	52	-	-
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	524,625	52	7,615	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(524,625)	25,720	(7,615)	-
() () () () ()				
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	340,000	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease				<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources and uses			340,000	
Net change in fund balances	(524,625)	25,720	332,385	-
Fund balances - beginning	750,639	367,297	29,440	220,352
Fund balances - ending	\$ 226,014	\$ 393,017	\$ 361,825	\$ 220,352

	DOJ-Block Grant	Community Development Block Grant	186th & Cumberland Grant	Greenfield & Howe Intersection Grant	Midland Trace Trail Grant
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	12,190	-	10	113	-
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	14,190		_	58
Other		14,130			
Total revenues	12,190	14,190	10	113	58
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		-	-	113	-
Public safety	11,771	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets Economic development	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	14,190	-	-	- 58
Debt service:	-	14,190	-	-	30
Principal	_	_	_	_	_
Interest	-	_	_	_	-
Capital outlay	_		-	_	_
оприя от порти					
Total expenditures	11,771	14,190		113	58
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	419	<u>-</u>	10	<u>-</u> _	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(10,000)	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses	(10,000)				<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	(9,581)	-	10	-	-
Fund balances - beginning	31,435				
Fund balances - ending	\$ 21,854	\$ -	<u>\$ 10</u>	\$ -	\$ -

	Industrial Development Grant	19th & Pleasant Intersection Grant	Community Crossings Matching Grant	Corona Relief Grant	Redevelopment Commission Professional Services	Totals
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 9,764,540
Licenses and permits	-	-	-		-	166,973
Intergovernmental	-	9,952	898,252	2,048,273	-	7,286,409
Charges for services	-	-	-		-	1,979,166
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-		-	43,305
Other		8,518		-		232,417
Total revenues		18,470	898,252	2,048,273		19,472,810
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	18,498	-	718,197
Public safety	-	-	-		-	463,409
Highways and streets	-	-	125,715		-	7,156,186
Economic development	160,000	-	-		80,565	267,914
Culture and recreation	-	18,470	-		-	5,297,611
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-		-	747,465
Interest	-	-	-		-	48,660
Capital outlay			717,713			4,040,643
Total expenditures	160,000	18,470	843,428	18,498	80,565	18,740,085
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(160,000)		54,824	2,029,775	(80,565)	732,725
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	94,789	2,883,101
Transfers out	-	-	-	(2,029,775)	· -	(2,109,943)
Financing by capital lease						
Total other financing sources and uses				(2,029,775)	94,789	773,158
Net change in fund balances	(160,000)	-	54,824	-	14,224	1,505,883
Fund balances - beginning	160,000		125,715		74,698	9,044,738
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 180,539	\$ -	\$ 88,922	\$ 10,550,621

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

	DS/Bldg Authority Mortgage Bonds, Series 2001 (Fire Station 2)	DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 (Fire Stations 5&6)	DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2013 (Little Chicago Road)	DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B (City Hall)	DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Fire Station 7/Street)
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 516.243	\$ 481,993	\$ 1,342,260	\$ 620,337
Intergovernmental	a -	\$ 516,243 46,015	\$ 481,993 42,770	1,342,260	55,159
Other	-	46,015	42,770	119,463	55,159
Other					
Total revenues		562,258	524,763	1,461,723	675,496
Expenditures:			. ===		
General government	-	1,850	1,700	-	-
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance costs					
Total expenditures		1,850	1,700		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		560.408	523,063	1,461,723	675,496
over (under) experialitates		500,400	020,000	1,401,720	070,400
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in - lease payments	-	-	_	-	_
Transfers in			_	-	_
Transfers out - lease payments		(567,000)	(526,000)	(1,462,000)	(678,000)
Transfers out	-	, ,		· · · · · · · · · · ·	` -
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow					
Total other financing sources and uses	-	(567,000)	(526,000)	(1,462,000)	(678,000)
Net change in fund balances	-	(6,592)	(2,937)	(277)	(2,504)
Fund balances - beginning	63,889	284,685	265,709	726,797	343,486
Fund balances - ending	\$ 63,889	\$ 278,093	\$ 262,772	\$ 726,520	\$ 340,982

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Rental R	o Dev Lease efunding Bonds of 2015 azel Dell)		DS/Park District Bonds of 2018 (Finch Creek)	DP/Issue LIT Refunding Revenue Bonds 2019		DS/Capital Improvement Short-Term Debt
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	1,322,459	\$	487,662	\$ -	\$	2,794,559
Intergovernmental		117,693		43,360	-		248,660
Other		-		<u>-</u>		_	-
Total revenues		1,440,152		531,022		_	3,043,219
Expenditures:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Economic Development		-		-	-		-
Culture and recreation		-		325	-		-
Debt service:							
Principal		-		315,000	-		3,000,000
Interest		-		227,831	-		39,588
Bond issuance costs		<u>-</u>	_			_	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		543,156		_	3,039,588
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		1,440,152		(12,134)		_	3,631
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in - lease payments		-		-	-		-
Transfers in		681,674		-	-		-
Transfers out - lease payments		(1,947,000)		-	-		-
Transfers out		-		-	-		-
Bonds issued		-		-	-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_	-
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,265,326)	_	<u> </u>		_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		174,826		(12,134)	-		3,631
Fund balances - beginning				96,752	2,974	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	174,826	\$	84,618	\$ 2,974	\$	3,631

_	DSR Tax Annual Appropriation Eco Bonds 2019	DS/COIT Sinking	DS Campus Center - 2019 Bonds	DS/Levinson Garage - 2019 Bonds	Noblesville Building Corporation	Totals
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ 727,651	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8.293.164
Intergovernmental	5 -	\$ 727,001	a -	5 -	a -	\$ 8,293,164 673,120
Other	2,390	-	16,731	1,991	1,977	23,089
Other	2,390		10,731	1,551	1,977	23,009
Total revenues	2,390	727,651	16,731	1,991	1,977	8,989,373
Expenditures:						
General government		1,650	-	-	3,350	8,550
Economic Development		-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation			-	-		325
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	2,330,000	5,645,000
Interest	-	-	282,112	570,641	355,274	1,475,446
Bond issuance costs						
Total expenditures	_	1,650	282,112	570,641	2,688,624	7,129,321
Total experialtares		1,000	202,112	070,041	2,000,024	7,120,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	2,390	726,001	(265,381)	(568,650)	(2,686,647)	1,860,052
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in - lease payments	-	-	-	-	2,707,000	2,707,000
Transfers in	-	34,356	-	603,500	-	1,319,530
Transfers out - lease payments	-	-	-	-	-	(5,180,000)
Transfers out	-	(603,500)			-	(603,500)
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow						
Total other financing sources and uses		(569,144)		603,500	2,707,000	(1,756,970)
Net change in fund balances	2,390	156,857	(265,381)	34,850	20,353	103,082
Fund balances - beginning	\$ 679,616	\$ 1,030,059	\$ 678,125	\$ 578,731	\$ 1,467,104	6,217,927
Fund balances - ending	\$ 682,006	\$ 1,186,916	\$ 412,744	\$ 613,581	\$ 1,487,457	\$ 6,321,009

	Cumulative Capital Improvement	Cumulative Capital Development	Fire Cumulative Control	Park Non-Tax Capital	School Sale Proceeds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,291,829	\$ 443,030	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	112,682	140,700	48,375	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	66,203	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	112,682	1,432,529	491,405	66,203	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	188,702	192,557			
Public safety	100,702	102,007			_
Highways and streets		_			_
Economic Development					
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-
		4 0 4 4 0 4 4	100.010		
Principal	-	1,644,311	499,249	-	-
Interest	-	125,100	35,452	-	-
Bond issuance costs		400.000	-	-	-
Capital outlay	58,038	128,922			
Total expenditures	246,740	2,090,890	534,701		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(134,058)	(658,361)	(43,296)	66,203	
over (under) expenditures	(134,056)	(656,361)	(43,296)	00,203	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	982	-	-	-	-
Transfers out - lease payments	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(250,852)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses	982		_		(250,852)
Total other illiancing sources and uses	902				(250,052)
Net change in fund balances	(133,076)	(658,361)	(43,296)	66,203	(250,852)
Fund balances - beginning	340,054	1,482,656	1,363,420	115,164	250,852
Fund balances - ending	\$ 206,978	\$ 824,295	\$ 1,320,124	\$ 181,367	\$ -

	Park Impact Fee	Road Impact Fee	DP/Field Drive Bridge	Downtown/Logan Street Tax Increment Financing	Business Park Tax Increment Financing
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,399,551	\$ 770,010
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	1,156,328	1,917,346	-	-	-
Other	138,500				12,828
Total revenues	1,294,828	1,917,346		2,399,551	782,838
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	62,057	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	-	365,911	-	-	_
Economic Development	-	-	-	_	_
Culture and recreation	476,568	_	-	_	_
Debt service:	0,000				
Principal	-	-	-	310,000	452,400
Interest	-	-	-	51,000	132,756
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	- ,
Capital outlay	132,318	20,064			
Total expenditures	608,886	385,975		423,057	585,156
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	685,942	1,531,371		1,976,494	197,682
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	400,000	-
Transfers out - lease payments	-	-	-	(1,919,469)	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	(161,998)	(3,850)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	-	-	-	200,000	-
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Financing by capital lease					
Total other financing sources and uses				(1,481,467)	(3,850)
Net change in fund balances	685,942	1,531,371	-	495,027	193,832
Fund balances - beginning	2,674,668	7,571,358	105,122	535,329	461,096
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,360,610	\$ 9,102,729	\$ 105,122	\$ 1,030,356	\$ 654,928

	Corporate Campus Tax Increment Financing - West		Corporate Campus Tax Increment Financing - East			azel Dell Road ax Increment Financing	State Road 37 - 146th Street Tax Increment Financing		Stoney Creek East Tax Increment Financing	
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	4,160,542	\$	2,008,340	\$	928,476	\$ 1	1,274,641	\$	2,574,518
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Other						<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total revenues		4,160,542		2,008,340		928,476	1	1,274,641		2,574,518
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		1,649		6,745		_		_		6,730
Public safety		1,043		0,743		-		-		0,730
Highways and streets		_		_		_		_		_
Economic Development		15,000		_		_		_		7.059
Culture and recreation				_		_		_		- ,,,,,,
Debt service:										
Principal		_		110,000		_		_		154,800
Interest		_		17,750		_		_		2,168
Bond issuance costs		_		-		_		_		2,100
Capital outlay		_		_		_	1	1,094,955		_
						_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total expenditures		16,649		134,495	_	<u>-</u>	1	1,094,955		170,757
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		4,143,893		1,873,845		928,476		179,686		2,403,761
()		.,,		.,,		,	-	,		_,,
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		150,000
Transfers out - lease payments		(3,264,000)		(1,911,000)		-		-		(2,031,000)
Transfers out		(20,803)		(11,187)		(686,316)		(6,422)		(412,873)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Bonds issued		-		-		-		-		-
Financing by capital lease				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources and uses		(3,284,803)		(1,922,187)		(686,316)		(6,422)		(2,293,873)
Net change in fund balances		859,090		(48,342)		242,160		173,264		109,888
For disclaration in a		F04.040		400.007		4 470 740				4 0 47 466
Fund balances - beginning		531,646	-	106,227		1,179,743	1	1,394,323		1,247,433
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,390,736	\$	57,885	\$	1,421,903	\$ 1	1,567,587	\$	1,357,321

	SMC Corporation Tax Increment Financing	Bergen-Tegler Tax Increment Financing	Hamilton Town Center Tax Increment Financing	Pleasant Street Tax Increment Financing	Downtown Development	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 1,092,450		\$ 2,236,061	\$ 434,542	\$ 500,000	
Intergovernmental	-	687,000	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	
Other		4,000			400	
Total revenues	1,092,450	1,209,902	2,236,061	434,542	500,400	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,850	3,300	1,980	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-	
Economic Development		-	-	-	21,731	
Culture and recreation	-	-	366,667	-	-	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	205,200	-	-	
Interest	-	-	2,873	-	-	
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					225,357	
Total expenditures	1,850	3,300	576,720		247,088	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	1,090,600	1,206,602	1,659,341	434,542	253,312	
over (under) experialities	1,090,000	1,200,002	1,009,041	434,342	255,512	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out - lease payments	(935,000)		(1,458,000)	-	-	
Transfers out	(5,462)	(2,595)	(11,131)	(2,173)	-	
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	-	-	-	-	-	
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	
Financing by capital lease						
Total other financing sources and uses	(940,462)	(1,108,751)	(1,469,131)	(2,173)		
Net change in fund balances	150,138	97,851	190,210	432,369	253,312	
Fund balances - beginning	70,420	609,044	2,471,613	244,891	1,026,142	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 220,558	\$ 706,895	\$ 2,661,823	\$ 677,260	\$ 1,279,454	

Finch Creek Fieldhouse 146th Forest Park 2016 LOIT Tax Increment DP/Finch Street Rail Yard Special Reimbursement Rehabilitation Distribution . Revenues: 330,694 \$ \$ Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Other 115,560 2,153 Total revenues 330,694 115,560 2,153 Expenditures: Current: General government 183,228 Public safety Highways and streets 780,172 Economic Development Culture and recreation 137,500 46,395 24,980 Debt service: Principal Interest Bond issuance costs Capital outlay 489,518 535,913 183,228 Total expenditures 137,500 24,980 780,172 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (420,353) over (under) expenditures 193,194 (183,228) (22,827) (780,172) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out - lease payments Transfers out (1,653)(789, 148)Transfer from Proprietary Fund Bonds issued Financing by capital lease (1,653) Total other financing sources and uses (789,148) Net change in fund balances 191,541 (420,353)(972,376) (22,827)(780,172) Fund balances - beginning 717,687 972,376 23,385 7,503,244

Continued on next page

558

6,723,072

297,334

191,541

Fund balances - ending

Revenues:	DP/Equip Lease Purchase Loans in Escrow	DP/Annual Capital Improvement Projects	DP Campus Center - 2019 Bonds	DP/Levinson Garage - 2019 Bonds	Totals
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,963,586
Intergovernmental	-				988,757
Charges for services		-			3,139,877
Other	155		11,218	48,798	333,612
Total revenues	155		11,218	48,798	25,425,832
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	97,546			746,344
Public safety	1,299,221	-	-	-	1,299,221
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	1,146,083
Economic Development	-	-	2,081,235	600,567	2,725,592
Culture and recreation Debt service:	-	-	-	-	1,052,110
Principal	68,818	-	-	-	3,444,778
Interest	7,713	-	-	-	374,812
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,969,192	290,914		10,846,329	15,255,607
Total expenditures	3,344,944	388,460	2,081,235	11,446,896	26,044,547
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(3,344,789)	(388,460)	(2,070,017)	(11,398,098)	(618,715)
((5,5 : 1,1 55)	(555,155)	(=,=:=,=:=)	(11,000,000)	(0.10,1.10)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in					550,982
Transfers in Transfers out - lease payments	-	-	-	•	(12,624,625)
Transfers out - lease payments			_	_	(2,366,463)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund			_	_	200,000
Bonds issued		4,735,000	_	_	4,735,000
Financing by capital lease	3,297,544	4,733,000	_	_	3,297,544
. manang by capital loads	0,201,011				0,201,044
Total other financing sources and uses	3,297,544	4,735,000			(6,207,562)
Net change in fund balances	(47,245)	4,346,540	(2,070,017)	(11,398,098)	(6,826,277)
Fund balances - beginning	148,375	2,945,400	3,405,420	11,817,962	51,315,050
Fund balances - ending	\$ 101,130	\$ 7,291,940	\$ 1,335,403	\$ 419,864	\$ 44,488,773

		Motor Vehi	cle Highway		Local Road and Street							
		d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive		d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive				
Davisson	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
Revenues:				6 (50.000)	•	•	•	•				
Taxes	\$ 9,610,000	\$ 6,961,274	\$ 6,907,674		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses and permits	88,740	88,740	113,208	24,468								
Intergovernmental	2,823,775	2,685,198	2,724,903	39,705	1,289,459	1,083,159	1,328,722	245,563				
Charges for services	-	-	828	828	-	-	-	-				
Other			24,271	24,271								
Total revenues	12,522,515	9,735,212	9,770,884	35,672	1,289,459	1,083,159	1,328,722	245,563				
E												
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government:												
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-				
Unclassified	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_				
C. I diagonied												
Total general government												
Total general government												
Public safety:												
Personal services												
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unclassified												
Total public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
rotal public salety				-								
Highways and streets:												
Personal services	4,102,385	4,185,288	3,671,293	513,995	-	-	-	-				
Supplies	1,043,481	1,092,414	960,389	132,025	21,000	31,312	31,311	1				
Other services and charges	2,172,360	3,885,958	1,862,137	2,023,821	980,420	970,108	837,346	132,762				
Capital	2,700,000	3,969,462	3,083,813	885,649	50,000	50,000	-	50,000				
Unclassified	2,800		2,850	(2,850)								
Officiassified	2,000		2,030	(2,830)								
Total highways and streets	10,021,026	13,133,122	9,580,482	3,552,640	1,051,420	1,051,420	868,657	182,763				
Culture and recreation:												
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-				
Capital	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
•												
Unclassified												
Total culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
							<u> </u>					
Total expenditures	10,021,026	13,133,122	9,580,482	3,552,640	1,051,420	1,051,420	868,657	182,763				
Other financing uses:												
Other financing uses:												
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out												
Net change in fund balances	2,501,489	(3,397,910)	190,402	3,588,312	238,039	31,739	460,065	428,326				
rect change in fully balances	2,501,469	(3,337,310)	130,402	3,300,312	230,039	31,739	400,000	420,320				
Fund balances - beginning	1,675,782	(5,472,654)	3,399,211	8,871,865	957,490	872,436	3,064,663	2,192,227				
Fund helenges Describer 24	¢ 4477.074	f (0.070.50.1)	A 0 500 040	¢ 40 400 4 77	¢ 4405.500	e 004477	f 2 504 700	f 0.000 550				
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 4,177,271	\$ (8,870,564)	\$ 3,589,613	\$ 12,460,177	\$ 1,195,529	\$ 904,175	\$ 3,524,728	\$ 2,620,553				

		Parking	Meter	Local Law Enforcement Continuing Education							
	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		d Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	Original	- I mai	7 tillodillo	(Negative)	Original	Tillai	Amounto	(regative)			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,525	53,525			
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services Other	125,000	125,000	41,819	(83,181)	30,600	30,600	7,556 1,233	(23,044) 1,233			
Total revenues	125,000	125,000	41,819	(83,181)	30,600	30,600	62,314	31,714			
For an althouse a											
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government:	00.404	00.404	00.744	F0 400							
Personal services	83,164	83,164	29,744	53,420	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	8,300	11,300	11,018	282	-	-	-	-			
Other services and charges	92,350	89,350	67,866	21,484	-	-	-	-			
Capital	46,000	46,000	590	45,410	-	-	-	-			
Unclassified	<u> </u>		250	(250)							
Total general government	229,814	229,814	109,468	120,346							
Public safety:											
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	-	-	-	-	56,000	56,000	28,376	27,624			
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	16,457	16,497	15,851	646			
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unclassified							10	(10)			
Total public safety	<u>-</u>				72,457	72,497	44,237	28,260			
Highways and streets:											
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital											
Total highwaya and atracts											
Total highways and streets											
Culture and recreation:											
Personal services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Supplies	_	_	_	_	_	_		_			
Other services and charges											
Capital	_	_	_	_	_	_		_			
Unclassified											
Oficiassified											
Total culture and recreation											
Total expenditures	229,814	229,814	109,468	120,346	72,457	72,497	44,237	28,260			
Other financing upon											
Other financing uses:											
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Hanslets Out											
Net change in fund balances	(104,814)	(104,814)	(67,649)	37,165	(41,857)	(41,897)	18,077	59,974			
Fund balances - beginning	138,439	(69,134)	428,258	497,392	85,723	76,102	99,560	23,458			
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 33,625	\$ (173,948)	\$ 360,609	\$ 534,557	\$ 43,866	\$ 34,205	\$ 117,637	\$ 83,432			

		Park and	Recreation		2016 LOIT Special Distribution for Roads						
	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		I Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Payanuas	Original	FIIIdi	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Filial	Amounts	(Negative)			
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 4,805,000	\$ 2,830,918	\$ 2,808,076	\$ (22,842)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	\$ 4,805,000	\$ 2,030,910	φ 2,000,070 -	ψ (22,042) -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -			
Intergovernmental	368,066	259,459	305,883	46,424	642,000	642,000		(642,000)			
Charges for services	150,000	150,000	163,711	13,711	042,000	042,000		(042,000)			
Other	130,000	130,000	508,077	508,077	_	_		_			
Other			300,011	300,077							
Total revenues	5,323,066	3,240,377	3,785,747	545,370	642,000	642,000		(642,000)			
Francis de la constant											
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government:											
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unclassified											
Total general government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
rotal general government											
Dublic cofety:											
Public safety: Personal services											
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unclassified											
Total public safety											
Highways and streets:											
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_			
Capital					643,000	1,000,000	717,713	282,287			
Total highways and streets					643,000	1,000,000	717,713	282,287			
Culture and recreation:											
Personal services	1,984,983	1,984,983	1,924,953	60,030	-	-	-	-			
Supplies	169,773	170,955	140,160	30,795	-	-	-	-			
Other services and charges	752,684	1,259,434	970,500	288,934	-	-	-	-			
Capital	364,775	413,991	188,445	225,546			-	-			
Unclassified	14,700		92,076	(92,076)							
Total culture and recreation	3,286,915	3,829,363	3,316,134	513,229	-	-	_	_			
Total expenditures	3,286,915	3,829,363	3,316,134	513,229	643,000	1,000,000	717,713	282,287			
Other financing uses:											
Transfers in	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Net change in fund balances	2,036,151	(588,986)	469,613	1,058,599	(1,000)	(358,000)	(717,713)	(359,713)			
Fund balances - beginning	1,844,052	(957,739)	141,960	1,099,699	(2,000,000)	(2,321,319)	7,503,244	9,824,563			
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 3,880,203	\$ (1,546,725)	\$ 611,573	\$ 2,158,298	\$ (2,001,000)	\$ (2,679,319)	\$ 6,785,531	\$ 9,464,850			

		Downtown	Development			Prom	notion	
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services Other			400	400	153,546	153,546	169 164,941	169 11,395
Total revenues	500,000	500,000	500,400	400	153,546	153,546	165,110	11,564
Expenditures: Current:								
General government:								
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	1,096	1,095	1	750	2,130	1,720	410
Other services and charges	200,000	289,031	54,326	234,705	84,746	85,617	81,545	4,072
Capital Unclassified	300,000	508,381	225,357	283,024	-	10,220	-	10,220
Uliciassilled						10,220		10,220
Total general government	500,000	798,508	280,778	517,730	85,496	97,967	83,265	14,702
Dublic autom								
Public safety: Personal services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other services and charges	_	-	-	_	49,550	49,570	30,041	19,529
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unclassified								
Total public safety					49,550	49,570	30,041	19,529
Highways and streets:								
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	146	854
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	1,800	1,800	-	1,800
Capital	-							
Total highways and streets	-	-	-	-	2,800	2,800	146	2,654
Culture and recreation:								
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	-	-	-	-	44.700	44.700	0.005	-
Other services and charges Capital		_	_	_	14,700	14,700	3,225	11,475
Unclassified								
Total culture and recreation					14,700	14,700	3,225	11,475
Total expenditures	500,000	798,508	280,778	517,730	152,546	165,037	116,677	48,360
•								
Other financing uses:								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out								
Net change in fund balances	-	(298,508)	219,622	518,130	1,000	(11,491)	48,433	59,924
Fund balances - beginning	\$ -	(80,000)	559,832	639,832			19,947	19,947
Fund balances - December 31	<u>\$</u>	\$ (378,508)	\$ 779,454	\$ 1,157,962	\$ 1,000	\$ (11,491)	\$ 68,380	\$ 79,871

		Cumulative Capi	ital Improvemen	t	Cumulative Capital Development								
		I Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive		I Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:	Original	Filidi	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	FIIIdi	Amounts	(Negative)					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,687,869	\$ 1,302,168	\$ 1,291,829	\$ (10,339)					
Licenses and permits	-	Ψ -	· -	· -	Ψ 1,007,000	Ψ 1,002,100	Ψ 1,201,020	ψ (10,000) -					
Intergovernmental	123,823	123,823	112,682	(11,141)	129,184	109,815	140,700	30,885					
Charges for services	,	-		-	-	-	-	-					
Other	_	-	982	982	_	-	_	_					
Total revenues	123,823	123,823	113,664	(10,159)	1,817,053	1,411,983	1,432,529	20,546					
- 8													
Expenditures:													
Current:													
General government:													
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Other services and charges	50,000	188,703	188,702	1	153,847	160,447	125,203	35,244					
Capital	173,000	80,225	78,774	1,451	80,000	137,370	128,922	8,448					
Unclassified													
Total general government	223,000	268,928	267,476	1,452	233,847	297,817	254,125	43,692					
rotal gonoral government		200,020	201,110	.,.02	200,017	201,011	201,120	10,002					
Public safety:													
Personal services													
Supplies	_		_					_					
	-	-	-	-	4 740 454	4 000 404	4 004 050	-					
Other services and charges Capital	-	-	-	-	1,746,451	1,682,481	1,681,856	625					
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Unclassified													
Total public safety					1,746,451	1,682,481	1,681,856	625					
Highways and streets:													
Personal services													
	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-					
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Capital						<u>-</u>							
Total highways and streets													
Total highways and streets													
Culture and represtient													
Culture and recreation:													
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	455.047						
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	163,411	163,411	155,917	7,494					
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Unclassified													
Total culture and recreation					163,411	163,411	155,917	7,494					
-	0					0.4	0.0						
Total expenditures	223,000	268,928	267,476	1,452	2,143,709	2,143,709	2,091,898	51,811					
Other financing uses:													
Transfers in	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-					
Transfers out	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-					
Net change in fund balances	(99,177)	(145,105)	(153,812)	(8,707)	(326,656)	(731,726)	(659,369)	72,357					
Fund balances - beginning	91,060	(16,428)	360,790	377,218	1,446,726	(926,416)	1,491,488	2,417,904					
Fund balances - December 31	\$ (8,117)	\$ (161,533)	\$ 206,978	\$ 368,511	\$ 1,120,070	\$ (1,658,142)	\$ 832,119	\$ 2,490,261					

(Continued)

	Fire Cumulative Control							DS/Bldg Authority Mortgage Bonds, Series 2001 Fire Station 2							
	-	Budgeted				Actual sudgetary Basis	Wi E	ariance th Final Budget ositive		Budgeted	d Amo		Actual Budgetary Basis	Varian With Fi Budge Positiv	nal et
		ginal		Final	,	Amounts		egative)		Original Final			Amounts	(Negati	
Revenues:															
Taxes	\$ 5	553,621	\$	447,705	\$	443,031	\$	(4,674)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		42,502		37,756		48,374		10,618		-		-	-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other			_		_						_				
Total revenues		596,123		485,461	_	491,405		5,944			_				
Expenditures:															
Current:															
General government:															
Personal services		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Supplies		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other services and charges		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Capital Unclassified		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Officialismou				<u>_</u>							_	<u></u>		-	
Total general government											_	-			<u> </u>
Public safety:															
Personal services		-		_		_		-		_		-	_		-
Supplies		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other services and charges		589,549		589,549		534,701		54,848		-		-	-		-
Capital		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unclassified												-			
Total public safety		589,549		589,549	_	534,701		54,848							
Highways and streets:															
Personal services		_		_		_		_		_		_	-		_
Supplies		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other services and charges		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Capital			_		_		_				_				
Total highways and streets			_	<u>-</u>				<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
Culture and recreation:															
Personal services		-		-		_		_		-		-	_		_
Supplies		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Other services and charges		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Capital										-		-	-		-
Unclassified												-			<u> </u>
Total culture and recreation		_										_			
Total averageditures	,	500 F 40		E00 E40		F04 704		E 4 0 4 0							
Total expenditures		589,549		589,549		534,701		54,848			_				<u> </u>
Other financing uses:															
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Transfers out			_					<u>-</u>			_				
Net change in fund balances		6,574		(104,088)		(43,296)		60,792		-		-	-		-
Fund balances - beginning	1,7	727,126		1,195,547		1,363,420		167,873		84,300		66,531	63,889	(2	2,642)
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 1,7	733,700	\$	1,091,459	\$	1,320,124	\$	228,665	\$	84,300	\$	66,531	\$ 63,889	\$ (2	2,642)

DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2013 Little Chicago Road

DS/Bldg Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2014
Fire Stations 5 & 6

		Little Chic	ago Road		Fire Stations 5 & 6							
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive				
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$ 527,000	\$ 484,639	\$ 481,992	\$ (2,647)	\$ 573,500	\$ 521,405	\$ 516,243	\$ (5,162)				
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Other	50,232	33,382	42,771 - -	9,389	43,688	35,915 - -	46,015 - -	10,100				
Total revenues	577,232	518,021	524,763	6,742	617,188	557,320	562,258	4,938				
Expenditures: Current: General government:												
Personal services Supplies		-		_		-	-	-				
Other services and charges	1,600	1,600	1,600	-	-	-	-	_				
Capital				-	-	-	-	_				
Unclassified												
Total general government	1,600	1,600	1,600									
Public safety:												
Personal services	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_				
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	1,850	1,850	1,850	-				
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unclassified												
Total public safety					1,850	1,850	1,850					
Highways and streets:												
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital												
Total highways and streets								<u>-</u>				
Culture and recreation:												
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Supplies Other services and charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unclassified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total culture and recreation												
Total expenditures	1,600	1,600	1,600		1,850	1,850	1,850					
Other financing uses:												
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out	(526,400)	(526,400)	(526,000)	400	(567,150)	(567,150)	(567,000)	150				
Net change in fund balances	49,232	(9,979)	(2,837)	7,142	48,188	(11,680)	(6,592)	5,088				
Fund balances - beginning	955,300	852,302	267,309	(584,993)	\$ 586,218	\$ 532,949	\$ 284,685	(248,264)				
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 1,004,532	\$ 842,323	\$ 264,472	\$ (577,851)	\$ 634,406	\$ 521,269	\$ 278,093	\$ (243,176)				

Public safety Public safe		DS/Bldg		ding Bonds, Seri Hall	es 2014B	DS/Eco Dev Lease Rental Refunding Bonds of 2015 Hazel Dell					
Part				Actual Budgetary	With Final Budget	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis	With Final Budget		
Taxos		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Licenses and permits		¢ 1.472.500	¢ 1353649	¢ 1342360	¢ (11.399)	\$ 2.015.000	¢ 1 222 502	¢ 1322.450	¢ (11.134)		
Integrovernmental 112,173 92,858 119,463 26,605 98,567 133,326 117,693 (15,633) Charges for services Chief Chi		\$ 1,472,500 -	φ 1,353,046 -	\$ 1,342,260 -	φ (11,300) -	\$ 2,015,000	φ 1,333,393 -	φ 1,322,439 -	\$ (11,134) -		
Total revenues		112,173	92,858	119,463	26,605	98,557	133,326	117,693	(15,633)		
Total revenues		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Expenditures: Current: General government: Personal services Supplies Suppli	Other										
Centeral government:	Total revenues	1,584,673	1,446,506	1,461,723	15,217	2,113,557	1,466,919	1,440,152	(26,767)		
Centeral government:	Evnandituras										
Centeral government: Personal services Supplies Capital											
Personal services											
Other services and charges		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Unclassified		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total general government 2,000		2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total general government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public safety: Personal services	Unclassified										
Public safety: Personal services											
Personal services	Total general government	2,000									
Personal services	Public cofety:										
Supplies		_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Other services and charges		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-		
Capital Unclassified		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Full public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Highways and streets: Personal services Supplies Other services and charges Capital Total highways and streets Personal services Supplies Culture and recreation: Personal services Supplies S	Unclassified										
Highways and streets: Personal services Supplies Other services and charges Capital Total highways and streets Personal services Supplies Culture and recreation: Personal services Supplies S	Total public cofety										
Personal services Supplies Other services and charges Capital Total highways and streets Culture and recreation: Personal services Supplies Other services 1	Total public salety	<u>-</u>									
Supplies Other services and charges Capital - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>											
Other services and charges		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			_	_	-	-	_	-	-		
Total highways and streets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation: Personal services											
Culture and recreation: Personal services	Total highways and streets										
Personal services -	Total Highways and Streets										
Personal services -	Culture and recreation:										
Other services and charges - </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Unclassified -		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unclassified - <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total culture and recreation	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total expenditures 2,000 -	Unclassified										
Other financing uses: Transfers in Transfers out	Total culture and recreation										
Transfers in Transfers out	Total expenditures	2,000									
Transfers in Transfers out											
Transfers out (1,457,335) (1,459,335) (1,462,000) (2,665) (1,949,000) (1,949,000) (1,947,000) 2,000 Net change in fund balances 125,338 (12,829) (277) 12,552 979,557 332,919 174,826 (158,093) Fund balances - beginning 1,578,142 1,468,319 726,797 (741,522) (70,005) (197,351) - 197,351						0.17.05	0.15.055	004.0=:	(400 005)		
Net change in fund balances 125,338 (12,829) (277) 12,552 979,557 332,919 174,826 (158,093) Fund balances - beginning 1,578,142 1,468,319 726,797 (741,522) (70,005) (197,351) - 197,351		(1 /E7 225)	- (1 /E0 225)	(1 462 000)							
Fund balances - beginning 1,578,142 1,468,319 726,797 (741,522) (70,005) (197,351) - 197,351	Hallstels out	(1,457,335)	(1,409,335)	(1,462,000)	(2,005)	(1,949,000)	(1,949,000)	(1,947,000)	2,000		
	Net change in fund balances	125,338	(12,829)	(277)	12,552	979,557	332,919	174,826	(158,093)		
Fund balances - December 31 \$ 1,703,480 \$ 1,455,490 \$ 726,520 \$ (728,970) \$ 909,552 \$ 135,568 \$ 174,826 \$ 39,258	Fund balances - beginning	1,578,142	1,468,319	726,797	(741,522)	(70,005)	(197,351)		197,351		
	Fund balances - December 31	<u>\$ 1,</u> 703,480	\$ 1,455,490	\$ <u>7</u> 26,520	<u>\$ (7</u> 28,970)	\$ <u>9</u> 09,552	<u>\$ 1</u> 35,568	<u>\$ 1</u> 74,826	\$ 39,258		

(Continued)

	DS/Bldg	Authority Refur Fire Statio			ies 2016		DS/Park District Bonds of 2018 Finch Creek Park					
		d Amounts		Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Positive	_		d Amounts	Actual Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)	_	Original	Final	Amounts	_	(Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 682,000	¢ 605.047	\$	620.227	\$ (4,68)	٥,	¢ 654.000	e 404.224	¢ 407.00	2	¢ (2.002)	
Licenses and permits	\$ 682,000	\$ 625,017	Ф	620,337	\$ (4,68)	U) -	\$ 651,000	\$ 491,324	\$ 487,66	_	\$ (3,662)	
Intergovernmental	58,508	43,051		55,159	12,10	8	49,592	33,236	43,36	1	10,125	
Charges for services	-	-		-	,	-	-	-	,	_	-	
Other	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Total revenues	740,508	668,068	_	675,496	7,42	8	700,592	524,560	531,02	3	6,463	
Expenditures: Current:												
General government:												
Personal services	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Supplies	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Other services and charges	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Capital	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Unclassified			-			-				_		
Total general government												
rotal general government			-			-				-		
Public safety:												
Personal services	-	-		-		_	-	-		_	-	
Supplies	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Other services and charges	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Capital	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Unclassified			_	<u>-</u>		-			. —	-		
Total public safety			-			-			· 	-		
Highways and streets:												
Personal services	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	_	
Supplies	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Other services and charges	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Capital				<u> </u>		-				-		
Total highways and streets						_			· 	_		
Culture and regression:												
Culture and recreation: Personal services	_	_		_		_	_	_		_	_	
Supplies	-	-		-		_	-	-		_	-	
Other services and charges	-	-		-		-	325	325	32	5	-	
Capital	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Unclassified				<u>-</u>		-				-		
Total culture and recreation			_	<u>-</u>		-	325	325	32	5		
Total avenue ditures							225	225	22	_		
Total expenditures			-			-	325	325	32	<u>5</u>		
Other financing uses:												
Transfers in	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-	
Transfers out	(680,000)	(680,000)) _	(678,000)	2,00	0	(544,506)	(544,506	(542,83	1)	1,675	
Net change in fund balances	60,508	(11,932))	(2,504)	9,42	8	155,761	(20,271) (12,13	3)	8,138	
Fund balances - beginning	1,156,912	1,028,965		343,486	(685,47	9)	222,544	75,583	96,75	1	21,168	
- End Sudmood Sogning	.,.00,012	.,520,555	_	3.0,400	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>~</u> /	,	70,000		÷	21,100	
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 1,217,420	\$ 1,017,033	\$	340,982	\$ (676,05	1)	\$ 378,305	\$ 55,312	\$ 84,61	8	\$ 29,306	

(Continued)

	`		mprovement	
	Budgeter Original	Short d Amounts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 3,410,000	\$ 2,817,592	\$ 2,794,559	\$ (23,033)
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	325,043	194,195	248,660	54,465
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Other				
Total revenues	3,735,043	3,011,787	3,043,219	31,432
Expenditures: Current: General government: Personal services	-	-	-	-
Supplies Other services and charges	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	252,340	252,340	252,340	-
Interest payments	2,910	2,910	2,831	79
Total general government	255,250	255,250	255,171	79
Public safety: Personal services	-	-	-	-
Supplies Other services and charges	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	-	-	-	-
Interest payments		<u> </u>		
Total public safety		. <u> </u>		
Highways and streets: Personal services Supplies	-	-	-	-
Principal payments	792,350	792,350	792,350	-
Interest payments	25,333	25,333	25,173	160
Total highways and streets	817,683	817,683	817,523	160
Culture and recreation: Personal services Supplies	-	-	-	-
Other services and charges	4.055.040	1.055.010	4.055.040	-
Principal payments Interest payments	1,955,310 11,700	1,955,310 11,700	1,955,310 11,584	116
interest payments	11,700	11,700	11,504	
Total culture and recreation	1,967,010	1,967,010	1,966,894	116
Total expenditures	3,039,943	3,039,943	3,039,588	355
Other financing uses: Transfers in Transfers out	-			-
Net change in fund balances	695,100	(28,156)	3,631	31,787
Fund balances - beginning			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Final halanaaa Baasahaa 01	Ф 00E 100	ф (00.453)	.	. 04.707

<u>\$ 695,100</u> <u>\$ (28,156)</u> <u>\$ 3,631</u> <u>\$ 31,787</u>

Fund balances - December 31

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension trust funds: To be used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the

members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans. The City

maintains the flowing pension trust funds:

Police Pension - To account for resources related to police pension benefit payments to

qualified police officers and/or their beneficiaries.

Fire Pension - To account for resources related to pension benefit payments to qualified

firefighters and/or their beneficiaries.

Custodial funds: To be used to account for resources that are custodial in nature. They are

amounts held by the City on behalf of third parties. The City maintains the

following custodial funds:

City Court - To account for the tracking of fines and fees collected by the City Court to

be disbursed to the State of Indiana, Hamilton County and the City of

Noblesville.

City Court Services - To account for fines and fees collected by the City Court to be disbursed

to Hamilton County and the City of Westfield.

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds											
		Police Pension		Fire Pension		Totals						
<u>Assets</u>												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	543,224	\$	707,864	\$	1,251,088						
Total assets		543,224		707,864		1,251,088						
Net position restricted for pensions		543,224		707,864		1,251,088						
Total net position restricted for pensions	\$	543,224	\$	707,864	\$	1,251,088						

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

Pension Trust Funds Police Fire Pension Pension Totals Additions Contributions: Employer \$ Non-employer contributing entity contributions 205,128 482,244 687,372 482,244 Total contributions 205,128 687,372 Reimbursements 4,800 4,800 9,600 Total additions 209,928 487,044 696,972 **Deductions** Benefits 211,046 489,224 700,270 Administrative expense 4,975 9,775 4,800 Total deductions 215,846 710,045 494,199 Net increase in net position (5,918) (13,073) (7,155)Net position restricted for pensions Net position - beginning 549,142 715,019 1,264,161 Net position - ending 543,224 707,864 1,251,088

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

			Custodial	Funds	
	C	ity Court	City Co	ourt Services	Totals
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,423	\$	10,150	\$ 50,573
Total Assets	\$	40,423	\$	10,150	\$ 50,573
Net position					
Deposit held in custody for others	\$	40,423	\$	10,150	\$ 50,573
Total Liabilities	\$	40,423	\$	10,150	\$ 50,573

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds											
Additions	City Court	City Court Services	Totals									
Court costs and fees	\$ 515,252	\$ 68,017	\$ 583,269									
Total additions	515,252	68,017	583,269									
<u>Deductions</u>												
Distributions to other governments	522,441	65,726	588,167									
Total deductions	522,441	65,726	588,167									
Net increase in net position	(7,189)	2,291	(4,898)									
Net position restricted												
Net position - beginning	47,612	7,859	55,471									
Net position - ending	\$ 40,423	\$ 10,150	\$ 50,573									

Other Supplemental Schedules

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -FUNDS WHICH COMPRISE THE CITY'S GENERAL FUND December 31, 2020

Assets		General		Rainy Day		Total General Funds
ASSEIS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	12,029,917	\$	17,288,838	\$	29,318,755
Taxes		5,542,031		-		5,542,031
Accounts		1,075,837		-		1,075,837
Intergovernmental		807,342		-		807,342
Interfund receivable - pooled cash		32,718	_		_	32,718
Total assets	\$	19,487,845	\$	17,288,838	\$	36,776,683
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	488,545	Φ.	_	\$	488,545
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	Ψ	1,124,350	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,124,350
Contracts payable		3,294		_		3,294
		-,				-, -
Total liabilities		1,616,189		<u>-</u>	_	1,616,189
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		2,611,611		-		2,611,611
						<u> </u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		4,227,800	_	<u>-</u>	_	4,227,800
Fund balances: Spendable: Restricted		_		_		_
Committed		_		_		_
Assigned		593,780		-		593,780
Unassigned		14,666,265		17,288,838	_	31,955,103
Total fund balances		15,260,045		17,288,838	_	32,548,883
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	19,487,845	\$	17,288,838	\$	36,776,683

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FUNDS WHICH COMPRISE THE CITY'S GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

					G	Total lovernmental
		General		Rainy Day		Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	33,062,773	\$	2,074,182	\$	35,136,955
Licenses and permits		1,972,872		-		1,972,872
Intergovernmental		4,537,718		-		4,537,718
Charges for services		2,937,253		-		2,937,253
Fines and forfeits		88,887		-		88,887
Other		482,830	_	-	_	482,830
Total revenues	_	43,082,333	_	2,074,182		45,156,515
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		15,781,901		-		15,781,901
Public safety		29,080,032		-		29,080,032
Debt service:						
Principal Interest		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		_		-		-
Capital outlay		700,931		_		700,931
Capital Gullay		700,331	_		-	700,001
Total expenditures		45,562,864	_	<u>-</u>	_	45,562,864
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(2,480,531)	_	2,074,182	_	(406,349)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		2,277,695		-		2,277,695
Transfers out		(1,167,046)	_	(750,000)	_	(1,917,046)
Total other financing sources and uses		1,110,649	_	(750,000)		360,649
Net change in fund balances		(1,369,882)		1,324,182		(45,700)
Fund balances		16,629,927	_	15,964,656		32,594,583
Fund balances - ending	\$	15,260,045	\$	17,288,838	\$	32,548,883

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Se	Benefit lf-Insurance	Property & Casualty Self-Insurance Program	е		Totals	
<u>Assets</u>				_	Self-Insurance Loss		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,079,089	\$ 14,29	93	\$ 261,839	\$	3,355,221
Total assets	\$	3,079,089	\$ 14,29	93	\$ 261,839	\$	3,355,221
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>							
Liabilities: Unpaid claims payable	\$	93,335	\$		\$ -	\$	93,335
Oripara dialina payable	Ψ	30,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	Ψ	30,000
Total liabilities		93,335		_		_	93,335
Fund balances: Spendable:							
Restricted Committed		2,985,754	14,2	93	261,839		3,261,886
Assigned		-		-	-		-
Unassigned		-		_	-	_	-
Total fund balances		2,985,754	14,2	93	261,839		3,261,886
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,079,089	\$ 14,29	93	\$ 261,839	\$	3,355,221

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Property & Casualty	Property &	
	Benefit	Self-Insurance	Casualty	
	Self-Insurance	Program	Self-Insurance Loss	Totals
Operating revenues:				
City contributions	\$ 9,497,932	\$ 1,059,365	\$ -	\$ 10,557,297
Employee contributions	2,073,784	-	-	2,073,784
Retiree contributions	322,113	-	-	322,113
Insurance recoveries	-	-	39,457	39,457
Refunds and reimbursements	2,325,233	397	-	2,325,630
Other	171,602		200,182	371,784
Total operating revenues	14,390,664	1,059,762	239,639	15,690,065
Operating expenses:				
Contractual services	489,887	68,822	-	558,709
Employee pensions and benefits	12,061,288	331,599	-	12,392,887
Other services and charges	420,232	769	2,582	423,583
Insurance claims and premiums	-	217,436	487,640	705,076
Other operating expenses	12,374			12,374
Total operating expenses	12,983,781	618,626	490,222	14,092,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,406,883	441,136	(250,583)	1,597,436
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	1,111	438,154	439,265
Transfers out	-	(438,154)	(1,111)	(439,265)
Total other financing sources and uses		(437,043)	437,043	
Net change in fund balances	1,406,883	4,093	186,460	1,597,436
Fund balances - beginning	1,578,871	10,200	75,379	1,664,450
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,985,754	\$ 14,293	\$ 261,839	\$ 3,261,886

CITY OF NOBLESVILLE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

			- 1	Property &	Donata esta 0		
		Benefit	0.	Casualty elf-Insurance	Property & Casualty		
	Se	elf-Insurance	3	Program	Self-Insurance Loss		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:		ii iiisaranee	_	riogiani	Ocii ilibularice 2000		Totals
Receipts from customers and users	\$	14,219,062	Φ.	1,059,762	\$ 39,457	Φ.	15,318,281
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(13,026,745)	Ψ	(618,626)	(490,222)	Ψ	(14,135,593)
Other receipts		171,602		(010,020)	200,182		371,784
C. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		,002					0,. 0 .
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,363,919		441,136	(250,583)		1,554,472
, , , ,		, ,		,			,
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,363,919		441,136	(250,583)		1,554,472
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		1,715,170		256,454	(170,875)		1,800,749
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	3,079,089	\$	697,590	\$ (421,458)	\$	3,355,221
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:	_		_			_	
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,406,883	\$	441,136	<u>\$ (250,583)</u>	\$	1,597,436
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
Unpaid claim payable		(42,964)				_	(42,964)
Total adicates and		(40.004)					(40.004)
Total adjustments		(42,964)					(42,964)
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	1,363,919	Φ.	441,136	\$ (250,583)	\$	1,554,472
iver cash provided by operating activities	φ	1,303,919	φ	441,130	φ (250,565)	φ	1,004,472



Statistical Section

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page Financial Trends 170-174 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. **Revenue Capacity** 175-179 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's local revenue source, property taxes. **Debt Capacity** 180-185 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. **Demographic and Economic Information** 186-188 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. **Operating Information** 189-191 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

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CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

Net Position by Component As of December 31,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities:									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 192,476,803 33,140,628 2,088,508 \$ 227,705,939	\$ 183,562,935 \$ 33,533,744 d (4,924,375) d \$ 212,172,304 \$	166,653,507 \$ 35,215,897 724,328 202,593,732 \$	155,288,238 \$ 34,389,473 c (165,470) c 189,512,241 \$	145,567,900 \$ 134,342,338 42,660,844 35,133,129 (14,724,499) (7,111,071) 173,504,245 \$ 162,364,396	\$ 121,218,630 \$ 34,505,854 \$ 7,656,911 \$ 163,381,395 \$	114,473,654 32,301,880 14,997,585 161,773,119	31,638,300 13,233,741 5 155,935,166	\$ 100,501,820 33,519,810 14,726,063 \$ 148,747,693
Business - Type Activities:									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business - type activities net position	\$ 95,571,966 14,411,183 28,711,076 \$ 138,694,225	\$ 90,981,298 \$ 19,121,925	88,611,065 \$ 21,182,079 d 14,384,290 d 124,177,434 \$	85,356,440 \$ 6,789,336 25,527,478 117,673,254 \$	82,597,844 \$ 80,474,188 5,821,267 5,675,787 23,864,932 19,983,359 112,284,043 \$ 106,133,334	\$ 80,865,842 \$ 5,756,425	78,132,289 5,673,161 16,975,886 100,781,336	79,660,471 4,669,581 15,682,765 6 100,012,817	\$ 80,257,088 3,903,753 13,661,085 \$ 97,821,926
Primary government:									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 288,048,769 47,551,811 30,799,584	\$ 274,544,233 \$ 52,655,669	255,264,572 \$ 56,397,976 15,108,618	41,178,809 25,362,008	228,165,744 \$ 214,816,526 48,482,111 40,808,916 9,140,433 12,872,288	\$ 202,084,472 \$ 40,262,279 24,689,689	31,973,471	36,307,881 28,916,506	\$ 180,758,908 37,423,563 28,387,148
Total primary government net position	\$ 366,400,164	\$ 341,590,523 \$	326,771,166 \$	307,185,495 \$	285,788,288 \$ 268,497,730	\$ 267,036,440 \$	262,554,455	5 255,947,983	\$ 246,569,619

The City of Noblesville implemented GASB 63 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. Prior to the implementation, net position was stated as net assets.

a The change in the unrestricted balance in the governmental funds is primarily due to the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 71. The net pension asset, net pensions liability and OPEB obligation increased by a net \$14.6 million from the prior year.

b Capital assets were restated in 2015 to include a prior period adjustment of \$2,837,217 due to overstatement of capital assets for improvements.

c The change in the restricted/unrestricted balances is due to a reclassification of funds from restricted to unrestricted.

d The change in the restricted/unrestricted balances is due to a reclassification of funds from unrestricted to restricted.

Changes in Net Position

For the years ended December 31,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 18,941,840	\$ 18,857,194	\$ 16,284,130	\$ 20,453,103	\$ 22,570,301	\$ 21,513,337	\$ 22,819,562	\$ 16,170,350	\$ 14,977,533	\$ 16,156,250
Public safety	32,238,115	38,763,089		27,777,236	26,272,849	25,618,321	26,621,910	24,538,187	24,141,504	24,179,519
Highways and streets	17,338,502	13,606,020	14,546,715	8,406,837	11,390,173	13,258,585	7,811,899	10,709,480	10,390,631	12,868,209
Culture and recreation	8,143,228	5,501,294	4,471,565	3,721,783	3,743,991	3,749,832	2,775,891	2,883,329	3,479,086	2,930,555
Economic Development	8,731,847	6,221,420	5,347,102	7,879,352	5,933,414		6,088,104	2,450,465	58,644	2,730,333
Interest on long-term debt	5,306,870	5,900,630	5,487,710	5,514,458	5,539,319	6,333,374	7,083,600	8,395,540	8,484,701	9,398,440
Total governmental activities expenses	90,700,402	88,849,647	71,005,564	73,752,769	75,450,047	70,557,582	73,200,966	65,147,351	61,532,099	65,532,973
Total governmental activities expenses	90,700,402	88,849,047	71,005,504	73,732,709	75,450,047	70,337,382	73,200,900	03,147,331	01,332,099	03,332,973
Business-Type Activities:										
Wastewater	16,929,131	15,510,532	14,705,642	14,238,378	11,269,497	10,305,263	10,497,493	10,721,810	8,950,764	9,939,013
Total business-type activities expenses	16,929,131	15,510,532	14,705,642	14,238,378	11,269,497	10,305,263	10,497,493	10,721,810	8,950,764	9,939,013
71										
Total primary government expenses	107,629,533	104,360,179	85,711,206	87,991,147	86,719,544	80,862,845	83,698,459	75,869,161	70,482,863	75,471,986
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General Government	2,112,996	2,350,969	2,388,221	2,553,291	4,212,057	2,547,606	3,219,779	2,763,026	1,503,676	1,762,854
Public Safety	3,029,824	3,484,032	3,468,764	3,917,174	4,001,857	3,602,836	4,392,253	5,037,767	3,369,859	3,479,598
Highways and streets	2,031,382	3,650,479	2,194,386	2,369,642	1,436,904	1,693,328	1,502,685	767,562	1,090,011	985,835
Culture and recreation	3,154,131	2,784,166	2,231,954	3,154,264	2,611,765	2,755,148	2,243,418	2,683,009	2,416,648	2,333,572
Economic development	-	628,816	718,319	2,050,000	_,,	-,,		_,,	-, ,	_,,
Operating grants and contributions		020,010	,	_,,,,,,,,						
General Government	2,047,175	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public Safety	311,862	45,502	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Highways and streets	4,216,751	4,660,604	3,981,698	3,631,423	2,660,424	2,818,025	2,935,345	2,350,287	2,057,868	1,727,122
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	_,,	-,010,0-0	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,	_,,,,,,,,,	-,,
Economic development	1,027	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital grants and contributions	-,									
General Government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public Safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Highways and streets	8,144,383	5,024,409	10,717,676	4,094,787	6,757,792	5,512,986	3,593,149	4,539,159	4,567,202	4,678,475
Culture and recreation	157,460	325,648	-	-	-	-	5,575,117	-,,,,,,,,,	-,507,202	
Economic development	-	235,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total governmental activities revenues	25,206,991	23,189,625	25,701,018	21,770,581	21,680,799	18,929,929	17,886,629	18,140,810	15,005,264	14,967,456
Business-Type Activities:										
Wastewater:										
Charges for services	18,796,985	18,734,867	17,051,677	17,970,880 e	14,602,625	13,726,815	11,925,499	11,424,691	10,358,608	10,465,336
Capital grants and contributions	7,315,353	2,095,871	3,081,880	1,710,077	2,991,116	1,410,532	1,969,450	790,197	923,099	602,915
Total business-type activities revenues	26,112,338	20,830,738	20,133,557	19,680,957	17,593,741	15,137,347	13,894,949	12,214,888	11,281,707	11,068,251
71										
Total primary government revenues	51,319,329	44,020,363	45,834,575	41,451,538	39,274,540	34,067,276	31,781,578	30,355,698	26,286,971	26,035,707
Net Revenues (expenses):										
Governmental activities	(65,493,411)	(65,660,022)	(45,304,546)	(51,982,188)	(53,769,248)	(51,627,653)	(55,314,337)	(47,006,541)	(46,526,835)	(50,565,517)
Business-type activities	9,183,207	5,320,206	5,427,915	5,442,579	6,324,244	4,832,084	3,397,456	1,493,078	2,330,943	1,129,238
Total net revenues (expenses):	(56,310,204)	(60,339,816)	(39,876,631)	(46,539,609)	(47,445,004)	(46,795,569)	(51,916,881)	(45,513,463)	(44,195,892)	(49,436,279)

Changes in Net Position
For the years ended December 31,
(continued)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General revenues and other changes in net position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes	\$ 50,591,753	\$ 45,705,756	\$ 43,709,810	\$ 41,082,153	\$ 39,176,776	\$ 37,839,905	\$ 35,527,771	\$ 33,685,434	\$ 33,518,336	\$ 33,429,880
Food and beverage tax	1,797,891	1,978,344	1,846,819	1,817,910	1,799,917	1,554,345	1,495,509	1,470,626	1,354,073	1,035,443
Local income tax d	22,055,010	21,537,336	23,614,717	20,416,538	19,915,934	18,799,297	16,028,903	17,209,846	15,391,329	18,872,642 a
Financial institutions tax	111,553	103,514	79,286	83,886	93,226	86,477	81,556	90,680	85,525	89,317
Auto and aircraft excise tax	3,050,790	2,790,870	2,873,900	2,718,624	2,652,929	2,306,721	2,321,322	2,091,156	2,005,476	1,948,698
Commercial vehicle excise tax	33,532	35,259	28,964	29,861	30,798	30,393	30,785	32,869	32,809	32,700
State cigarette tax	143,413	151,114	154,615	160,877	168,579	166,133	174,956	250,456	175,426	143,823
Gaming tax	307,860	307,860	307,860	307,860	307,849	307,860	307,860	307,860	307,860	246,253
Other taxes	1,821,293	728,653	152,180	235,467	121,870	194,360	282,868	72,283	358,162	1,393,226
Other Miscellaneous	892,564	534,991	860,081	701,538	282,421	177,227	137,730	183,394	197,775	1,457,788
Unrestricted investment earnings	273,007	1,218,397	247,879	235,470	91,347	152,006	81,927	75,691	87,537	107,044
Transfers	(51,620)	146,500	(1,049,990)	200,000	267,451	(332,792)	572,495	200,000	200,000	4,900,493 b
Total Governmental activities:	81,027,046	75,238,594	72,826,121	67,990,184	64,909,097	61,281,932	57,043,682	55,670,295	53,714,308	63,657,307
Business - Type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	41,179	67,079	26,275	146,632	93,916	150,630	48,748	46,830	59,948	124,409
Transfers	51,620	(146,500)	1,049,990	(200,000)	(267,451)	332,792	(572,495)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(4,900,493) b
Total Business - Type activities:	92,799	(79,421)	1,076,265	(53,368)	(173,535)	483,422	(523,747)	(153,170)	(140,052)	(4,776,084)
Total Primary Government	81,119,845	75,159,173	73,902,386	67,936,816	64,735,562	61,765,354	56,519,935	55,517,125	53,574,256	58,881,223
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	15,533,635	9,578,572	27,521,575	16,007,996	11,139,849	9,654,279	1,729,345	8,663,754	7,187,473	13,091,790
Business-type activities	9,276,006	5,240,785	6,504,180	5,389,211	6,150,709	5,315,506	2,873,709	1,339,908	2,190,891	(3,646,846)
Total primary government	\$ 24,809,641	\$ 14,819,357	\$ 34,025,755	\$ 21,397,207	\$ 17,290,558	\$ 14,969,785	\$ 4,603,054	\$ 10,003,662	\$ 9,378,364	\$ 9,444,944

Notes:

- a COIT increased after State discovered previously reported excess distributions were erroneous.
- b Wastewater transferred \$4.7 million of infrastructure capital assets to the City related to the Maple Ave. project and \$200,000 in cash for payment of portion of 2009 COIT Bond payment.
- c Increase in Economic Development expenditures related to the City's investment in the BlueSky Technologies Inc. downtown headquarters project.
- d In 2015, the General Assembly enacted legislation to consolidate and simplify the various local income tax laws, including COIT, into a single uniform law. Beginning in 2017, County option income tax has been renamed Local income tax (LIT).
- e Includes a full year of trash receipts, the final phase of a rate increase and the increase in the collection of tap fees.
- f Primarily due to decrease in deferred outflows of resources for public safety pension plans.

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CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds As of December 31,

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
General Fund																				
Spendable																				
Assigned	\$	593,780	\$	1,035,243	\$	303,990	\$	886,939	\$	282,822	\$	309,649	\$	109,704	\$	394,996	\$	195,808	\$	412,644
Unassigned		31,955,103		31,559,340		30,593,008		26,484,704		24,586,862		18,178,914		15,372,664		13,981,022		14,414,375		10,611,369
Total general fund	\$	32,548,883	\$	32,594,583	\$	30,896,998	\$	27,371,643	\$	24,869,684	\$	18,488,563	\$	15,482,368	\$	14,376,018	\$	14,610,183	\$	11,024,013
All other governmental funds: Spendable																				
Restricted	\$	33,140,628	\$	33,533,744	\$	35,215,897	\$	34,389,473 a	\$	18,759,025	\$	9,407,820	\$	8,524,492	\$	6,656,775	\$	7,132,134	\$	9,907,989
Committed		28,965,107		41,449,396		26,870,395		23,674,462 a	ı	41,620,246		38,347,660		35,694,449		37,902,843		38,354,850		38,824,798
Assigned		15,853,130 t	,	4,426,587		2,111,019		2,554,161		1,504,418		4,017,828		6,946,625		9,885,624		7,063,957		8,031,407
Unassigned Total all other governmental funds	-	77,958,865	\$	79,409,727	\$	(168,106)	\$	(26,697) 60,591,399	<u> </u>	(52,693) 61,830,996	\$	(43,585)	\$	(8,734)	-\$	(42,286)	-\$	(28,136)	\$	(23,399)
Total all other governmental funds	Ψ	77,730,003	Ψ	17,407,121	Ψ	04,027,203	Ψ	00,371,377	Ψ	01,030,770	Ψ	31,727,723	Ψ	31,130,032	Ψ	34,402,730	Ψ	32,322,003	Ψ	30,740,773

a In 2017, there was a reclassification of the Redevelopment Authority - Debt Service and Noblesville Building Corporation - Debt Service funds from committed to restricted.

b Increase in assigned funds was due to increase in unspent capital project funds from 2020 which the Council encumbered.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the years ended December 31,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 74,158,245	\$ 68,293,861	\$ 66,027,658	\$ 59,547,850	\$ 64,737,096	b \$54,099,969	\$ 50,826,602	\$ 47,153,892	\$ 48,909,665	\$ 52,302,522 a
Licenses and Permits	2,139,845	2,232,018	2,061,195	1,634,533	1,657,028	1,367,622	1,162,793	1,092,746	1,041,469	880,514
Intergovernmental	13,486,004	11,940,500	10,554,524	9,758,081	8,548,171	8,194,392	8,312,947	7,418,576	7,006,243	9,561,405
Charges for Services	8,056,296	8,909,479	7,537,423	8,628,608	6,985,501	7,426,221	6,163,387	6,453,022	4,608,884	4,968,841
Fines and Forfeits	132,192	155,944	179,322	268,296	371,357	600,700	1,877,505	1,228,182	1,360,929	1,229,212
Miscellaneous	1,100,571	2,736,744	1,633,522	3,609,548	4,744,022	813,896	1,702,464	1,929,422	1,024,593	2,397,883
Total Revenues	99,073,153	94,268,546	87,993,644	83,446,916	87,043,175	72,502,800	70,045,698	65,275,840	63,951,783	71,340,377
Expenditures										
General Government	17,262,192	14,964,046	14,139,972	14,083,735	16,018,660	15,874,520	15,576,962	12,186,309	10,608,113	9,595,888
Public Safety	30,842,662	30,109,249	26,806,385	25,870,744	24,818,465	24,152,778	23,775,669	22,464,378	22,732,098	22,662,721
Highways and Streets	8,302,269	7,206,912	5,513,361	4,482,667	4,490,484	4,317,061	3,787,550	3,591,857	3,170,642	2,955,128
Culture and Recreation	6,350,046	5,860,789	4,682,047	3,417,574	6,549,474	2,895,237	2,215,298	2,118,893	2,680,447	2,369,580
Economic Development	2,993,506	836,375	5,910,217	4,800,000	2,835,607	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	20,366,698	24,137,764	14,903,874	17,415,017	11,299,335	9,185,528	19,015,359	8,887,341	9,177,513	15,680,430
Debt Service:										
Principal	21,297,243	17,429,445	16,537,047	14,996,881	14,182,797	13,132,466	10,615,415	9,268,325	8,171,799	6,309,128
Interest	5,551,696	5,785,702	5,597,160	5,493,418	5,886,664	6,289,637	7,892,897	8,614,800	8,791,201	9,296,031
Issuance costs	390,106	518,570		206,207	796,680	1,211,827	1,060,373	105,305	274,708	
Total Expenditures	113,356,418	106,848,852	94,090,063	90,766,243	86,878,166	77,059,054	83,939,523	67,237,208	65,606,521	68,868,906
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(14,283,265)	(12,580,306)	(6,096,419)	(7,319,327)	165,009	(4,556,254)	(13,893,825)	(1,961,368)	(1,654,738)	2,471,471
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Financing by capital lease	3,297,544	2,121,805	5,264,496	1,846,689	1,744,279	1,706,445	1,939,265	935,654	181,330	1,186,139
Transfers in	24,878,433	20,673,937	26,444,927	22,736,798	19,661,010	16,887,479	17,041,102	17,191,252	16,254,913	20,957,273
Transfers out	(24,878,433)	(20,673,937)	(26,444,927)	(22,736,798)	(19,661,010)	(16,887,479)	(17,041,102)	(17,191,252)	(16,254,913)	(20,957,273)
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	200,000	200,000	205,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Transfer to Wastewater Utility	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow	(29,233,749)	(2,693,392)	-	-	(31,056,894)	(22,711,473)	(82,050,214)	(5,498,300)	(23,982,202)	-
Issuance of debt	38,365,000	30,030,000	7,500,000	6,535,000	45,430,000	28,840,000	91,665,000	7,970,000	24,235,000	-
Premium (discount) on issuance of debt	157,908		90,084			100,368			388,790	
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,786,703	29,658,413	13,059,580	8,581,689	16,317,385	8,135,340	11,754,051	3,607,354	1,022,918	1,386,139
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,496,562)	\$ 17,078,107	\$ 6,963,161	\$ 1,262,362	\$ 16,482,394	\$ 3,579,086	\$ (2,139,774)	\$ 1,645,986	\$ (631,820)	\$ 3,857,610
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures (c)	26.5%	26.6%	27.0%	27.9%	26.6%	28.6%	28.5%	30.6%	30.1%	29.3%

a Increase in County Option Income Tax due to State correcting previously understated tax collections and distributions.

b The State of Indiana made a one-time special income tax distribution out of excess trust funds on hand. The City received approximately \$8.5 million from this special distribution.

c The amount of capital outlay used to calculate noncapital expenditures for this ratio is adjusted to exclude items costing less than the capitalization threshold as shown in the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balance.

Assessed Value and True Tax Value of Taxable Property

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	Real Property												
		Residential		Commercial		Industry		Other (3)	Total Real Property				
2020	\$	873,469,734	\$	402,033,434	\$	49,003,722	\$	5,314,504	1,329,821,395				
2019		785,354,561		378,926,384		43,307,998		4,828,082	1,212,417,025				
2018		717,686,252		365,898,910		38,434,757		4,167,234	1,126,187,153				
2017		665,022,538		327,719,537		35,354,933		4,806,204	1,032,903,212				
2016		622,590,325		320,440,274		31,553,243		4,333,143	978,916,985				
2015		586,811,497		304,508,025		28,926,527		4,518,637	924,764,686				
2014		548,297,686		305,579,010		28,510,678		4,016,320	886,403,694				
2013		527,158,290		309,009,681		27,785,329		4,010,176	867,963,476				
2012		523,665,894		310,967,771		27,020,979		4,022,320	865,676,964				
2011		519,476,575		316,341,707		24,909,933		3,353,651	864,081,866				

						To	otal	
	Pers	sonal Property	Total Real and Personal Property	Inc	Less Tax rement District	Assessed Value (1)	True Tax Value (2)	Total Direct Tax Rate
2020	\$	78,247,927	1,408,069,322	\$	282,823,110	1,125,246,212	3,375,738,635	1.1000
2019		77,460,904	1,289,877,929		261,086,766	1,028,791,163	3,086,373,488	1.0529
2018		72,201,210	1,198,388,363		250,868,092	947,520,271	2,842,560,814	1.0735
2017		68,078,265	1,100,981,477		213,528,482	887,452,995	2,662,358,984	1.1324
2016		63,705,453	1,042,622,438		203,026,566	839,595,872	2,518,787,617	1.1358
2015		58,002,032	982,766,718		190,542,296	792,224,422	2,376,673,264	1.2021
2014		55,589,937	941,993,631		154,313,353	787,680,278	2,363,040,834	1.2060
2013		53,836,760	921,800,236		151,020,477	770,779,759	2,312,339,276	1.1534
2012		53,115,341	918,792,305		152,789,786	766,002,519	2,298,007,557	1.1502
2011		63,449,760	927,531,626		175,867,017	751,664,609	2,254,993,827	1.0521

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office - Total Assessed and true tax values are those amounts that have been reported to and certified by the State each year.

⁽¹⁾ Property reassessments were effective in 2003.

⁽²⁾ True tax value is 3 times assessed value. Beginning in 2002, tax rates were based upon \$100 of true tax value. In prior years, the rate was per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽³⁾ Includes adjustments due to appeals as well as assessed values from property classes of agriculture, exempt, utility and other as defined by the County Auditor's office.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

		2020		2019	2018		2017			2016
City Direct Rates:										
Corporation General	\$	0.4490	\$	0.5421	\$	0.6018	\$	0.6846	\$	0.7422
MVH	Ψ	0.2550	Ψ	0.1814	Ψ	0.1970	Ψ	0.1313	Ψ	0.1024
Cumulative Cap Development		0.0477		0.0500		0.0432		0.0437		0.0442
Park		0.1037		0.1134		0.0805		0.0857		0.0729
Debt Service		-		-		0.0021		0.0045		0.0046
Lease Rental		0.0405		0.0437		0.0486		0.0513		0.0539
Fire Building Debt		0.0156		0.0170		0.0187		0.0203		0.0200
Thoroughfare Bond		0.0145		0.0159		0.0174		0.0187		0.0195
Cum Fire Special		0.0164		0.0164		0.0168		0.0170		0.0172
Corporate Bond #2		0.0399		0.0335		0.0275		0.0491		0.0307
S Corporate Bond #3		0.0843		-		_		_		-
Park Bond		0.0147		0.0190		_		_		-
Debt Payment		0.0187		0.0205		0.0199		0.0262		0.0282
Total City Direct Rate	\$	1.1000	\$	1.0529	\$	1.0735	\$	1.1324	\$	1.1358
Overlapping Rates:										
County Rate		0.2754		0.2791		0.2814		0.2814		0.2814
Solid Waste Rate		0.0030		0.0031		0.0032		0.0032		0.0032
Township Rates										
Noblesville		0.0071		0.0073		0.0076		0.0077		0.0078
Delaware		0.0238		0.0238		0.0241		0.0245		0.0243
Wayne		0.0363		0.0530		0.0147		0.0148		0.0144
Fall Creek		0.0036		0.0071		0.0036		0.0036		0.0038
Library Rates		0.0583		0.0601		0.0627		0.0647		0.0647
School Districts Rates										
Noblesville School Corporation		1.3763		1.4798		1.3136		1.3503		1.2882
Hamilton Southeastern School Corp		1.2521		1.2635		1.2739		1.2616		1.1342
Total Tax Rates for Taxing Distr	ricts	in the Ci	ty of	f Noblesv	ille:					
013 - Noblesville City	\$	2.8201	\$	2.8823	\$	2.7420	\$	2.8397	\$	2.7811 a
019 - Noblesville - Delaware - HSE	\$	2.7126	\$	2.6825	\$	2.7188	\$	2.7678	\$	2.6436 b
021 - Noblesville - Fall Creek	\$	2.6924	\$	2.6658	\$	2.6983	\$	2.7469	\$	2.6231 c
022 - Noblesville - Wayne	\$	2.7251	\$	2.7117	\$	2.7094	\$	2.7581	\$	2.6337 d

a Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Noblesville township, library and Noblesville school corp. rates.

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

b Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Delaware township, library and Hamilton Southeastern school corp. rates.

c Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Fall Creek township, library and Hamilton Southeastern school corp. rates.

d Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Wayne township, library and Hamilton Southeastern school corp. rates.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
City Direct Potes									
City Direct Rates:	0.5000		0 = 400		. = . = .		0 = 404		. =
Corporation General \$	0.7803	\$	0.7630	\$	0.7451	\$	0.7494	\$	0.7234
MVH	0.0919		0.0965		0.1081		0.0936		0.1019
Cumulative Cap Development	0.0463		0.0486		0.0294		0.0280		0.0299
Park	0.0752		0.0662		0.0675		0.0591		0.0598
Debt Service	0.0058		0.0059		0.0056		0.0070		0.0038
Lease Rental	0.0651		0.0723		0.0702		0.0869		0.0482
Fire Building Debt	0.0233		0.0288		0.0281		0.0345		0.0213
Thoroughfare Bond	0.0204		0.0268		0.0146		0.0321		0.0196
Cum Fire Special	0.0180		0.0189		0.0194		0.0185		0.0198
Corporate Bond #2	0.0441		0.0444		0.0471		-		-
Corporate Bond #3	-		-		-		-		-
Park Bond	-		-		-		-		-
Debt Payment	0.0317		0.0346		0.0183		0.0411		0.0244
Total City Direct Rate	1.2021	\$	1.2060	\$	1.1534	\$	1.1502	\$	1.0521
Overlapping Rates:									
County Rate	0.2926		0.3054		0.3074		0.2901		0.2769
Solid Waste Rate	0.0033		0.0033		0.0033		0.0032		0.0030
Township Rates									
Noblesville	0.0080		0.0079		0.0078		0.0076		0.0052
Delaware	0.0241		0.0232		0.0241		0.0224		0.0208
Wayne	0.0145		0.0153		0.0158		0.0161		0.0160
Fall Creek	0.0077		0.0047		0.0050		0.0079		0.0105
Library Rates	0.0677		0.0708		0.0702		0.0756		0.0615
School Districts Rates									
Noblesville School Corporation	1.4984		1.4250		1.4584		1.3502		1.3686
Hamilton Southeastern School Corp	1.1426		1.1501		1.1746		1.1376		1.1263
Total Tax Rates for Taxing Districts in	the City of	Nob	lesville:						
013 - Noblesville City \$	3.0721	\$	3.0184	\$	3.0005	\$	2.8769	\$	2.7673 a
019 - Noblesville - Delaware - HSE \$	2.7324	\$	2.7588	\$	2.7330	\$	2.6791	\$	2.5406 b
021 - Noblesville - Fall Creek \$	2.7160	\$	2.7403	\$	2.7139	\$	2.6646	\$	2.5303 c
022 - Noblesville - Wayne \$	2.7228	\$	2.7509	\$	2.7247	\$	2.6728	\$	2.5358 d

a Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Noblesville township, library and Noblesville school corp. rates.

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

b Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Delaware township, library and Hamilton Southeastern school corp. rates.

 $c\ Includes\ total\ city\ direct,\ state,\ county,\ solid\ waste,\ Fall\ Creek\ township,\ library\ and\ Hamilton\ Southeastern\ school\ corp.\ rates.$

d Includes total city direct, state, county, solid waste, Wayne township, library and Hamilton Southeastern school corp. rates.

Principal Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago

2011 This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ Percent of Total City Percent of Total City Assessed Value Rank Assessed Value * Assessed Value Rank Assessed Value * Taxpayer Hamilton Town Center LLC 22,529,827 2.00% \$ 21,126,033 2.81%SMC Corporation 1.98% 22,326,177 2 Prairie Lakes Apartments LLC 13,353,067 3 1.19% 7,068,833 0.94% Flats at 146th LLC 11,971,433 4 1.06% Millstone Partners LLC 0.91% 10,244,400 5 **Cumberland Point Apartments** 9,617,800 0.85% 6,354,933 0.85% 6 Autumn Breeze Apartment Homes LLC 7,022,967 8,736,700 7 0.78% 7 0.93% Rainier Stoney Creek LLC 7,286,767 8 0.65% Pedcor Property Acquisition LLC / Lions Creek Associates Ltd. 6,712,533 9 0.60% 11,357,967 2 1.51% Northlake Village Apartments 6,613,700 10 0.59% Inland Southeast Stoney Creek LLC/Inland Real Estate Corp./Inland Real Estate BSC LLC 0.98% 7,392,733 3 Riverview Hospital 7,127,477 0.95% 4 Meijer Stores LP 7,044,890 6 0.94%

5,553,133

4,751,900

84,800,866

10.61%

9

10

0.74%

0.63%

11.28%

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

MRP Northlake LLP

Rg Indiana LLC

Note-Total Assessed Value of the City of Noblesville is \$1,125,246,212 for 2020 and \$751,664,609 for 2011, According to the Hamilton County Auditor's office.

119,392,404

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Based on City's assessed values as reported on assessed value table.

Property Taxes Levied and Collected Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Total Colle	ctions
	Total Taxes Levied for the Current Fiscal Year		 on of Current Fiscal ear Tax Levy	% of Levy	ections of Prior Year Levies	Amount	% of Levy
			(A)		(B)	(C)	
2020	\$	31,426,585	\$ 29,345,666	93.38%	\$ 1,833,630	31,179,296	99.21%
2019		27,868,433	25,981,602	93.23%	1,983,107	27,964,709	100.35%
2018		27,260,151	25,019,435	91.78%	1,649,493	26,668,928	97.83%
2017		25,748,536	24,015,798	93.27%	1,787,504	25,803,302	100.21%
2016		25,011,973	23,253,951	92.97%	1,666,053	24,920,004	99.63%
2015		24,024,178	21,590,353	89.87%	1,812,366	23,402,719	97.41%
2014		24,024,254	21,402,447	89.09%	2,158,577	23,561,024	98.07%
2013		22,375,332	20,278,330	90.63%	1,819,649	22,097,979	98.76%
2012		22,203,527	21,399,097	96.38%	1,013,643	22,412,740	100.94%
2011		20,186,694	18,828,498	93.27%	799,275	19,627,773	97.23%

- (A) Amount represents collections of tax levy due in the reporting year.
- (B) Collections of prior year levies represents any collections for years prior to the reporting year. The data to segregate collections by year billed in unavailable.
- (C) Total collections in the reporting year is the total of taxes due and collected in reporting year and any delinquent taxes collected in reporting year.

Note: Hamilton County Auditor's Office system is not set-up to track collections by year levied. As of the end of 2020, total delinquent property tax due to the City for 2020 and all prior years was approximately \$1,833,630.

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

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CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Governmental Activities

				Propert	y Tax				Revenue Bonds							
	Buildi	ing Corporation Bonds	Red	development Bonds		y General gation Bonds	Pa	ark District Bonds	Lľ	Γ Bonds (2)	Appro	General priation Bonds	Т	ax Increment Bonds	Ca	pital Leases
2020	\$	13,445,000	\$	7,057,908	\$	4,735,000	\$	7,080,602	\$	2,170,000	\$	7,010,000	\$	143,757,345	\$	6,459,897
2019		15,775,000		3,090,000		3,000,000		7,400,342		2,905,000		7,010,000		155,189,557		6,236,336
2018		18,115,000		3,515,000				7,587,713		3,829,415				148,831,617		6,728,975
2017		20,455,000		3,935,000				-		4,627,473				159,433,677		3,906,962
2016		22,768,313		4,340,000				-		5,405,531				162,910,614		3,552,678
2015		24,385,818		4,735,000				-		6,168,589				155,762,527		3,461,345
2014		26,490,795		5,115,000				-		6,906,647				156,630,940		3,202,327
2013		27,577,577		5,570,000				-		7,719,656				149,265,752		2,383,216
2012		29,290,758		5,542,794				-		6,001,093				153,034,105		2,446,531
2011		30,940,820		5,834,910				-		6,580,694				157,574,307		3,171,999

					Busine	ess Activities				
	Tota	al Governmental Activities	Sewage Revenue Bonds		Caj	oital Leases	Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income ¹	Debt per Capita ¹
2020	\$	191,715,752	\$	50,948,778	\$	40,917	\$	242,705,447	4.77%	3,687
2019		200,606,235		40,015,535		59,591		240,681,361	4.98%	3,722
2018		188,607,720		42,642,873		-		231,250,593	5.10%	3,643
2017		192,358,112		45,465,196		52,330		237,875,638	5.80%	3,896
2016		198,977,136		38,652,519		103,278		237,732,933	6.22%	4,019
2015		194,513,279		40,889,842		152,880		235,556,001	6.31%	3,982
2014		198,345,709		41,954,716		201,171		240,501,596	7.36%	4,159
2013		192,516,201		43,912,941		-		236,429,142	7.47%	4,188
2012		196,315,281		40,144,358		-		236,459,639	8.26%	4,280
2011		204,102,730		41,439,047		-		245,541,777	9.29%	4,522

 $^{^{\}rm l}$ Population and personal income data can be found in the Demographics and Economic Schedule Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The debt capacity statistical tables have been revised for the years 2011 through 2014 to include premiums, discounts and similar adjustments. Information to restate earlier years was not available.

⁽²⁾ Formally COIT Bonds; various local income tax laws, including COIT, were consolidated into a uniform law and to transition each county from the "former taxes", including COIT, to a single tax governed by the Local Income Tax Statute ("LIT Statute"). The LIT Statute repealed the COIT Statute, effective January 1, 2017. Under the LIT Statute, any pledge of revenues received from a tax imposed under any of the provisions of the COIT Statute (prior to its repeal), the payment of debt service due on bonds is binding and enforceable and remains in full force and effect as long as the debt service remains unpaid.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Building Corporation Bonds	Rec	levelopment Bonds	ity General Obligation Bonds	Pa	ark District Bonds	 Total	 Restricted for acipal/Interest	Net	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value*	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita *
2020	\$ 13,445,000	\$	7,057,908	\$ 4,735,000	\$	7,080,602	\$ 32,318,510	\$ 3,427,462	\$	28,891,048	2.57%	439
2019	15,775,000		3,090,000	3,000,000		7,400,342	29,265,342	3,252,996		26,012,346	2.53%	402
2018	18,115,000		3,515,000	_		7,587,713	29,217,713	2,985,127		26,232,586	2.77%	413
2017	20,455,000		3,935,000	_		-	24,390,000	3,271,486		21,118,514	2.38%	346
2016	22,768,313		4,340,000	-		-	27,108,313	3,694,545		23,413,768	2.79%	396
2015	24,385,818		4,735,000	-		-	29,120,818	4,098,801		25,022,017	3.16%	423
2014	26,490,795		5,115,000	-		-	31,605,795	3,605,357		28,000,438	3.55%	484
2013	27,577,577		5,570,000	-		-	33,147,577	3,117,761		30,029,816	3.90%	532
2012	29,290,758		5,542,794	-		-	34,833,552	3,861,745		30,971,807	4.04%	561
2011	30,940,820		5,834,910	-		-	36,775,730	7,571,067		29,204,663	3.89%	538

^{*} The City's population can be found in the Demographics and Economics Schedule and the assessed value can be found on the Assessed Value Schedule.

Notes:

- 1) This schedule includes only debt repaid with property taxes. It excludes bonds payable from income taxes and tax increment financing bonds
- 2) The Building Corporation and Redevelopment bonded debt on this schedule which is outstanding at December 31, 2020 is not reflected on the computation of legal debt margin because it was issued as lease rental obligations which are exempt from the 2% limitation; however, the Park Districts Bonds are subject to the limit.
- Based on the assumptions described above, outstanding balances from the following bond issues included in the ratios above: \$2,360,000 2014 Building Corp. First Mortgage Refunding Bonds; \$6,185,000 2014B Building Corp. First Mortgage Refunding Bonds; \$4,900,000 2016 Building Corporation Refunding Mortgage Bonds.
- 4) The amount of debt service funds netted against outstanding debt represents cash restricted by ordinance for the repayment of the property tax paid bonds listed above.

Direct and Overlapping Debt At December 31, 2020

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Governmental Unit	Outstanding Debt	Percent Applicable to Noblesville	Amount Applicable to Noblesville		
Direct Debt: City of Noblesville	\$ 191,715,752	100.00%	\$ 191,715,752		
Overlapping Debt Paid with Property Taxes:					
Hamilton Southeastern School Corporation	263,140,000	5.35%	14,077,990		
Noblesville Schools	182,956,278	87.36%	159,830,604		
Noblesville Southeastern Public Library	29,750,000	30.62%	9,109,450		
Hamilton County	76,085,000	14.34%	10,910,589		
Wayne Township	1,896,500	60.86%	1,154,210		
Son Delaware Township	535,000	1.52%	8,132		
Other Overlapping Debt:					
Hamilton County Tax Increment Bonds	48,035,000	14.34%	6,888,219		
Hamilton County - County Option Income Tax	7,621,377	14.34%	1,092,905		
Hamilton County - Revenue Bonds	2,155,000	14.34%	309,027		
Subtotal Overlapping Debt	\$ 612,174,155		\$ 203,381,126		
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 395,096,878		

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed values. The percentages are calculated by deterring the portion of another governmental unit's assessed value that is within the City's corporate boundaries and dividing it by each unit total assessed value

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Legal Debt Margin December 31, 2020

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020

Assessed value	\$ 1,125,246,212
Debt Limit (2% of assessed value)	22,504,924
Debt applicable to limit (A)	16,525,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 5,979,924

		То	otal net debt		Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage
Debt Limit		app	licable to limit	Legal debt margin	of debt limit
\$	22,504,924	\$	16,525,000	5,979,924	73.43%
	20,575,823		15,680,000	4,895,823	76.21%
	18,950,405		13,515,000	5,435,405	71.32%
	17,749,060		7,665,000	10,084,060	43.19%
	16,791,917		8,215,000	8,576,917	48.92%
	15,844,488		5,110,000	10,734,488	32.25%
	15,753,606		3,560,000	12,193,606	22.60%
	15,415,595		3,970,000	11,445,595	25.75%
	15,320,050		4,365,000	10,955,050	28.49%
	15,033,292		4,745,000	10,288,292	31.56%
	\$	\$ 22,504,924 20,575,823 18,950,405 17,749,060 16,791,917 15,844,488 15,753,606 15,415,595 15,320,050	Debt Limit appl \$ 22,504,924 \$ 20,575,823 18,950,405 17,749,060 16,791,917 15,844,488 15,753,606 15,415,595 15,320,050	\$ 22,504,924 \$ 16,525,000 20,575,823	Debt Limit applicable to limit Legal debt margin \$ 22,504,924 \$ 16,525,000 5,979,924 20,575,823 15,680,000 4,895,823 18,950,405 13,515,000 5,435,405 17,749,060 7,665,000 10,084,060 16,791,917 8,215,000 8,576,917 15,844,488 5,110,000 10,734,488 15,753,606 3,560,000 12,193,606 15,415,595 3,970,000 11,445,595 15,320,050 4,365,000 10,955,050

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

(A) All other outstanding debt of the City is structured as lease transactions or tax increment district bonds. Neither of these types of obligations are subject to the 2% limitation shown above. Currently the only outstanding debt subject to the City's statutory debt limit are the Capital Project Short-Term General Obligation Bonds of 2020, 2019 LIT Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Taxable Economic Development Bonds, and the 2017 Taxable Economic Development Bonds. The Redevelopment Commission may also issue general obligation debt subject to its own 2% limit. As of 12/31/2020, the Commission had \$6,755,000 outstanding Redevelopment District Bonds subject to this debt limit. The Park District may also issue general obligation debt subject to its own 2% limit. As of 12/31/2020, the Park District had \$7,000,000 outstanding Park District Bonds subject to this debt limit.

Governmental Activities Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Local Income Tax (formerly County Option Income Tax) (3)

Tax Increment Bonds 1

		Debt Service								Debt Service					
	LIT Revenue		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage	Coverage Tax Increment		Principal		Interest		Coverage
2020	\$	23,768,339	(6)	\$	735,000	\$	48,729	30.33	\$	18,728,727	\$	10,640,000	\$	3,310,679	1.34
2019		22,182,644	(5)		885,000		92,955	22.68		17,825,787		10,975,000		4,443,325	1.16
2018		22,379,482	(4)		800,000		172,835	23.00		16,909,657		10,495,000		4,765,574	1.11
2017		18,165,865			780,000		193,929	18.65		15,520,721		10,170,000		4,756,544	1.04
2016		16,808,268			765,000		213,680	17.17		14,665,532		8,375,000		4,101,478	1.18
2015		16,034,385			740,000		232,339	16.49		14,590,928		6,850,000		3,315,240	1.44
2014		14,911,368			815,000		258,355	13.89		12,341,719		4,240,000		5,397,184	1.28
2013		13,941,052			750,000		273,368	13.62		11,383,937		3,785,000		5,567,548	1.22
2012		13,528,329			590,000		256,438	15.98		11,494,982		3,585,000		5,668,258	1.24
2011		12,636,365	(2)		415,000		252,312	18.94		13,763,302		3,090,000		6,091,768	1.50

Source: Pledged revenue data provided by the County Auditor is based upon actual annual COIT and Tax Increment distributions to the City.

- (1) The tax increment bonds have other back up security for debt service payments in the event tax increment is not sufficient. These include, depending on the bond, tax payer agreements, COIT and special benefits tax levies.
- (2) Includes \$1,507,611 of undistributed 2011 COIT distributions the State had mistakenly withheld and paid to the City in April of 2012.
- Various local income tax laws, including COIT, were consolidated into a uniform law and to transition each county from the "former taxes," including COIT, to a single tax governed by the LIT Statute. The LIT Statute repealed the COIT Statute, effective January 1, 2017. Under the LIT Statute, any pledge of revenues received from a tax imposed under any of the provisions of the COIT Statute (prior to its repeal), the payment of debt service due on bonds is binding and enforceable and remains in full force and effect as long as the debt service remains unpaid.
- (4) Includes a supplemental distribution in the amount of \$2,711,855 and a one-time distribution in the amount of \$148,962.
- (5) Includes a supplemental distribution in the amount of \$2,297,808.
- (6) Includes a supplemental distribution in the amount of \$2,074,182.

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CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

Business - Type Activities Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gross Revenue (1)		• 0			Revenue ilable for	Sewage Revenue Bond Debt Service Requirements							
					Debt Service		Principal			Interest			Total	Coverage
2020	\$	18,838,164	\$	11,298,212		7,539,952	\$	2,975,000		\$	1,316,553		4,291,553	1.76
2019		18,801,946		9,943,654		8,858,292		2,900,000			1,311,297		4,211,297	2.10
2018		17,077,952		9,765,004		7,312,948		2,877,330			1,132,693		4,010,023	1.82
2017		18,117,512		9,158,185		8,959,327		2,340,948			1,189,667		3,530,615	2.54
2016		14,696,541		6,470,493		8,226,048		2,289,602			1,245,199		3,534,801	2.33
2015		13,877,445		5,501,009		8,376,436		20,773,291	(4)		1,134,927		21,908,218	0.38
2014		11,974,247		5,714,967		6,259,280		2,033,750			1,695,625		3,729,375	1.68
2013		11,471,521		5,635,435		5,836,086		9,055,000	(3)		1,626,433		10,681,433	0.55
2012		10,418,556		4,720,032		5,698,524		1,285,000			1,882,563		3,167,563	1.80
2011		10,589,745		5,686,411		4,903,334		1,235,000			1,752,587		2,987,587	1.64

⁽¹⁾ Gross Revenues include sewage works operating and non-operating revenues.

⁽²⁾ Operating Expenses include all sewage works expenses except interest on debt, depreciation and amortization.

⁽³⁾ Includes \$7,710,000 refunding of the 2003 Bonds. Bond coverage excluding principal refunded was 1.96.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes \$18,860,000 refunding of the 2006 and 2007 Bonds. Bond coverage excluding principal refunded was 2.75.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

			Hamilton County (3)							
	Population (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)	Personal Income (millions of dollars) (4)	Per Capita Personal Income (4)		Population	Personal Income (millions of dollars)	P	r Capita ersonal ncome
2020	65,835	10,519	5.2%	5,086.6	\$	77,263	344,238	26,596.9	\$	77,263
2019	64,668	10,676	2.4%	4,831.8		74,717	338,011	25,255.2		74,717
2018	63,482	10,611	2.7%	4,531.2		71,377	330,086	23,560.5		71,377
2017	61,054	10,581	2.8%	4,102.3		67,191	323,747	21,752.9		67,191
2016	59,153	10,426	3.4%	3,824.5		64,654	316,373	20,454.8		64,654
2015	59,153	10,126	3.5%	3,735.0		63,141	309,697	19,554.6		63,141
2014	57,824	9,947	4.4%	3,267.9		56,515	302,623	17,102.7		56,515
2013	56,458	9,780	6.0%	3,164.5		56,051	296,693	16,629.9		56,051
2012	55,243	9,516	6.7%	2,862.9		51,824	289,495	15,002.8		51,824
2011	54,295	9,181	7.9%	2,643.7		48,692	276,452	13,461.0		48,692

Sources:

- 1) Estimated population for 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 & 2017 are from the Noblesville Planning Department. Population for 2011, 2019 & 2020 are U.S. Census Bureau estimates. Population for 2018 is from the Noblesville Annual Report.
- 2) State of Indiana, Department of Education for students attending Noblesville School Corporation schools.
- 3) State of Indiana, Department of Workforce Development (IDWD).
- 4) Personal income and per capita income statistics are not maintained by the State for municipalities. Personal income data is available through the Indiana Department of Workforce Development, however, the smallest unit of government for which this can be obtained is the county level. Hamilton County personal income and per capita income figures are for the prior calendar year. In order to provide personal income data for the required ratios outlined in GASB 44, we have used Hamilton County data, as displayed above, from the IDWD. We have assumed that the per capital personal income for the County is reasonably representative of Noblesville per capita personal income. Personal income for the City shown above is calculated using City population estimates times the County per capita personal income.

Principal Employers Current year and nine years ago

This part of the City of Noblesville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

		2020	(1)	2011				
			Percentage of			Percentage of		
			Total City	Total City				
<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employment *	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employment *		
Noblesville School Corporation	1,645	1	4.90%	1,018	2	4.57%		
Riverview Hospital (2)	1,291	2	3.84%	1,225	1	5.50%		
Hamilton County	1,087	3	3.24%	913	3	4.10%		
SMC Corporation of America	991	4	2.95%	647	4	2.91%		
City of Noblesville (2)	436	5	1.30%	373	6	1.68%		
Ambu, Inc. (formerly King Systems)	425	6	1.26%	480	5	2.16%		
Helmer Inc.	237	7	0.71%					
Ryan Fire Protection Services	200	8	0.60%					
CarDon & Associates	154	9	0.46%					
Riverwalk Village	140	10	0.42%	179	9	0.80%		
Gaylor, Inc				220	7	0.99%		
Industrial Dielectrics, Inc.				200	8	0.90%		
Perfecto Manufacturing, Inc.		,		178	10	0.80%		
Total	6,606	:	19.68%	5,433	: :	24.41%		

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

^{*} Total employment as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits. Total employment for 2020 and 2011 was 33,597 and 22,257 respectively.

⁽¹⁾ Data collected from the City of Noblesville Department of Economic Development. The Noblesville School Corporation, Hamilton County and City of Noblesville figures were reported from their Human Resources departments.

⁽²⁾ Includes full and part time employment

Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31, 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011											
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
General Government												
Board of Works	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Mayor	9	5	4	5	5	5	6	6	6	6		
Controller (Clerk-Treasurer)	10	10	7	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Planning	15	18	15	14	12	13	13	13	13	13		
Court	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Network Administrator	2	2	8	7	6	4	4	4	3	3		
Council	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7		
Human Resources	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2		
Economic Development	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	5	3		
Engineering	13	13	11	12	11	10	10	10	10	10		
Building/Maintenance	7	6	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Public Safety												
Police												
Officers	92	92	85	87	76	76	73	73	72	72		
Civilians	11	11	10	10	10	11	10	10	10	10		
Fire												
Firefighters and Officers	141	134	132	132	132	127	122	126	126	125		
Civilians	4	4	4	4	3	3	5	5	5	5		
Emergency Medical Services												
Communications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	19		
Highway and Streets	44	45	42	40	35	32	35	35	34	33		
Parks and Recreation	27	27	21	21	19	22	22	22	21	19		
Wastewater	35	37	39	39	36	33	33	33	35	35		
TOTAL	436	428	406	403	372	360	357	366	364	373		

Source: Year End Reports of City Departments. EMS Communication functions were assumed by the County in 2014.

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CITY OF NOBLESVILLE

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government					
Building Permits Issued:					
Residential (Single/Multi Families)	609	882	592	501	678
Commercial	60	77	65	73	57
Estimated Property Value of Building Permits Issued	\$ 283,464,400	\$ 274,947,955	\$ 267,312,665	\$ 227,121,005	\$ 215,503,338
Public Safety					
Police:					
Calls for Service	32,850	36,504	34,800	41,125 (2)	48,536
Physical Arrests	705	1,012	849	887	1,073
Citations Issued	1,149	2,187	2,029	2,181	1,596
Fire:					
Emergency Medical Responses	4,202	3,999	3,895	3,976	3,442
Fire Runs	2,140	2,145	1,914	1,765	2,142
Highway and Streets					
Total miles of public streets	301.84	298.27	289.62	266.08	260.08
Parks and recreation					
Golf Rounds Played	42,768	33,000	32,000	43,000	41,000
Number of reservations at Forest Park Inn	114	572	432	318	345
Wastewater					
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	6.351	6.710	6.320	6.417	5.786
Number of customers served	22,332	22,000	21,165	20,489	20,032

⁽¹⁾ Starting in 2012, reservations recorded are paid reservations.

⁽²⁾ In 2017, the police department upgraded its records management system; the decrease is primarily due to the fundamental differences in the software capabilities, as well as the unfamiliarity of the new system.

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Years
(continued)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government					
Building Permits issued:					
Residential (Single/Multi Families)	1,242	790	685	398	410
Commercial	28	23	14	12	12
Estimated Property Value of Building Permits issued	\$ 249,761,726	\$ 343,389,819	\$ 152,490,663	\$ 148,893,479 \$	129,969,200
Public Safety					
Police:					
Calls for Service	44,329	44,086	43,370	43,859	41,107
Physical arrests	1,160	1,079	1,178	1,501	1,399
Citations Issued	1,490	1,579	1,959	2,800	3,090
Fire:					
Emergency Medical responses	3,969	3,730	3,496	3,590	3,440
Fire Runs	1,323	1,257	1,077	1,204	1,273
Highway and Streets					
Total miles of public streets	255.6	248.13	247.52	246.9	242.8
Parks and recreation					
Golf Rounds Played	37,183	36,072	37,657	40,164	39,875
Number of reservations at Forest Park Inn	283	124	115	125 (1)	327
Wastewater					
Average daily sewage treatment (million of gallons)	5.974	5.684	5.699	4.896	4.930
Number of customers served	19,359	18,846	18,368	17,874	17,501

Source: Year End Reports of City Departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Public Safety										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Other public works										
Highways / Streets (miles)	301.84	298.27	289.62	266.08	260.08	255.60	248.13	247.52	246.90	242.80
Traffic signals	18	18	18	19	20	19	19	19	19	19
Street Lights	900	900	877	884	877	865	861	857	857	857
Parks and recreation										
Number of Parks	7	7	6	6	5	5	4	4	4	4
Acreage	876.73	876.73	876.73	872.59	872.59	872.59	864	858.86	852.36	833.7
Playgrounds	8	8	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
Baseball/softball diamonds	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Soccer/football fields	18	18	18	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Basketball Courts	6	6	4	4	12	12	12	12	12	12
Public Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Pool *	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	253.68	293.03	284.50	278.00	252.40	271.28	264.10	261.12	258.74	256.29
Storm sewers (miles)	296.30	248.27	235.20	225.80	215.60	214.20	205.36	204.14	197.65	193.18

^{*} Dillon Park opened a spray park in 2007

Source: Year End Reports of City Departments